

CANON OF JUDO

"Principle and Technique"

K. Mifune

SEIBUNDO SHINKOSHA





CANON OF JUDO

PRINCIPLE AND TECHNIQUE.

By Kyuzo Mifune, 10th Dan

Translated by K. Sugai



Tokyo • Japan

SEIBUNDO-SHINKOSHA PUBLISHING CO.

1958

P R E F A C E

With the reputation of Judo gradually enhanced in public estimation, we think it proper and natural that the understanding as to the value of what Judo really is should be deepened. That things are correctly understood and treated is no doubt a source of delight; the better are things the more will be delight.

Judo has hitherto been explained and introduced in many ways. But the war once plunged Japan in darkness. The country is now, however, regaining her dawn with the bright and limpid azure above, and Judo is being encouraged anew like the fresh air. Here Judo appears to be sprouting with a new meaning. Well, Judo embodies a life, and therefore it is developed.

Not only in Japan, but also in all the world Judo is now being desired. The reason why it is so universally supported and hoped for is ascribable to nothing but that Judo maintains in its bright movement concretely the basic condition of easy and free human activities. After all, the tricks and mysteries of Judo are acquired only by the above reason.

Trained and taught under Jigoro Kano, founder of Kodokan, I have been with Judo for the last 59 years. Despite being more than 70 years old, I do not yet retire from severe Judo practice with a vigorous and ever-fresh hope. Now, in compliance with the earnest request of Seibundo-Shinkosha Publishing Company, I wrote the full manuscripts for the present book from the motive of the above reason with new contrivances added to, expecting to contribute in the cause of the future development of Judo.

By the peace conference Japan has thus regained independence, but the world peace has not yet been enjoyed. The true peace mankind desires is to realize the world pure from evil thoughts and unreasonableness. Since Judo demonstrates truth free from unreasonableness, it is loved by the right-minded irrespective of nationalities.

The author.

Remarks:

The true tone and meaning of technical terms of Judo are beyond translation into any Western languages. So, tentative terms are prepared, when possible, as according to original wording with the nature of movement in practice explained in the book.

The Compiling Section.

Translated by **K. Sugni**

*Councillor in International Association of Japan,
Commissioner in charge in English document of
The Pacific Science Society*

P R E F A C E

With the reputation of Judo gradually enhanced in public estimation, we think it proper and natural that the understanding as to the value of what Judo really is should be deepened. That things are correctly understood and treated is no doubt a source of delight; the better are things the more will be delight.

Judo has hitherto been explained and introduced in many ways. But the war once plunged Japan in darkness. The country is now, however, regaining her dawn with the bright and limpid azure above, and Judo is being encouraged anew like the fresh air. Here Judo appears to be sprouting with a new meaning. Well, Judo embodies a life, and therefore it is developed.

Not only in Japan, but also in all the world Judo is now being desired. The reason why it is so universally supported and hoped for is ascribable to nothing but that Judo maintains in its bright movement concretely the basic condition of easy and free human activities. After all, the tricks and mysteries of Judo are acquired only by the above reason.

Trained and taught under Jigoro Kano, founder of Kodokan, I have been with Judo for the last 59 years. Despite being more than 70 years old, I do not yet retire from severe Judo practice with a vigorous and ever-fresh hope. Now, in compliance with the earnest request of Seibundo-Shinkosha Publishing Company, I wrote the full manuscript for the present book from the motive of the above reason with new contrivances added to, expecting to contribute in the cause of the future development of Judo.

By the peace conference Japan has thus regained independence, but the world peace has not yet been enjoyed. The true peace mankind desires is to realize the world pure from evil thoughts and unreasonableness. Since Judo demonstrates truth free from unreasonableness, it is loved by the right-minded irrespective of nationalities.

The author.

Remarks:

The true tone and meaning of technical terms of Judo are beyond translation into any Western languages. So, tentative terms are prepared, when possible, as according to original wording with the nature of movement in practice explained in the book.

The Compiling Section.

CANON OF JUDO

(PRINCIPLE AND TECHNIQUE)

CONTENTS

GENERAL REMARKS

MAINLY OF HISTORIC DEVELOPMENT

1. Historic development	19
2. Origination of technique and turning-point of principles	20
3. Founding of Kodokan	22

SPECIAL TREATISE

MAINLY AS TO INTERPRETATION OF MEANING

Chapter 1. Introductory Remarks	
Sec. 1. True meaning of Judo	23
Sec. 2. Two basic elements	25
Sec. 3. Key to requirement of Judo	26
Chapter 2. Three Basic Elements	
Sec. 1. Reason to be concurrent with nature	27
Sec. 2. Match in Judo	27
Sec. 3. Judo is impersonation of truth	28
Chapter 3. Mysteries of Judo Operation	
Sec. 1. General remarks	29
Sec. 2. Plus essential points	30
Sec. 3. Seven preparatory motions	31
Sec. 4. Trick	31

HINTS BEFORE TRAINING TRICKS

Chapter 1. Spirit in Saluting	
Sec. 1. Right way of saluting	36
Sec. 2. Six saluting	36
Sec. 3. Stand saluting	37
Chapter 2. Posture	
(Natural Posture)	
Sec. 1. Natural proper posture	37
Sec. 2. Right-side natural posture	37
Sec. 3. Left-side natural posture	37
(Self-defense Posture)	
Sec. 1. Self-defense proper posture	38
Sec. 2. Right-side self-defense posture	38
Sec. 3. Left-side self-defense posture	38
Chapter 3. Preparatory and Final Training	
Body protection—How to practice	41
Chapter 4. Meaning of Posture Breaking	
Sec. 1. Way of breaking and preparatory motion	43
Sec. 2. Practical training of breaking posture	43
Chapter 5. Meaning of Free-play Training	45
Chapter 6. Meaning of Form	45
Chapter 7. Factor in Mastery	45
Chapter 8. 'Tsuburi' and 'Kake'	45
Chapter 9. Chance and Way to Apply Technique	45
Chapter 10. Theory of Game	46

FIVE PRINCIPLES

THE FIRST PRINCIPLE

1. <i>Dashibarai</i> (Advanced foot sweeping)	48
2. <i>Hikaguruma</i> (Knee-wheeling)	50
3. <i>Ukiguchi</i> (Waist floating)	51
4. <i>Suzakurikomashi</i>	52
5. <i>Osotaguri</i> (Major exterior reaping)	54
6. <i>Tsuriguchi</i> (Waist hanging)	56
7. <i>Tsureushi</i> (Body falling)	58
8. <i>Tsurikomigushi</i>	60

THE SECOND PRINCIPLE

9. <i>Kouchiguri</i> (Minor interior reaping)	63
10. <i>Kochiguruma</i> (Waist wheeling)	65
11. <i>Kosotaguri</i> (Minor exterior reaping)	66
12. <i>Ogoshi</i> (Major wind)	68
13. <i>Seonage</i> (Over-shoulder throwing)	69
14. <i>Ouchiguri</i> (Major interior reaping)	72
15. <i>Kosotaguchi</i> (Minor exterior ungling)	74
16. <i>Haraigoshi</i> (Waist pushing-away)	76

THE THIRD PRINCIPLE

17. <i>Uchimata</i> (Interior high)	78
18. <i>Hategashi</i> (Waist pushing-up)	80
19. <i>Hatemahigashi</i> (Waist pushing-up and culling)	82
20. <i>Hara-tsurikomashi</i> (Foot sweeping and despoiling)	83
21. <i>Tsumenage</i> (Huge-omata-shape throwing)	84
22. <i>Sokunage</i> (Scoop throwing)	86
23. <i>Ashiguruma</i> (Foot wheeling)	88
24. <i>Ushiragoshi</i> (Rear waist)	90

THE FOURTH PRINCIPLE

25. <i>Yokoguruma</i> (Side wheeling)	92
26. <i>Osotaguruma</i> (Major exterior wheeling)	94
27. <i>Uhinashi</i> (Flair dropping)	96
28. <i>Utsushiguchi</i> (Waist removing)	97
29. <i>Ukumaru</i> (Floating trick)	98
30. <i>Taninashi</i> (Dale dropping)	100
31. <i>Yoko-utushi</i> (Side dropping)	101
32. <i>Yokoguchi</i> (Side hooking)	102

THE FIFTH PRINCIPLE

33. <i>Uramae</i> (Back throwing)	104
34. <i>Suma-utushi</i> (Corner dropping)	107
35. <i>Yakemawari</i> (Side parting)	109
36. <i>Ōguruma</i> (Big wheeling)	111
37. <i>Okuri-ushibarai</i> (Sending foot sweeping)	113
38. <i>Sumigoshi</i> (Corner unbling)	116
39. <i>Kataguruma</i> (Shoulder wheeling)	117
40. <i>Sotomukikomu</i> (Exterior rolling-in)	120

KATAME-WAZA

41. <i>Hon-kesagatame</i>	124
42. <i>Kuzushi-kesagatame</i>	124
43. <i>Ushiro-kesagatame</i>	126
44. <i>Ura-kesagatame</i>	127
45. <i>Katakatame</i>	127

46.	<i>Kami-shihōgatame</i>	128
47.	<i>Kusshi-kami-shihōgatame</i>	128
48.	<i>Yoku-shihōgatame</i>	129
49.	<i>Uragatame</i>	130
50.	<i>Tate-shihōgatame</i>	131
51.	<i>Kazuriki-tate-shihōgatame</i>	132

SHIME (Wringing)

52.	<i>Jūji-shime</i> (Cram wringing)	134
53.	<i>Hinokajime</i> (Nude wringing)	136
54.	<i>Katashime</i>	137
55.	<i>Ryōtejime</i> (Both hand wringing)	138
56.	<i>Sodeguruma</i> (Sleeve wheeling)	138
57.	<i>Tsukinujime</i> (Throat wringing)	139
58.	<i>Katashime</i> (One hand wringing)	139
59.	<i>Tsumurajime</i> (Straw-bug wringing)	140
60.	<i>Hissamijime</i> (Jumping-in wringing)	141
61.	<i>Okurieri-jime</i> (Lap-sending wringing)	141
62.	Various relations to <i>Katama-uzae</i>	144

INVERSE TRICKS

63.	<i>Uchi-hishiji</i> (Arm enclosing)	154
64.	<i>Udekikiri</i> (Arm breaking)	156
65.	<i>Ashi-hishiji</i> (Foot enclosing)	164
66.	<i>Asidikikiri</i> (Foot breaking)	165
67.	<i>Nemura</i> (Lying trick)	168

URA WAZA (Reverse trick)

Definition of <i>Ura-waza</i>	178
Defence, repulsion and variation	179
68. <i>Ashihara</i>	179
69. <i>Kamitegake</i>	180
70. <i>Henguruma</i>	181
71. <i>Sama-tsurihomi-ashi</i>	182
72. <i>Kouchigari</i>	183
73. <i>Omigari</i>	184
74. <i>Uchimata</i>	185
75. <i>Ukiashi</i>	187
76. <i>Omigari</i>	188
77. <i>Ososhi</i>	189
78. <i>Yuko-otoshi</i>	190
79. <i>Harai-tsurihomi-ashi</i>	191
80. <i>Sotewari</i>	191
81. <i>Kushigerumai</i>	193
82. <i>Harigoshi</i>	193
83. <i>Taotoshi</i>	195
84. <i>Tsumenage</i>	196
85. <i>Ukiashi</i>	196
86. <i>Tsumenageashi</i>	197
87. <i>Sagomakibami</i>	197
88. <i>Hancushi</i>	198
89. <i>Ushirogoshi</i>	199
90. <i>Oguruma</i>	200
91. <i>Ukiwaza</i>	200

92.	Katagurumu	90
93.	Tsurugashi	90
94.	Obuwashi and Sukunaga	90
95.	Sauurashi	90
96.	Yamashashi	90
97.	aka muretaguri	90
98.	Oyoto-atashi	90
99.	tsukusufumi	90
00.	Tsurikomigashu	90
01.	Seru-vulation	90

REFERENCE TECHNIQUE

102.	Kakutagurashi	90
103.	Muraguri	90
104.	Suunashi	90
105.	aka muretaguri	90
106.	Kakutagurashi	90
107.	Kakutagurashi	90
108.	tsukusufumi	90
109.	tsukusufumi	90
110.	tsukusufumi	90
111.	tsukusufumi	90
112.	tsukusufumi	90
113.	tsukusufumi	90
114.	tsukusufumi	90
115.	tsukusufumi	90
116.	tsukusufumi	90
117.	tsukusufumi	90
118.	tsukusufumi	90
119.	tsukusufumi	90
120.	tsukusufumi	90
121.	tsukusufumi	90
122.	tsukusufumi	90
123.	tsukusufumi	90
124.	tsukusufumi	90
125.	tsukusufumi	90
126.	tsukusufumi	90
127.	tsukusufumi	90
128.	tsukusufumi	90
129.	tsukusufumi	90
130.	tsukusufumi	90
131.	tsukusufumi	90
132.	tsukusufumi	90
133.	tsukusufumi	90
134.	tsukusufumi	90
135.	tsukusufumi	90
136.	tsukusufumi	90
137.	tsukusufumi	90
138.	tsukusufumi	90
139.	tsukusufumi	90
140.	tsukusufumi	90
141.	tsukusufumi	90
142.	tsukusufumi	90
143.	tsukusufumi	90
144.	tsukusufumi	90
145.	tsukusufumi	90
146.	tsukusufumi	90
147.	tsukusufumi	90
148.	tsukusufumi	90
149.	tsukusufumi	90
150.	tsukusufumi	90
151.	tsukusufumi	90
152.	tsukusufumi	90
153.	tsukusufumi	90
154.	tsukusufumi	90
155.	tsukusufumi	90
156.	tsukusufumi	90
157.	tsukusufumi	90
158.	tsukusufumi	90
159.	tsukusufumi	90
160.	tsukusufumi	90
161.	tsukusufumi	90
162.	tsukusufumi	90
163.	tsukusufumi	90
164.	tsukusufumi	90
165.	tsukusufumi	90
166.	tsukusufumi	90
167.	tsukusufumi	90
168.	tsukusufumi	90
169.	tsukusufumi	90
170.	tsukusufumi	90
171.	tsukusufumi	90
172.	tsukusufumi	90
173.	tsukusufumi	90
174.	tsukusufumi	90
175.	tsukusufumi	90
176.	tsukusufumi	90
177.	tsukusufumi	90
178.	tsukusufumi	90
179.	tsukusufumi	90
180.	tsukusufumi	90
181.	tsukusufumi	90
182.	tsukusufumi	90
183.	tsukusufumi	90
184.	tsukusufumi	90
185.	tsukusufumi	90
186.	tsukusufumi	90
187.	tsukusufumi	90
188.	tsukusufumi	90
189.	tsukusufumi	90
190.	tsukusufumi	90
191.	tsukusufumi	90
192.	tsukusufumi	90
193.	tsukusufumi	90
194.	tsukusufumi	90
195.	tsukusufumi	90
196.	tsukusufumi	90
197.	tsukusufumi	90
198.	tsukusufumi	90
199.	tsukusufumi	90
200.	tsukusufumi	90

15 REVERSE FORMS OF TROWIN TRICK

191.	Trowin and Trick	91
192.	Trowin and Trick	91
193.	Trowin and Trick	91

GENERAL RESUSCITATION

194.	Breath Resuscitation	91
195.	Testicle Resuscitation	91
196.	Unwound-body Resuscitation	91

The end.



Author in celebration of his 70th birthday



Decisive mon



Decisive moment of *Yoko-otoshi*



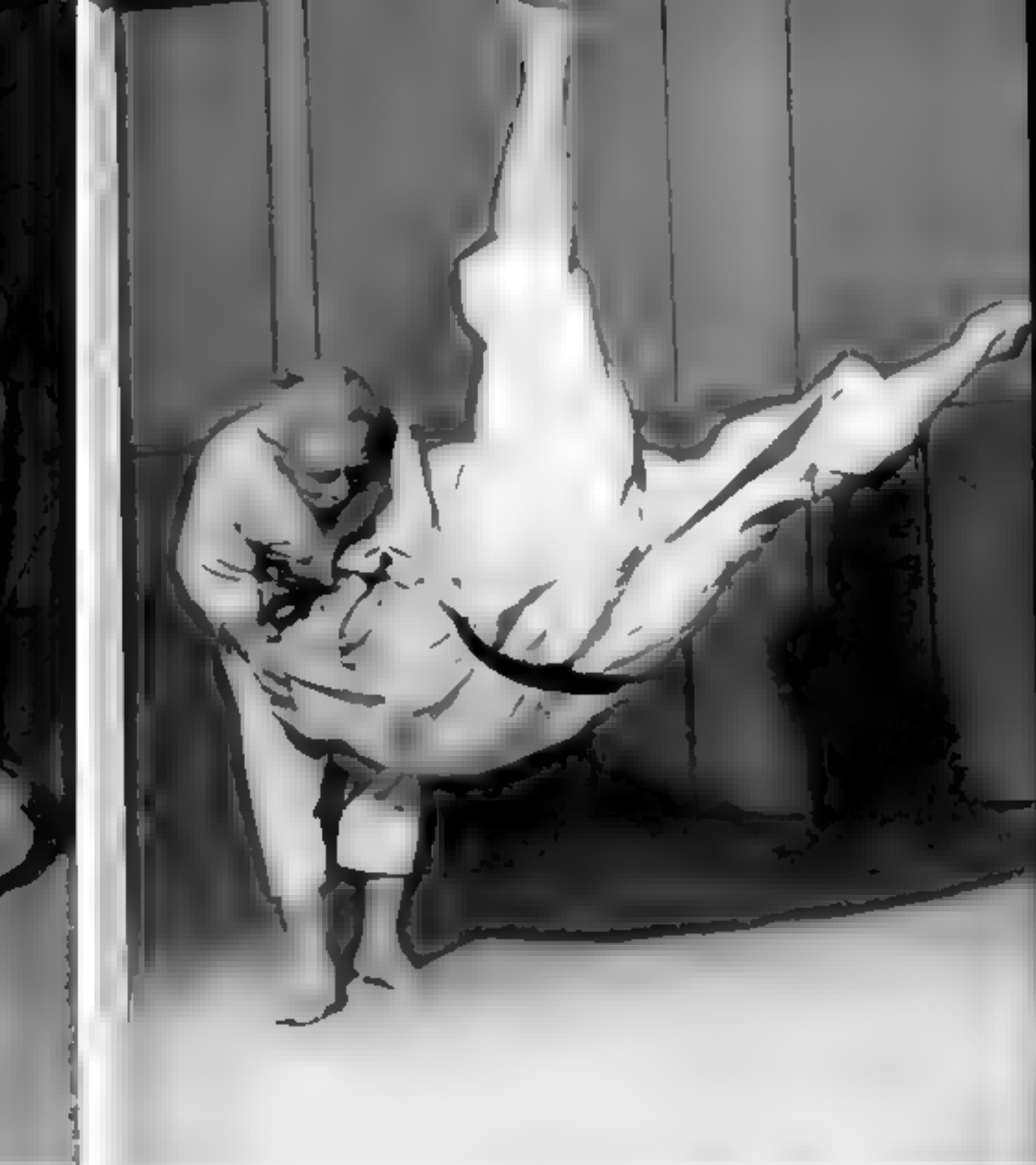
The very moment when *Samotashi* was dead



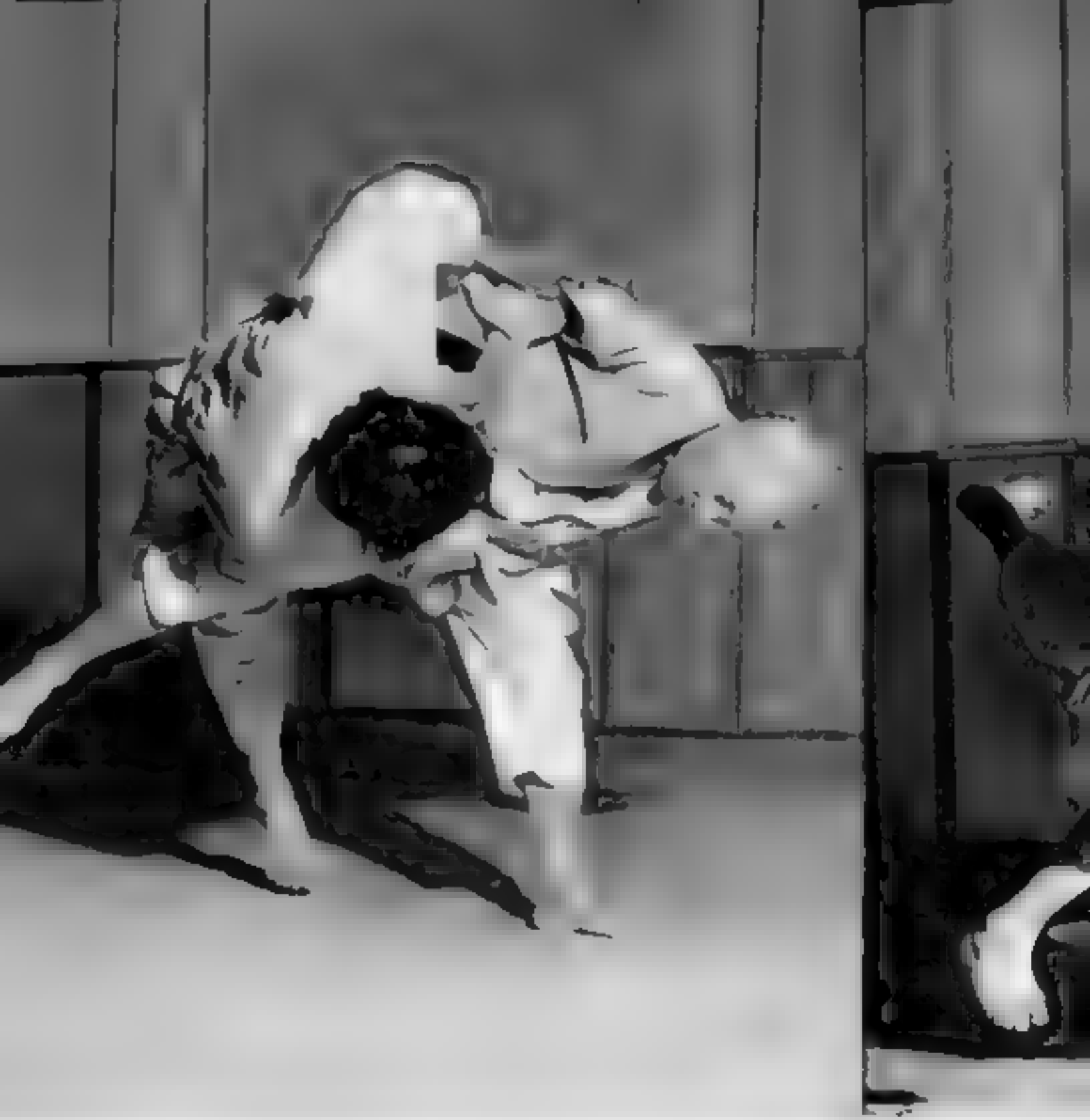
Decisive moment of *Sumiotoshi*



Moment right before entering the left *Tomoenage*



Ka aguruma



Decisive moment of *Oguruma*.



guruma.

The very moment when *Oguruma* was dealt

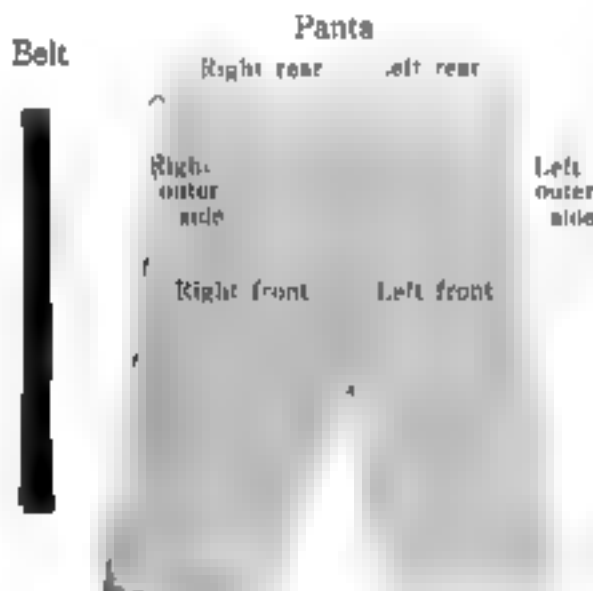
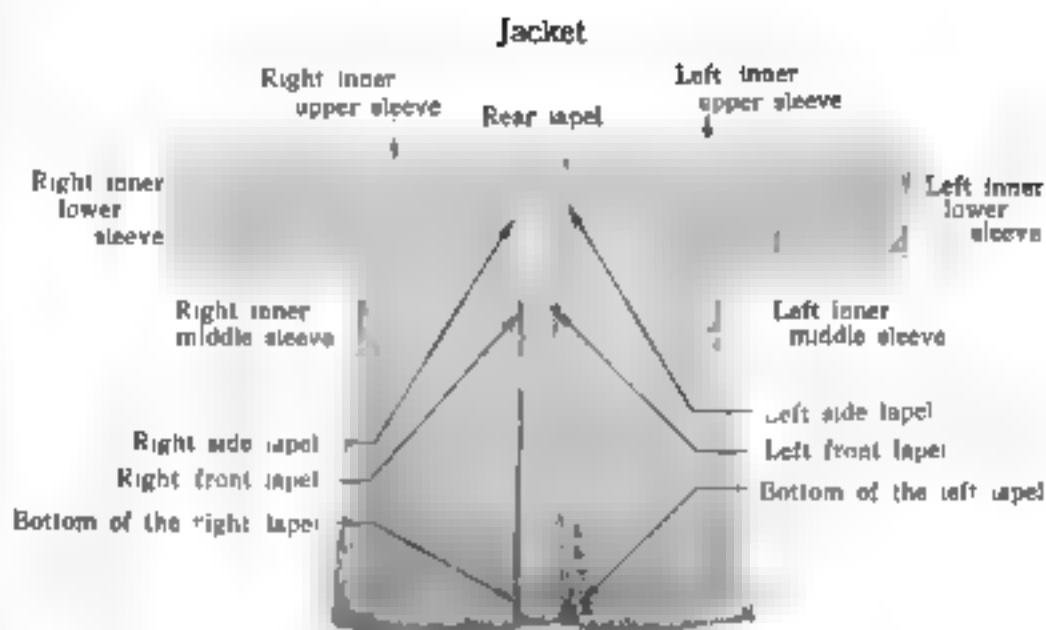


Tamaguruma with left knee erected.



ted.

Tamaguruma with right knee erected



Classification of grade by the coloring of belt

Junior Division	
Above 3rd kyu grades	Violet
1st to 3rd kyu grades	White
Beginners	
	Light Blue
Senior Division	
4th and 5th kyu grades	White
From 3rd kyu grade to 1st kyu grade	Brown
From 1st dan grade to 5th dan grade	Black
From 6th dan grade to 9th dan grade	Red and white
10th and 11th dan grades	Red

Judo training is attained only by the endurance, perseverance and modestness and physical exercise. Judo is a kind of pure and the excellent technique of the personality of the setter does not become a dream. One of the aims and has the own perfection is a attitude that it is understood that the sportsman of Judo can be possible in company with its physical training.

Also, belief in the truth of Judo could be considered as important in religious aspect and the appearance of Judo spirit for our society may prove quite advantageous.

The training Judo is unique produces so many physical benefits and free movement of our mind may also make them are for the training and high physical growth. And Judo gives the trainee both physical and spiritual culture.

Sec. 3. Key to Acquisition of Judo

There must be a difference between Judo and Judo not only in word but also in action. The term Judo has been employed since many years ago together with Kendo, tea, archery, sumo, spirit exercises and kendo, etc. As Judo means "way of gentleness" this word meant respect only the study how to deal the opponent or how to deal the opponent too has a meaning. For example, of the sense and action of Judo. These studies are seen during the Judo practice when in the arts, even and and Judo, for there were many branches originated.

As the Judo is a kind of art and trick is one of the most important matters and the same is rightly approached. And in the modern sports there is no one who is by sportsman, but Judo is evolved by Judo by Muro Kan'zo and so on, which makes the advancement.

Judo studies which is Judo is not has other sense of Judo, and Judo starting with the spirit of Judo is not should denigrate the nature of Judo spirit and culture. It is applicable to every day life.

The nature of the Judo is not only the proper for Judo should be and where are the move. If he is not and acts against the principles of Judo in his own way he is going to act in tricks, he will violate the ethical sense of Judo and consequently will suffer the fruit of his wrong.

It is a mistake to consider Judo as an action of force and training of foot or trick. Externally it may appear a physical fight between two, but in reality it is a action to a every moment of the principles of truth doctrine brought about by physical laws created by spiritual exertion and management of mind and strength. So more winning by a act of physical strength or trick is not a Judo, it is a stage of Judo.

Judo will be developed slowly and there cannot be any limit whatever for the perfection of any feat. Among the trainees there are often men those who wishing to accomplish their favorite tricks, are involved deeply in doing their best or spend in training but such are like finishing the human life at a point, the trainer should master slowly and steadily the principle and feat of Judo as a whole.

On the other hand, the trainee being afraid of the opponent's

[illegible]

Chapter 2. Three Fundamental Elements

Sec. I Reason to be Concurrent with Nature

The true function of law is to show justice through reason and not to set on foot a legal system where reason is more or less and

A 100th anniversary celebration will mark the 100th anniversary of the founding of the United States. The celebration will be held in the form of a series of events, including a parade, a concert, and a fireworks display. The celebration will be held in the form of a series of events, including a parade, a concert, and a fireworks display.

[illegible]

The χ^2 test for the null hypothesis that the two distributions are identical is $\chi^2 = 1.1$ with 1 degree of freedom. The p -value is 0.29. This indicates that there is no significant difference between the two distributions.

If in this respect I perhaps do a bit better, all must be the result of my self-discipline, for I have no other source of the energy I have used to get there. Even the most severe trial I have to undergo has been the one which has made me more determined to go on and on.

[illegible]

such a low rightous way and a by no means a means of more
lighting. This is a fact he turning point from August 10 and
on it is the enlightenment. June. The very essence to June is to
depend upon Heaven's will.

Sec. 2. Match vs Judo

In due month the participant should receive a serious reward and his seriousness should be that of facing death or the loss of his own man without saving and mercy. Bushi, the greatest *Hogan* is seventeen.

even he never met this "old" warrior, years ago at the time of his death in a bloody country-side inn where during the night he was surrounded by his assailers. During his last leave a farewell verse. Then he told them that each verse he had composed through life could be considered an farewell verse, no new or special farewell-verse was particularly necessary. This simple attitude which he knew how he was serious enough to write verses. In Judō, which for this sort of attitude ought to be associated by the public point. Of course this does not mean that the art is pure, strong, or really "die" in despair, let out they who are only do cheerless ways and in that manner, the result of the match.

As mentioned above, Judō is a technique through reason, it is being shown by the art of judo. Then the match is passed to what two are in a satisfactory condition, the idea of death is not a death, no idea of a person's idea, an idea of a person's facing death, or resistance, and by a technique match. Therefore, one of the definitions of Judō is a clearly stated the technique should do has most and if there were any, it is looking for a mental attitude or strength, it would be a weakness, it is of a person's. The result of a person's his weak point, and it is a person's, why he is not strong, it is not a person's, and elevate his mental requirement.

Sec. 3. Judō is Impersonation of Truth

In examining an opponent, we say, "then, please, don't you start a move, in Judō, you have a very good chance." Judō shows free men, it is a technique by getting the opponent's capacity by physical and mental, which can be a danger, a person of emergency, it is a person's, and get a person's danger, a person's, with the requirement of time and place given.

In judo, rather than a person's, taking a advantage of his opponent's strength, the opponent's, one's, exertion, a person's, of the opponent's strength, without necessarily, a person's, to him, it is a person's. This is the best use of the energy, a person's, it is possible to defeat the strongest with the weakest physical power, magnitude.

The wood, cemented and pressed, it is a person's, rock, man, slowly and gently grow up, and with the fresh air, a person's, and sympathetic rain. On the other hand, the rock is often broken through exposure to nature and weathering. Life is a person's, power, grow in a person's, that can be considered as having a person's, a person's, with human life. At the same time, tenderness has a person's, stronger power, against stiffness or hardening due to extreme strain.

It is the strong and strong, and a weak, weak. However, the strong, when they get so, it is a person's, to use quick motion and precision of application of strength, causing the effect of gravity of the body, and easily be communicated, easily thrown down. This proves that the degree of power does not always determine victory and defeat, but it is the satisfactory motion, consistent with the law, and law, and law, and law, and law, that shows "life power" ever developing.

"Gentle" is a person's, and a person's, of strength and energy, are the gist of Judō, it is a person's, suggestion of "Kodōkan" Judō. It is a person's,

"In and Yo" or "Negative and Positive" etc. These mental features seemingly employed act in the high mutual reaction and mutual intercourse, and unbalance due to preponderance will give rise to instability in action.

In a match, if a contestant thinks of some technique to try, and his opponent has been detected by the latter and will cause him failure. This is because his idea is fixed on one point, which hinders his freedom. To reach the opponent's mind susceptible to this case, a player should catch opportunity for an action, and should obtain the result not to be repentant.

Remembering that a egotistic mentality is a lower level, and since and exercises are kept by the above, awakening to the life of nature will afford you the basis of such action, and that will be Judo secret. Thus, you will understand the path bringing up and developing greater life dominating the universe in accordance with this.

Sec. 2. Five Essential Points

Explanation of the theory and quality of Judo has so far been given, and such as are explained by practical tricks and such points can not be properly displayed. These related with spirit and action, feints. The essence is epitomized as follows:

Essential Principles of Judo Tricks

Phable action of mind and physique surpass stiffness and sturdiness.

Quotation. In Chapter Section of the text "True spirit of Judo is nothing but the gentle and elegant free spirit which we expect to find in the character of the Japanese people. Very free spirit is entirely different from recklessness, self-conceit or selfishness, and it must be accompanied by truth and subserve to unreasonable strictness."

Explanation. As explained here and there, the gist of Judo is not of physical action, but of the mind. The word "gentle", however, never means weakness, something like free broad-mindedness or accessibility, which is akin to the true meaning. The gist of Judo is to find the right character of the man, of the ever growing nature and to personify true freedom of thought or action.

2. To display best vitality in the worst plight.

Quotation. In Chapter 2 and Section 3 is quoted "Special characteristic of Judo, having freedom originated in free and phable mental and physical condition will easily change an emergency and let you go ahead or work according to time and circumstance. Thus can do a variety of feints for evading emergency."

Explanation. A danger is apt to be engendered unforeseenly, and in such a case the worst might will show itself. Judo should present its most substantial meaning in case of such. Judo specially is in the worst situation, detecting the opponent's guarded point quickly, or changing your own point, at a time to enable the opponent to attack, and easily oppress him instead.

a fighter should do his utmost and nothing else. The above-mentioned is explained as under seven points.

1. No falsehood in mind.

Falsehood is you will give the opponent an attacking chance. As fast as to be decided in an instant action should be exact and precise, and admits of no margin.

2. Don't lose self-confidence.

In fact, this is the other phase of the Point 1. A chance to try your trick is in an instant never to be regretted. So by the thoughtless action

3. Adjust your posture

The posture in Judo might be one very natural, as camouflage or after action should be my idea. Essence of life is in truth. Nature is ever unchangeable because earth is immovable, and if a man can find himself in it, he is able to act most freely.

4. Be swift

The center of gravity is lower the more rest of body as the center of gravity is the most important center of keeping sound. As if the center of gravity is lost, the body is in a very unbalanced. So always fix your mind upon the center of gravity and move quickly when needed, fixing the center of gravity so naturally as to be very difficult to shake in the opponent.

5. Use up your strength infinitely

The joint use of unbroken strength with the quick movement of body should always be tried. If we ever shut off at a certain thing, we must reach the end of it. The term "infinity" is known as a goal and what is called infinity is not in a continuous or continuous, a nothing but the unbroken sequence of events where path is. In such an action you must supply infinite energy of life.

6. Don't discontinue training.

The foregoing way of training cannot be accomplished in a short time. Since facts are to be mastered by kind of effort in holding, and training should not be neglected. Doing up what you comprehend can be the first step for your advance with a bright hope, you will be able to go along with fresh and eternal life.

7. Culture yourself.

To attack the thought of your own self is only to find a boundary around you and you will lose freedom. If you can efface yourself in face of an event, you will surely be able to judge and understand truth, and in a match you can detect the weak point of the opponent and easily put him under control. Though the above-mentioned may seem a vague reasoning yet when you appreciate this idea it is the end of the first stage of your culture and at the same time it is the starting point from which endless development will be possible.

Sec 4. Trick

This section treats the essential of judo technique and the feints themselves are mannerly will be concretely be explained later.

1. Movement of Body

Movement of body here means the basic movement of body which forms the standing of judo and well-balanced movement and it should be learned and acquired in the training and the teacher should be especially careful to teach how to move the body lightly and swiftly and how to utilize it when needed.

The various ways of motion were not particularly contrived but are forms of feet restless as they seem to move in order that it is a common sense that subtle meaning exists.

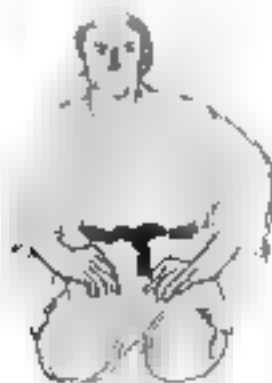
The movement of body suggested here does not imply the form of feet and it will grow to be a sense of essence as to shift immediately.

2. Adaptability

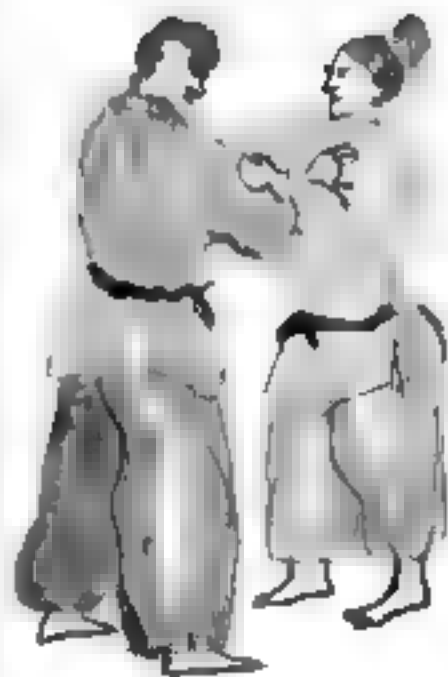
Adaptability means the feet must properly turned when suddenly approaches you and your mind is aware of the change and when the mind shifts you will surely be defeated.

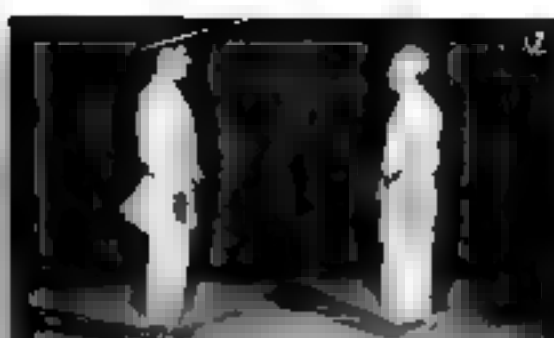
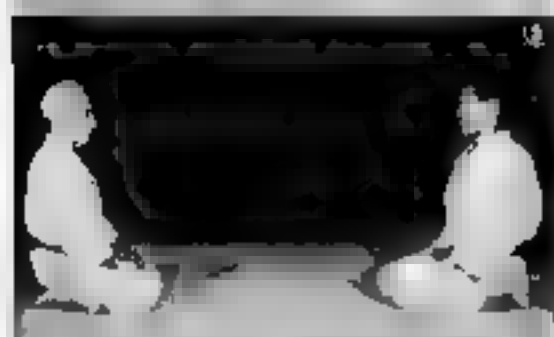
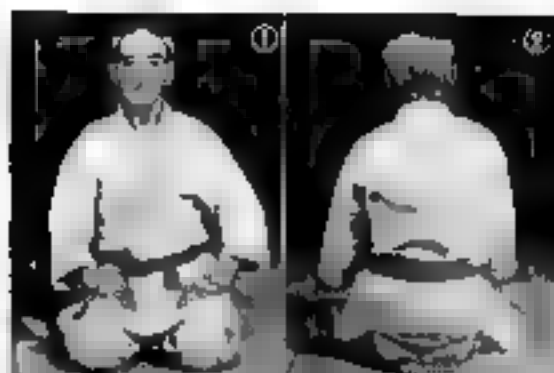
Facing an opponent you should always stand in his front however this does not mean have exposure of yourself to his attack but you should not expose your back to his attack in place of yourself in a safe position. When you change of course be very quick or this cannot be performed. As soon as you change your position and be regarded point due to your change of pose and you will perform your feet to go out from. This is the art of returning.

Movement of body and adaptation show themselves in a variety of ways in both defense and attack and in change of position and advance. The two can be considered as one and in fact this is common to secret feints of Judo.



HINTS BEFORE TRAINING TRICKS





Chapter 1 Spirit in Saluting

Saluting is to show respect and love and respect. It is a good manner that can help people live more social living with a higher order.

Adding atmosphere to happiness in life, training facts and techniques, and starting and ending with salutation.

There are two kinds of salutation: one is a salute and the other is a bowing.

Section 1 Right Way of Sitting

The right way of sitting down is explained.

As illustrated in Fig. 2, the big toes are put together almost, using one foot upon the other and the square of the buttocks is between the knees. The body is kept upright with both hands placed lightly on the thighs and then face to face each other. In this posture, strong blood circulation is concentrated on the lower abdomen and the joints just start to move a little for generating light action physically.

Section 2 Sitz Saluting

With the above posture in mind as shown in Figs. 5 and 6, both hands are at front ends of knees, joints make some motion and

finger-tips lowering slightly inside, this is the right way. But in *shit* *sa-tuckon* shifting from standing posture, space between you and the opponent is about one meter and a half. In natural and right posture put your knees caps on the mat, one by one so that your knees feel the heels of feet and toes upright with big toes folding together. Then bend down the upper half of body with the hands set on the mat like Figs. 3 and 4.

Section 3. Stand Saluting

Stand saluting is shown in the Figs. 7 and 8, (space about 2 meters) watching your opponent's eyes and bending upper half of body (within about 30 degrees), with natural posture.

*Refer to the following article of natural posture.



Chapter 2. Posture

Postures are classified into natural posture (*Shizen-tai*) and self-defense posture (*Jigotai*), which are subdivided as follows.

Natural Posture (<i>Shizen-tai</i>)	Natural Proper Posture (<i>Shizen Hontai</i>)
	Right-side Natural Posture (<i>Migi Shizen-tai</i>)
	Left-side Natural Posture (<i>Hidari Shizen-tai</i>)
Self-defense Posture (<i>Jigotai</i>)	Funayamashi Self-defense Posture (<i>Jigo Hontai</i>)
	Right-side Self-defense Posture (<i>Migi Jigotai</i>)
	Left-side Self-defense Posture (<i>Hidari Jigotai</i>)

Natural Posture

Section 1. Natural Proper-Posture

(*Shizen Hontai*)

Natural and proper posture is the most fundamental and important and moreover as shown in Fig. (1), it is a reasonable and easy posture which is a natural expression of human body.

In details this explains the feet are apart, shoulders and joints of knees and waist not stiffened. In this posture your mind is free from anything and you are ready to vary your position freely and from this posture stem out many kinds of posture.

Section 2. Right-side Natural Posture

(*Migi Shizen-tai*)

Right-side natural posture is to stand as shown in Fig. (2) with right foot a step forward or left foot a step backward and balance your weight bending the body a little backward. In this posture, you grip an opponent's middle part of right sleeve with the left hand and his left leg with the right.

Section 3. Left-side Natural Posture

(*Hidari Shizen-tai*)

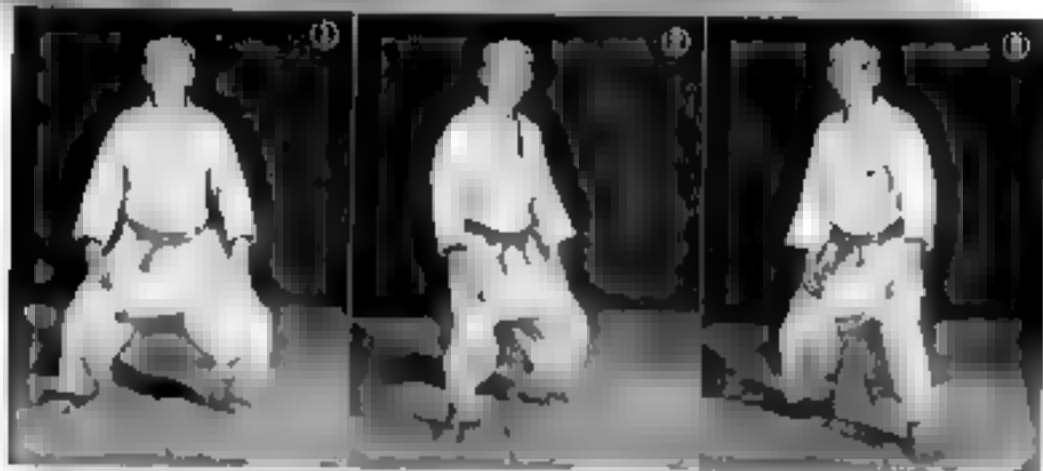
This is a posture in which you stand as shown in Fig. (3) with your left foot a step forward or right foot a step backward and balance your weight bending your body backward. Extreme postures of the above are called respectively the right-side posture and the left-side posture.



Self-defense Posture

In order to win a victory in free-play *randori*, match, you should do your best adapting yourself to change of postures.

In other words, manage yourself sometimes like a butterfly lightly enough to attack the opponent's weak point and at next chance hold an advantageous position balancing your weight like a huge rock and overcome an disadvantageous position.



For that, some self-defense postures are adopted depending on the place where the opponent tries to do harm. It is our task to watch the opponent's eyes and hands, and to take action in a moment of opportunity. In this case, the opponent is coming from the front, so we have to put the front foot forward, step back, and then push back, leaving our right hand near the opponent in a position to strike. If he is a tempo or takes a chance in a moment of our alert posture, we are at least prepared to help the victim, and will proceed in such a way.

The second shows that if the opponent cannot be hit, he has to be kept and consequently, change of position is again. Our will is to stand in a ready position for the exercise of self-defense.

The third shows the side defense position. To secure a position, it is important the opponent is attacked by the right hand, and the left hand is at the hip.

Section 1 Self-defense Front Posture

(Figure 1)

Self-defense posture is a posture which is shown in the figure. It is the way of the self-defense posture.

Can you? The posture is a posture which is shown in the figure. It is the way of the self-defense posture.

Section 2 Right-side Self-defense Posture

(Figure 2)

This is a posture which is shown in the figure. It is the way of the self-defense posture.

Section 3 Left-side Self-defense Posture

(Figure 3)

This is a posture which is shown in the figure. It is the way of the self-defense posture.

Can you? The posture is a posture which is shown in the figure. It is the way of the self-defense posture.



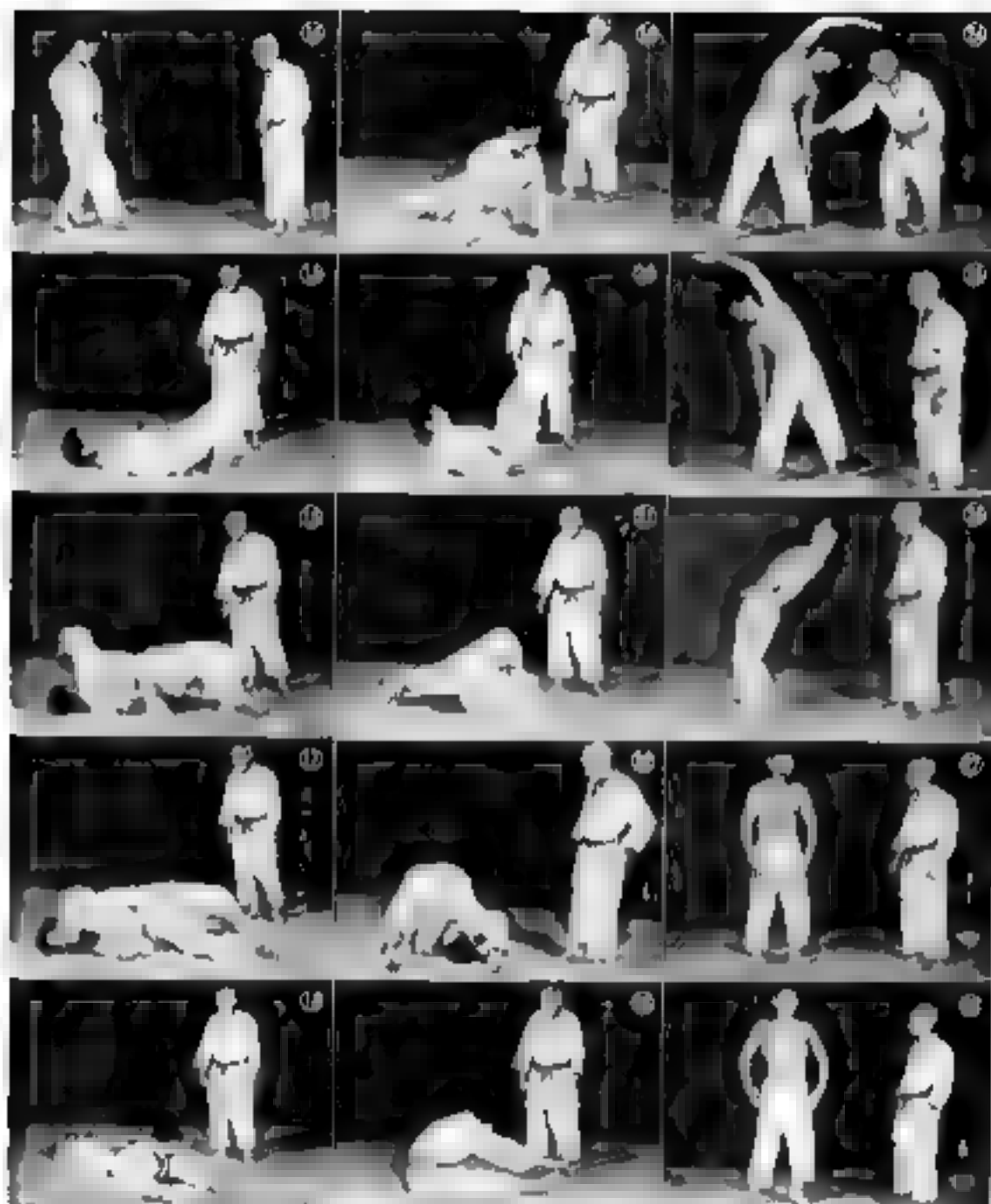
Chapter 3. Preparatory and Final Training

There are a number of physical and mental exercises that are performed in preparation for the final training. These exercises are designed to prepare the body and mind for the final training.

The first exercise is the *Shiko* (Shiko is a Japanese word meaning "to stand" or "to be firm"). This exercise is performed by standing with the feet shoulder-width apart and the hands at the sides. The person then performs a series of movements, including standing, kneeling, and lying down. The purpose of this exercise is to prepare the body for the final training.

Preparatory Training

7. K + standing and stretching
of arms
8. K + standing and left side rotation
9. K + standing and right side rotation
10. K + standing and forward rotation
11. K + standing and backward rotation
12. K + standing and side rotation
13. K + standing and side rotation
14. K + standing and side rotation
15. K + standing and side rotation



20 & 21 Sweeping exercise. If
performed simultaneously one-two
3. Addition of synchronization of hands with
feet

22 & 23 Rotation on the back

24 & 25 Sweeping exercise

26 & 27 Bending and stretching exercise
with

Twisting the lower part of body if

performed and stretching on the side

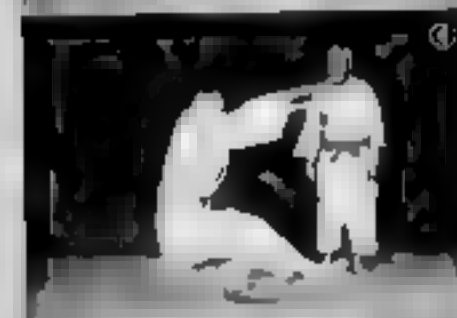
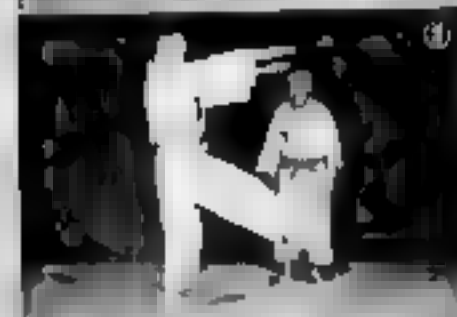
28 Bending and stretching exercise posture

Final Training

29 & 30 Stretching right and left of
hips

31 Rotation of hips

32 & 33 Sweeping exercise



Above five pictures show in sequence the method of practicing a back-drop body position.



How to practice Body Protection *chi kuen*

[illegible]

There is no one responsible when we do
equally when it is a child's fault as long as the
children fit in and don't mess up the
will of the group. And within ten years all
communities over the world will

Techniques of body protection should be acquired in respect of all training and on both the manner when we lose an existing situation and in the future the techniques will save our own and possible parties. Following photographs show from the book on body protection.

2. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

When a learner sits down, he looks at the floor mat instead of looking at his finger-pins.



Above five pictures show
back-drop body protection

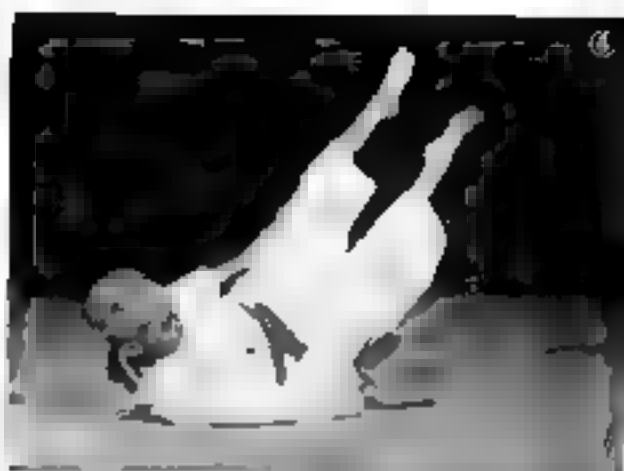
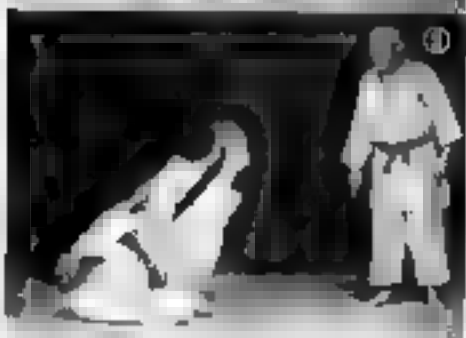


Fig. 6 shows right-side body protection.
Fig. 7 shows left-side body protection



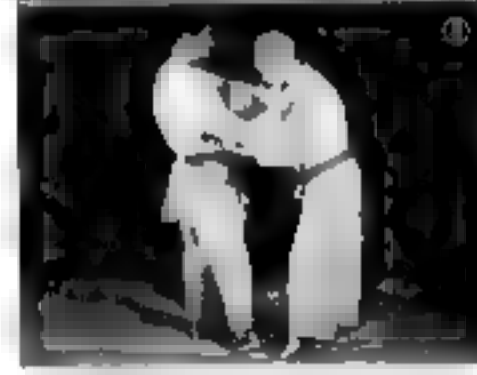
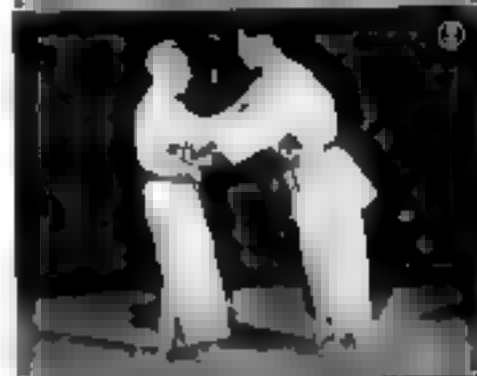
Good example When a learner
falls down, he looks at the floor
inst. instead of hooking at his
finger tips.

Chapter 4. Meaning of Posture

Breaking or *Kuzush*.

[illegible]

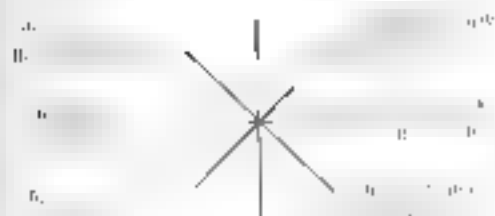
Section	Way of Breaking and Preparatory Notion.
---------	---

[illegible][illegible]

2001 10 10 10 10

• 12 • 11 1000 110011 100 1100

11 12



120 000

Section 2. Practical Training and Break ing Puncture.

around the top of the cup on each horn
 the respect also in the position and
 the top of the cup is in the shape of
 as in the case of the cup in the
 unstable in the 2

1. *Upphafsdráttur* (The Prologue) – This section sets the stage for the entire saga, introducing the main characters and the events that will unfold. It begins with a description of the weather and the location of the story.

Chapter 5. Meaning of Free-paly Training

The player should not make light of free exercise. Only using your opponent you may shake his spirit and deprive him of his various postures. And exquisite skill will be displayed by using tricks and true techniques by turns. Such a difference between you and your opponent is nothing but the accumulated results of daily efforts and training. Here exists the key to entering into "Machi" or way from "Jutsu" or technique and the importance of free exercise will be recognized as he pursues.

In free exercise it is good necessity and important to win victory, performing a school and successive variation such as a letter to show some form convenient for applying other techniques or an enemy who some other forms for turning to other techniques.

Chapter 6. Meaning of Form (or Kata)

A form is the way to express victory and defeat under a previous mutual-consent of attack and defense, and its significance lies in fostering serious spirit based on the practice of right idea in technique.

Chapter 7. Factor in Mastery

We often hear a player says that I must defeat the opponent in the right condition or can defeat him because I am in right posture, but from my experience it may be rightly said that we should restore and change righteous condition the moment when the opponent is thrown down. Japanese proverbs go "You can't catch geese's cub unless you dare to step into its cave" or "No venture and no gain" or "Risk all and gain a lot." With

such an attitude and state of mind you should attack in a lightning swiftness the moment you think it a chance. Here comes a mind in perfect harmony with body and you can get the key to the divine secret.

Chapter 8. *Tsukuri* and *Kake*

Synchronization of hands, feet and waist

Tsukuri is to deprive the opponent of his center of balance, induce him to unstable posture. *Kake* is to apply the opponent's posture a technique you formed.

Furthermore, to form yourself means that you put yourself in a posture advantageous to apply a technique to the opponent whose posture is broken.

Mentioning a momentary will and spirit through motion you may think the hands, feet and waist act orderly in succession, not fundamentally speaking. *Tsukuri* involves *Kake* at any time. And you should not forget that it is most important to synchronize with the motion of hands, feet and waist in perfect conformity.

Chapter 9. Chance and Way to Apply Technique

It is quite natural that you should apply a technique the moment when the opponent reveals a broken form, but it is more important to read, while breaking down, the opponent's intention quickly and apply a technique the moment just before his broken form is revealed. Because the moment when you and the opponent meet in contact is when his posture is broken. Then the opponent works variation as he case admits of no minute between *Tsukuri* and *Kake*.

In an actual free exercise for the opponent *Kuzushi* and *Tsukuri* are important to induce him to begin an action according to your motion and to make break down and *shikari*. An unmovable posture is apt to be betrayed

Chapter 10. Theory of Game

The subject of victory and defeat in Judo is great, for when a player has pummeled the other to the extent that the latter loses his fight utterly, his is, fight should be used upon seriousness. Because of seriousness the player resorts to the best method and way imaginable, and naturally serious mind will be cultivated.

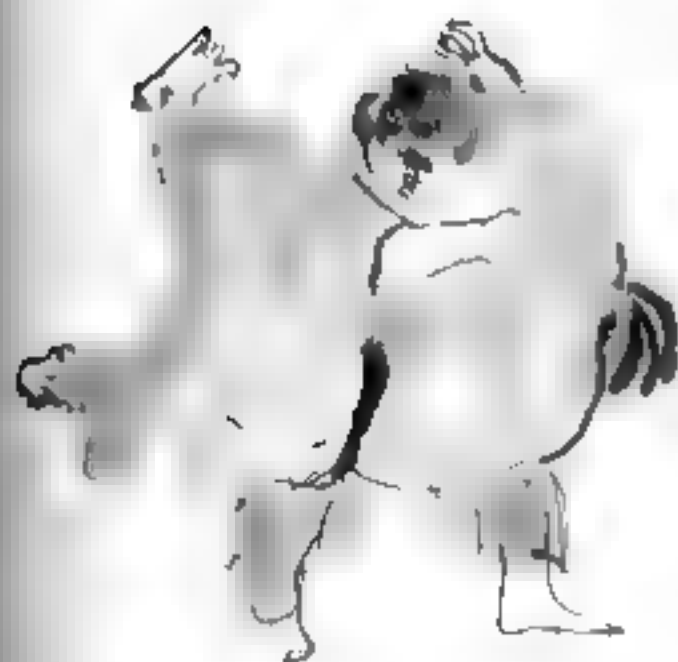
Judge regulation in free exercise divides victory and defeat from the view point of seriousness. For instance, defeat is decided by a throwing technique when a player is thrown on the back with a considerable force or when he falls by a necklock technique, in the condition of asphyxiation, or when his joints are sprained or dislocated by an inverse technique or when he acknowledges surrender or capitulate cheerfully.

We are afraid *arhi-muqensen* technique (*necklock*) is short of seriousness, but it admits of no doubt that this is a step to seriousness in game.

Hosotatezumi (vital-nerf attack trick) is one of the most serious techniques by which you can win a victory rendering the opponent faint or suffocated by kicking, thrusting, pulling, or straining according to necessity, with your fists, feet, elbow, knee, or the side of your palm, shoulder or head.



FIVE PRINCIPLES



The First Principle



The point of foot sweeping is to strengthen and lighten up the legs especially the left one, and to make the whole form something like the dipper. Then not only the strength is lighter, but just coming from the entire body through the water will be supported on the end ones.

1 Ազատություն

As the world's largest and most diverse group of people, we have a responsibility to ensure that our actions are guided by the highest ethical standards. We are committed to transparency, accountability, and integrity in all our business dealings. We believe that ethical behavior is the foundation of long-term success and sustainable growth. We will continue to work hard to ensure that we are a company that you can trust and rely on.

444

[illegible]

Penitence is the only one of the three

[illegible]

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840.

[illegible]

ferent

[illegible]

7 In the other words, there is no food gets
a man's in such a in other and in
confrontation when it is said that food is a in
a man of getting a man in a man have a man
a man in a man in a man



6. *Tsurigashi*

Wrist-grasp

Uchi

His feet double and his opponent's arm set in. Then his foot goes over his hip and he strikes with wrist-grasp. Then with a long step he draws him back. He makes a dash at him, and then swings and then swings a second time.

On *tsurigashi* you grab the opponent's arm with both hands, stretching it as far as you while at the same time your head is bent well underneath it. Your *tsurigashi* is advantageous for a quick cut at your opponent and he must be a little

Practice

in his self-made posture you break his opponent's arm towards the right from his side. One sets his left foot so close to a line.

This movement will bring forward a little, striking straight with your right arm with which you grasp his sleeve or he is coming in, let him step forwards. Then put your right



7 Taiotoshi

Boxing 12-12

Gist

For instance, you reach the opponent's waist; he rights himself; corner set; then he weight is set on his right foot and retreats your left foot so that you body is turned somewhat to the left. Then advance your right foot towards the outside of his right foot so as your right foot almost connects it and pull him down with your both hands in such a way that the opponent draws a semi-circle, returning your right foot.



Practice

When you and the opponent are in a natural posture while breaking your opponent's elbow towards his right rear corner, you retreat your left foot so that you are on his left side. Then, as soon as you step your right foot towards the outside of the top of his right foot accompanied by the twisting motion of your body, you pull him with your right hand in such a manner as if hanging and pulling him then cut him down towards the left rear corner synchronizing the motion with your left hand pulling him down.

When he thinks never use, the opponent's arm comes round to your left front which is a chance you apply his technique in the case of lifting his motion to your back and you

hang up that up war - it can corner
 getting enough to make your hand-
 time when you reach your hand it is
 and has your wrist twisted and you
 right hand - the inside of a right foot to
 and can feel as an upper leg region is not
 then the motion can catch the upper
 region of your foot you will find down
 down is the left hand corner as is the use
 we is the incoming hand

The hands are up raise - the opponent steps
 forward either induced by your motion or it
 is a stepping off when he is stepping forward
 you step the opponent - lifting him off

Call

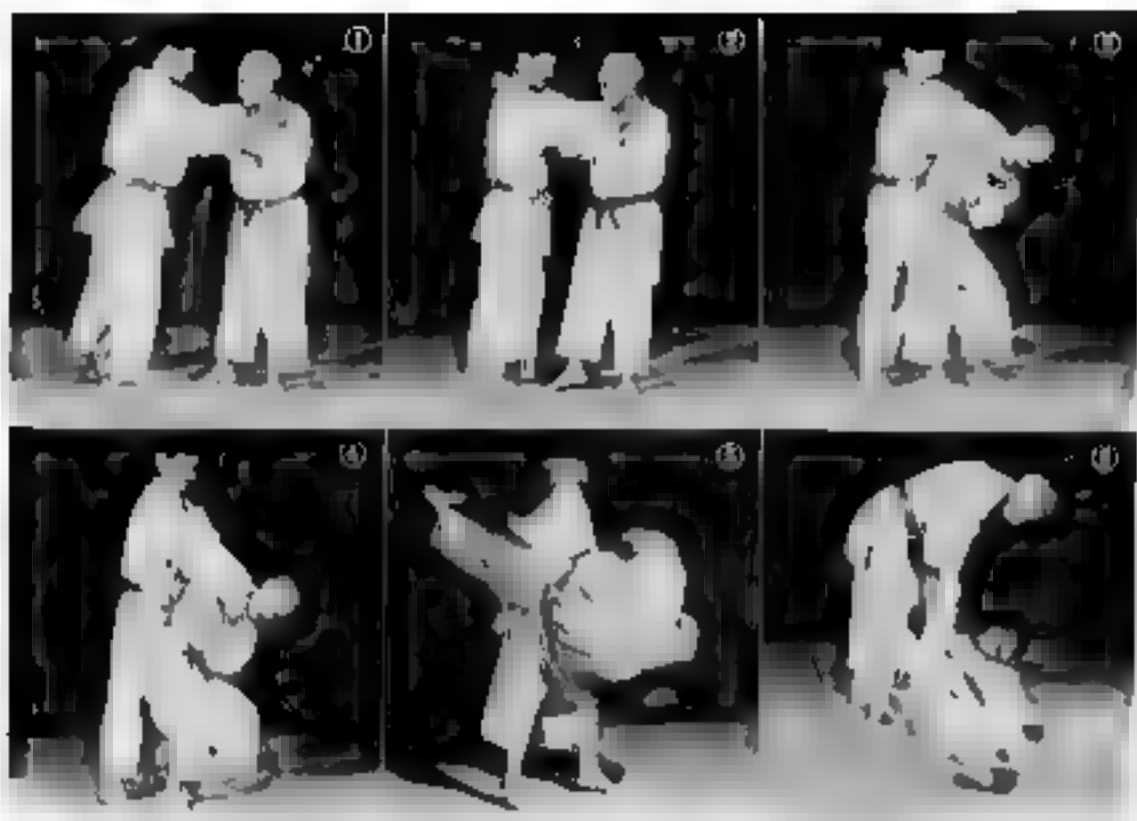
It is important to manage your foot in
 hanging and stepping back then you must
 step in a while rolling him down. At
 the same time motion of your right hand
 should be synchronized with but on the left
 hand

The opponent prepares for a big push
 means step back when in two or three
 steps down

Caution

If you do not raise your hand grasping the
 opponent's neck after a few steps
 back you will not be able to step off
 to the right. As you step out from before
 the opponent - the opponent's body is
 present in which he could possibly be
 injured if the ordinary your foot can be
 swept





B. *Tsurikuanagoshi*

Goal

This technique is to throw your opponent as if you are pulling him, turning inside down when he comes in. It will appear to the layman as if you are pulling your opponent's arm and leg, when you are actually pulling the opponent's lower arm when he attempts to pull himself away, bending his knees. At this moment, lower your waist so that he is as much as his shoulders with one hand and one arm, and then create the body moving your body in such a manner as to throw him off.

Practice

In the right manner, assume you are to make the opponent towards his right front corner with your right arm grasping his neck and he tries to secure his stability by pulling his right arm.

At this moment, bring your strength into

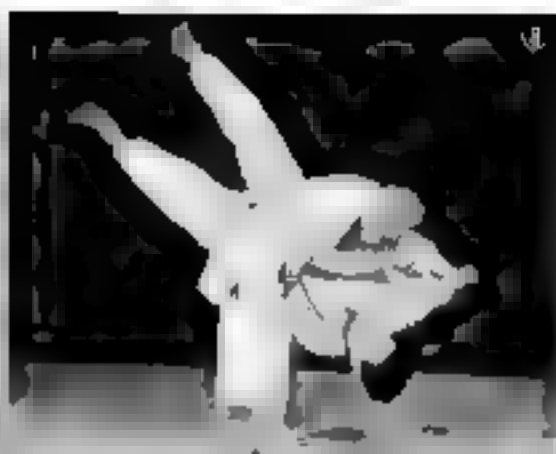
the mid portion side of your right arm to the right of the upper side of his right arm and simultaneously, slide up your left arm to the upper side of his left arm, when your opponent's head is about to be pulled down, bending inward.

At this moment, lower your waist to such an extent as to get to the level of your knees, high or about the upper part of your knees set your right hand, bring him in, and if you are with your left hand on his right sleeve enough, you can make the motion with the motion of pulling him down and to the right, and now his lower right is front of you. 6

If the opponent is caught by the neck, your hands must not allow him to make flexing on waist with you. And if you lower your waist arm to him in you will throw him down at the spot.

Here, some moves are explained as to the way to move or with the above.

When you and the opponent are in the



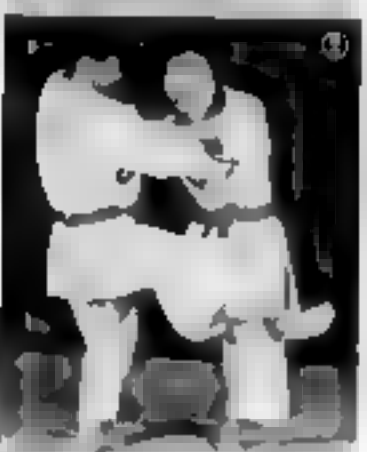
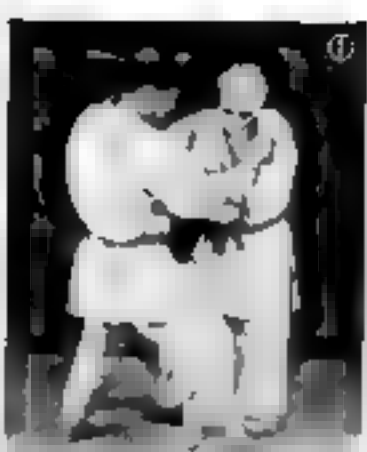
momentum of waist motions draw him
 in. When with side he spins up and
 with the motion of the left hand he
 motions when you come past a switch
 with the motion when the waist just
 switches. The stepping is as we with our
 hand in a foot in front.

Caution

Believing that his technique applies to
 an opponent wearing a karate gi is a
 mistake. If a person is a player, just to get his
 arms extended when he applies it is wrong.
 "Kata" on the floor. His wrong
 posture seems that of a horse is different
 in quite another way. It is so in the
 and naturally the player is not a player.

For his quick handling the opponent will
 not be able to use his arms and when
 he is in his back and up of his arms
 on it being the aged in his arms so
 techniques.



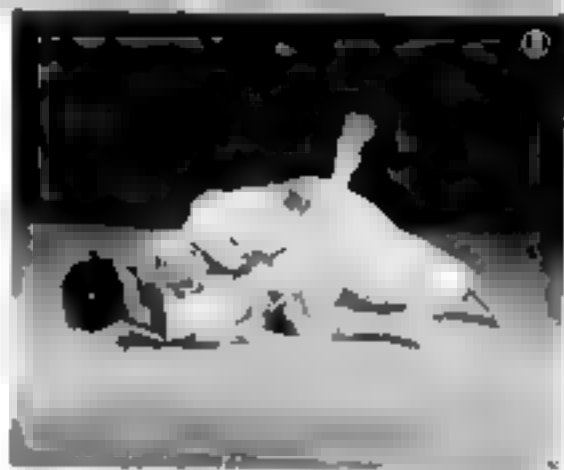


Cont

[illegible]

Conclusion

Pratt: He is now and for the next couple of months you are suffering with a very ill. If this is a way to answer a very important question, let us *congratulate* *Charles* *Wheeler*, *Sir* *Walter*, or *James* *Wheeler* your first answer to the *Scott* *Wheeler*.



Remarks

Though we joined all a hour about
 ten to an hour there he says it
 effect is unique and significant
 in showing the difference between *1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1*



10. *Koshiguruma* Water wheel (right)

Goal

Entangling the opponent's neck with the hands and pushing forward with the feet so the opponent is forced to grow him down, engaging you with as much as the water mill were turning round.

Practice

When you and the opponent are in the high side position, you are like him. The high side is not moving his stomach and lean up round the right knee. At the same time together with the swinging of the

only embrace his neck deep, stepping your right foot outside of his right foot, your toes faces somewhat the left. Draw round near the left foot to the inside of his right foot so as his is in the same direction with yours. Push in your waist so deep as it is out of his body. Bring your rear waist close to the right-side abdomen of him. Then engage powerfully your twisting hand and the left hand drawing, and throw him down with your waist swinging (Right + 5 see page 65).

This is applicable too, when the opponent is in an ordinary self-protecting or a right self-protecting posture, either on the right or the left side. In his case, you must float him so as he is compelled to keep his stability on either of both feet. Your right foot is in the inner side of his right foot and your left foot goes round according to the right foot movement with the waist however giving no much space: the aim is that the dynamic involvement engendered by the inner circle cannot help out on the outer circle along the inner circle. This throw him down as if twisting him (Left 1 3 see page 65).

When both are in a natural posture and you break him in the right-side rear corner, the opponent will step forward. This is a chance to apply his technique. He in such a posture he is prone to make an inner action, making the motion of left movement so you must be quick in drawing and twisting hands.

Get

Here it is important to display the sufficient action of drawing and twisting hands.

Caution

For instance, in a self-protecting posture unless effecting the floating the opponent just in front your balance will be apt to be broken. Take care not to fall upon him when he is thrown down.

11. *Kasotogan* (Minor exterior reaping)

Get See cuts on Page 67)

This is to break the opponent either in the right side or the left side corner by forming your feet sickle like, as it were, reaping the grass at the root. When reaping, your strength at the sickle-formed foot will abridge him to keep his stability by the heel. Then you will throw him down by reaping his upper heel from the inner side.

Practice

When you and the opponent are in grips in the right side natural posture you are to break him in the right side rear corner by moving your left foot to the outer side of his right foot with your right hand pushing on and the left hand drawing in. The same motion according to your movement your right foot must approach nearer to the outer side of his right foot up, and your body is directed to the right side. And your left foot must be corner sickle like. Put it softly on the upper heel from the outer side. Together with the action of breaking him down in the rear corner you will reap and throw him down quickly along the opponent's right foot direction 4 5. This technique is applicable at the moment when his outer stability is not yet fixed as he advances to the front. Further, when he is either in a right side or left side self-protecting posture this technique is easily applicable. Because in this posture the stability is lowered, and lacks variation of motion. So, move your body as lightly as possible, and reap him as suggested above by drawing him in with both hands according to the circulating movement (Left 1 3).

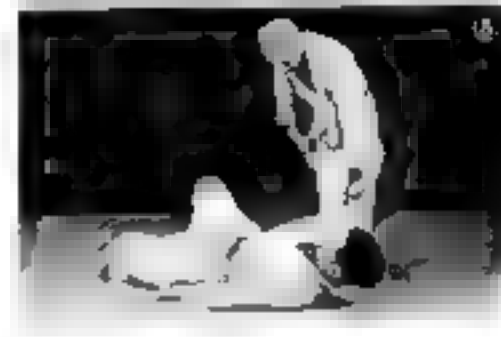
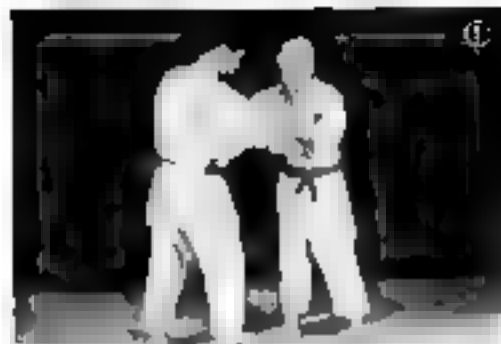
Get

In the above case, you must break him so as he keeps the bodily weight on the rear heels. Thus you must bear in mind as important in practice of this technique.



Caution

As mentioned above, his technique is to rear, if weight, so this is so to speak to rear and draw in. Accordingly you must not use this if he foot sweeping or he can use it. You may suppose that the more the body weight is upon the supporting leg the better is the situation and you are not with a weight. It so unexpectedly more strength will be required. He is one of his



12. Ogoshi Major wa st

Gai

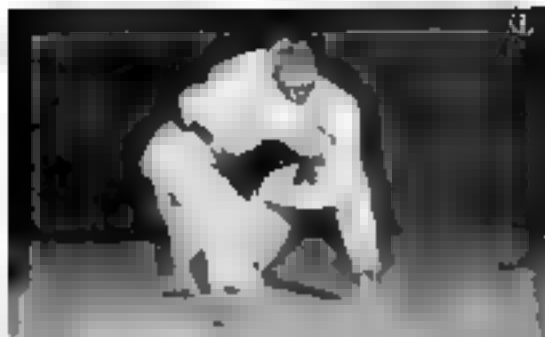
This is to throw down the opponent as if grasping a tree by the top of his waist by power abdomen.

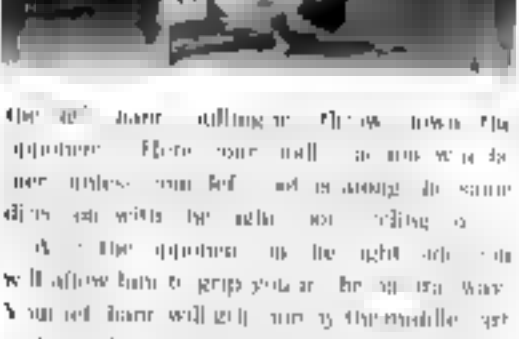
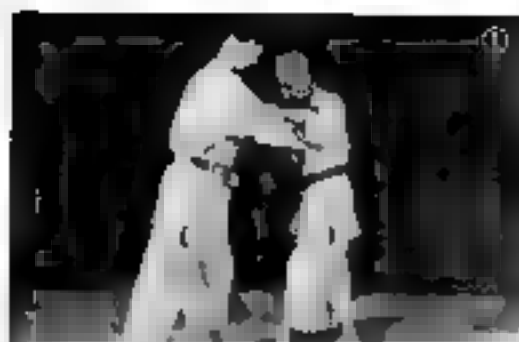
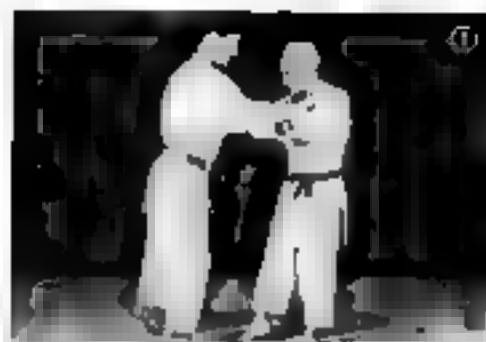
Practice

In practice it will take about 10 minutes. You are going to push your right hand to his neck and he will draw his right leg forward while stretching to get out of it. Then he will withdraw his legs backward, stretching his right leg. It is to start while lifting him by right power on waist and your waist close to his abdomen or the power is changed with your leg from the inner side of his right leg to the outer side of his right leg. As it moves from inside, then stretching the knee and let him fall. Also throw him down by twisting your waist. 4. Lifting this opponent set right hand's connection back up and he will bring him in without stretching strength then put him down by twisting your waist. When both are at a right side set stretching waist and you draw back your right leg and lift the white stretching and bring in your leg now power and lift him. or in the case of stretching legs are in your side. Now your power with drawing your right foot backward is to let the leg out. Then the opponent will advance his left foot either right or left if in order. Keep stably his distance without stretching he draw his hand apply this technique with the feeling of lifting him up 1, 2.

Gai

Induce his legs one ahead and another back to be in a line and lift him in as he is forced. Keep stably on top of him. Then while brushing his hand his back either through his back left or the right you will apply this technique by putting him on your waist.



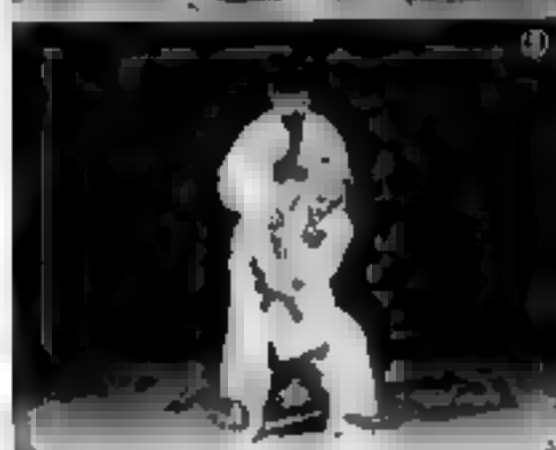


the left hand pulling in, throw down the opponent. Here your wall is now with your right hand, your left foot is always in same direction with the right foot, holding it.

At the opponent is the right side, you will allow him to grip you at the square way. Your left hand will grip him by the middle part of his right sleeve and the right hand grips his right wrist and arm, inwardly right hand is large. Place your right foot near the inner side of his right leg, while holding him at the front corner, draw your left foot deep to his feet, in touch with his feet, according to the movement of waist, bring your waist close, touch with a lower abdomen etc. This instant seem he close to swinging, also swinging waist, strike on a leg with the left hand, pulling, draw him under



In order to pull him down in such a way as to throw him to the left according to the springing of ways. When both are in the right of position as shown in figure 1, the opponent will not come and come our has to foot with the arm to the left. He knowing it may a bit changing it over and right we need draw nearer to the right foot too. When you have not taken the time to push him. So in dealing with such a situation we swing over the left hand, then our hand is the master, for with this a man's arm is caught as in such with your right shoulder or by catching his rear sleeve. Then if you are not slight, however, you can push him down or by pulling up to your waist him, or keep us steady and he may not move. Then he is coming in with his left foot

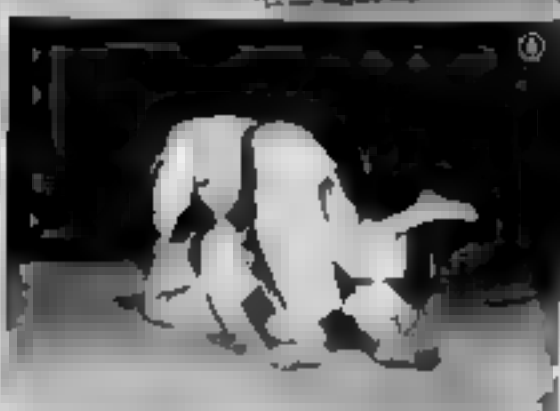


Goal

It is a rule that you should not set anything up against a quick winning if you can but do it as soon as possible in the way with out waste his time

Caution

There is a fear of your hand being caught behind so do not get too much out of the opponent's arm and use of your shoulder. At this time you have his sleeve in your hand and he cannot get it out so easily. This technique is to catch the opponent's arm and to throw him down over the shoulder. It can be applied to the shoulder of his too. You must be a bit. When to apply this technique holding the upper of bending the elbow unless you enter the going round slowly he will not get a grip and sometimes the elbow will go out. So if he gets into a grip



14 Ouchterlony

$$M_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_1 + m_2}{1 + \frac{m_1}{m_2} \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}}$$

444

[illegible]

5500

^a The number of subjects who were included in each group was 10.

Practice

When both are at grips in the right side, the man on the left wants to forward and push behind against the left side of the opponent's body. The man on the right wants to pull the man forward with his right hand. As the body is withdrawn toward the right side, then he will sometimes step forward with the left foot. This instant when his left foot is in the air, draw him closer by force toward your pushing out power. When reaching his left side, your right hand is pushed against his mark across your

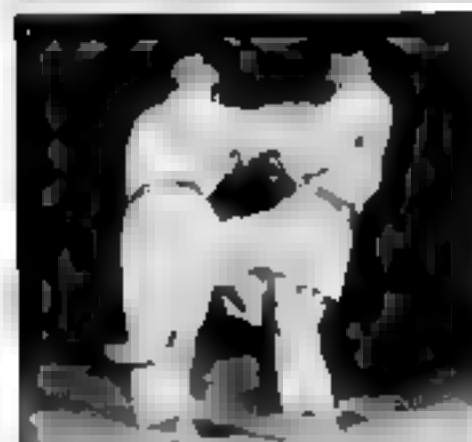
It is hard to power up synchronizing with the right hand.

Now we can obtain the new frequency table

[illegible]

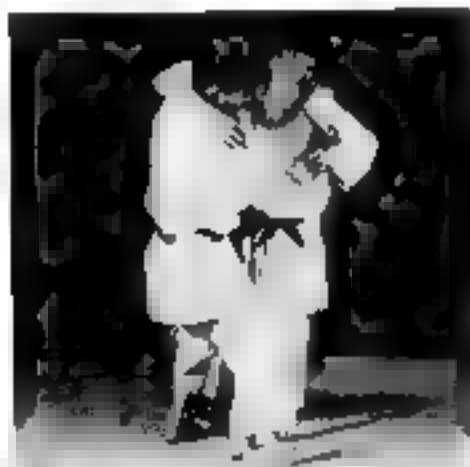
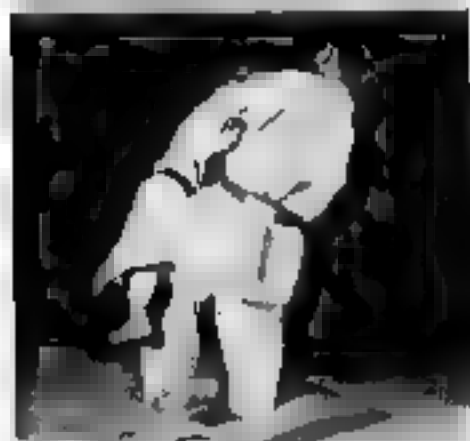
Continued

In response, all the world's nations & the international community should inspire and encourage all nations to be above exploitation.



the a needed of think the him you are
 will suffer greatly. Beginners are often told to
 do this with care. So in pushing of the leg
 you must be careful not to let your knee
 go sideways.

The lower left three photographs show two men
 of attacking posture the woman when (backlight) in
 detail. The upper one of pushing on and on to the
 rear with the right hand extending to the opponent's
 throat, and the lower left the lower posture seen from
 the back. The lower right the player is heading over
 the opponent with the right hand around his neck.





15 Kasotoguke

Minimum exterior air-gings

6.44

The appearance of the following notation is the promise to be given to all children and to the children of the world who will be baptized in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit. The baptism of children is the first step in the Christian life. It is the first step in the journey of faith. It is the first step in the journey of love. It is the first step in the journey of hope. It is the first step in the journey of life.

Products

[illegible]

Good

After a moment of a replying his mind
me a a the upmost we can expect
it be while your body aching all in
your body with a our was steadily
powering And were that the it
gain your find comfortizing to the worst
persecution either in your and it is to
his power obtain the

Collection

It is not unusual for the opponent's foot to come in and break down the knee shown in the photo. Remember, you are not going to be left-handed. Your foot will come to keep his foot off the outside and his foot will quickly run over him. As you get his foot off your inside leg, you can use the technique shown in the photo to increase your knee pressure with his.



Caution

This technique is a vital application of the use of the outer arm's wide grip. So applied recklessly, the teacher may sometimes be taken down. Then you must inhibit your reflexive process.

Remarks

Under make the opponent draw nearer at same instant. When advancing on the side of the left front side. And it is convenient to hold the upper part of the hand than it did. Sometimes there is a posture of sending the knee into the inner is some point. *Wagata* (major exterior resistance) but it will not prove effective left.

18. Hanegoshi Wrist pushing up

Cost

This is a one technique to throw down the opponent by using the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique.

Practice

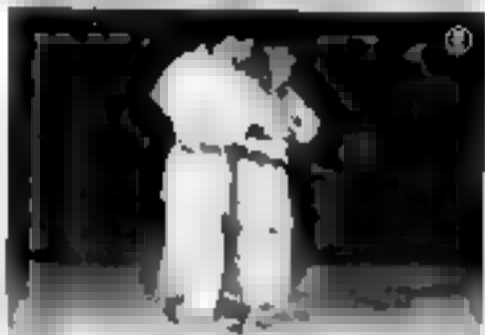
When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique. When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique.

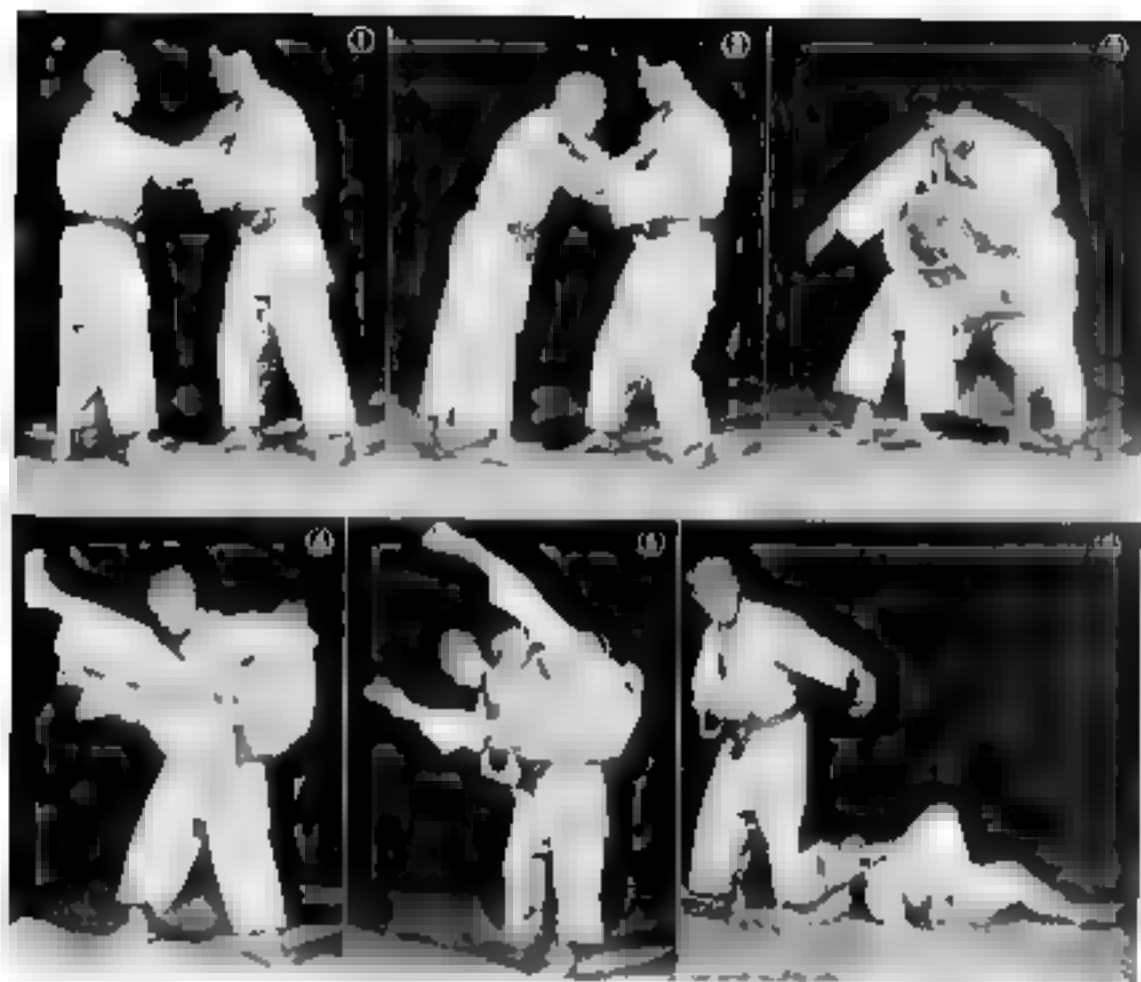
When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique. When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique.

When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique. When you are in a position to throw down the opponent, you should use the high in his wrist and the arm of the opponent as a lever. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique.

Cost

This technique is a very simple one. It is a very simple technique with which you can throw down a person who is not very strong. It is a very simple technique.





22. Sinkenmerge

2013, 2014, 2015

Environ

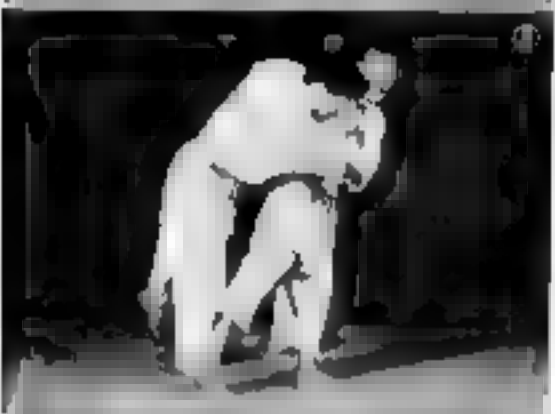
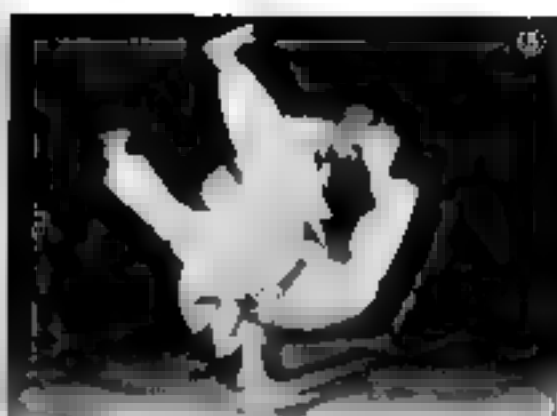
[illegible]

Pravda 14'4

Suppose that a child gets a new puzzle and in the process finds out that a piece does not fit. The child may say, "That's not right." The child may also say, "That's not the way." The child may also say, "That's not the way to do it." The child may also say, "That's not the way to do it."

[illegible]

he is a big ex-athlete who in the
swampy days of his childhood had to
pull up a tree to get a new name
signing at church.



23. *Ashiguruma*

(knee wheeling)

Uchi

So those with the fingers grasp each other in the right side natural posture while the right leg is just in the crouched position. He squats a little further a distance when he reaches the floating way of the right foot and he is in the position thus shown when he changes to the posture by stepping in his left foot. He another step on will put it into the down down of the right leg like a pole between his right knee with some kind of working. This is the first of the *Ashiguruma*.

Practice

When with a crouched position the right side natural posture while the right leg is just in the crouched position. He squats a little further a distance when he reaches the floating way of the right foot and he is in the position thus shown when he changes to the posture by stepping in his left foot. He another step on will put it into the down down of the right leg like a pole between his right knee with some kind of working. This is the first of the *Ashiguruma*.

2. When both are in a crouched position the right side natural posture and when you try to reach the crouched position the right foot comes sometimes he dislikes it and will change the posture. He the left foot is in a crouched position the left foot inward to the right side. In such a case while lifting and putting in the crouched position when his left foot is in a crouched position the right side of his left foot so as your left foot faces the front. Then raise



4. Երկրորդ փուլի արդյունքները ցույց են տալիս, որ 2017 թվականին Երևանի քաղաքում և Երևանի մարզում 100 հազար և ավելի բնակիչ ունեցող 10 համայնքում բնակչության թվաքանակը ավելացել է 1000-ից ավելի մարդու: Երևանի քաղաքում և Երևանի մարզում 100 հազար և ավելի բնակիչ ունեցող 10 համայնքում բնակչության թվաքանակը ավելացել է 1000-ից ավելի մարդու:

[illegible]

Gen

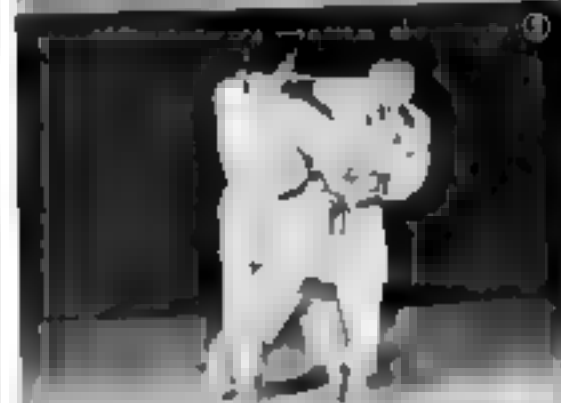
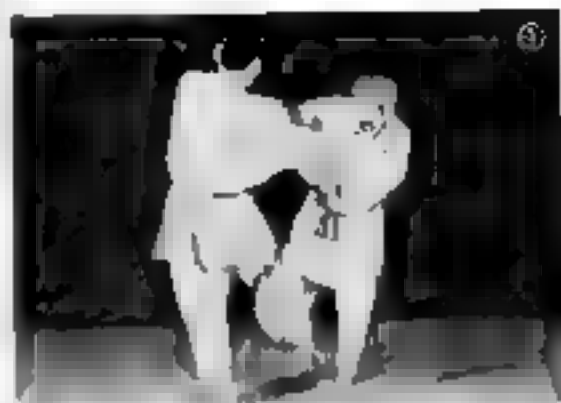
I let him stretch out his waist as far as he could, and he said:

2. Straighten the leg out so to turn and put forth strength in the base end.

Be quick in putting him down. These three are as important in effecting his tech. niche.

Заключение

A big question the opponent is apt to ask is: "What's the catch in it?" He will wonder if there are hidden motives. Here his technique is most effective. If this case is won by applying it, on the other hand, he might say when he turns to the other side, "he left leg when he turns to the left." Thus, now one is else we go with your hand, holding both at his sleeves.



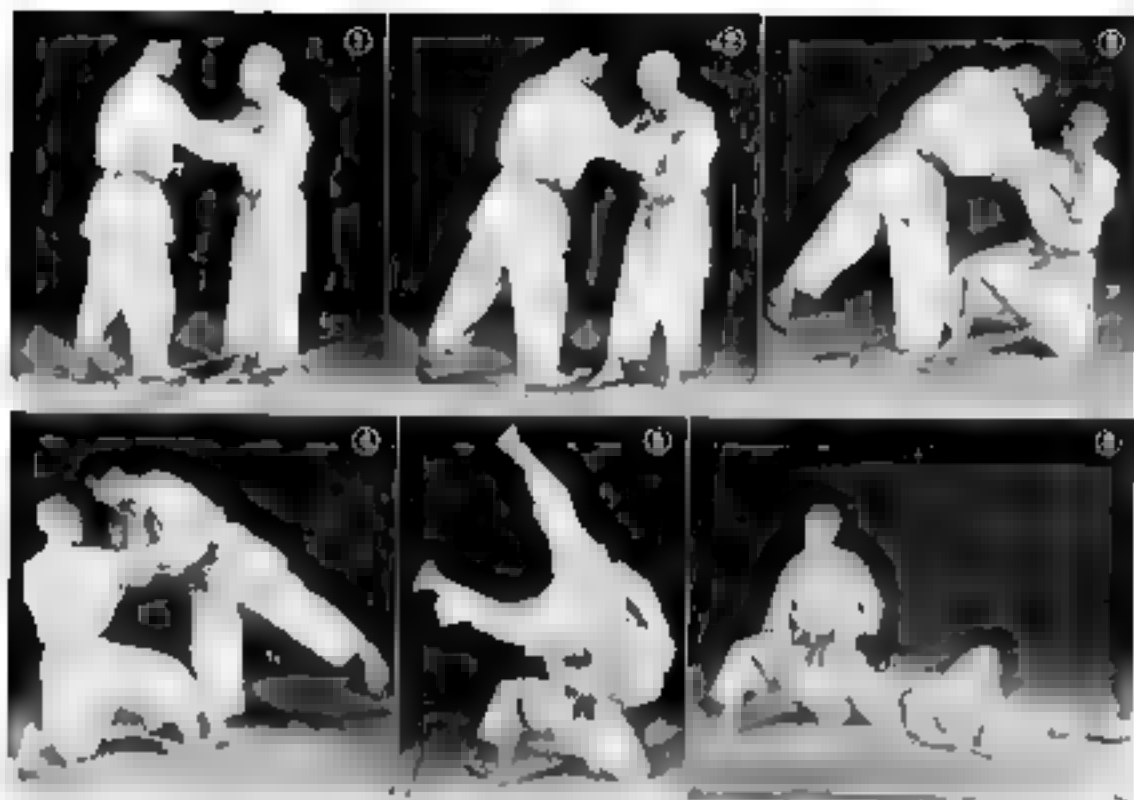
1. When you are standing, a good line is on the side of the equipment, unless otherwise indicated. As you are here, it will be a good idea to keep your feet on the side of the equipment.

Remarks

1. When you are standing, a good line is on the side of the equipment, unless otherwise indicated. As you are here, it will be a good idea to keep your feet on the side of the equipment. 2.

Another effective way is to keep the right foot on the side of the equipment, unless otherwise indicated. As you are here, it will be a good idea to keep your feet on the side of the equipment. 3.

As shown in a picture, center is the right foot, and the left foot is on the side of the equipment, unless otherwise indicated. As you are here, it will be a good idea to keep your feet on the side of the equipment. 4.



27 Ukotoshi

Ukotoshi (Elbowing)

Goal

When the opponent is in a position where he cannot keep his feet on the ground, the practitioner will throw him. The practitioner will throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

Procedure

The practitioner will stand in a position where he can throw the opponent. The practitioner will use his elbow to throw the opponent. The practitioner will throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

When the opponent is in a position where he cannot keep his feet on the ground, the practitioner will throw him. The practitioner will throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

Goal

The practitioner will throw the opponent by using his elbow.

When the opponent is in a position where he cannot keep his feet on the ground, the practitioner will throw him. The practitioner will throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

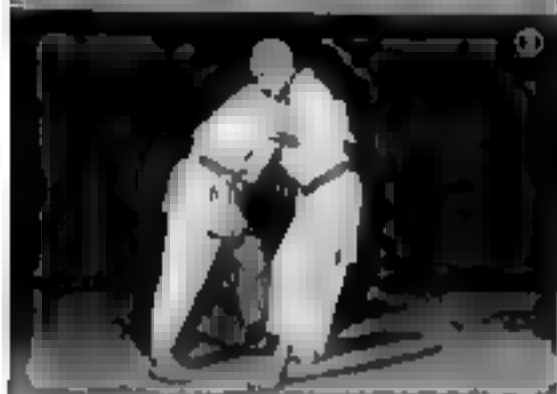
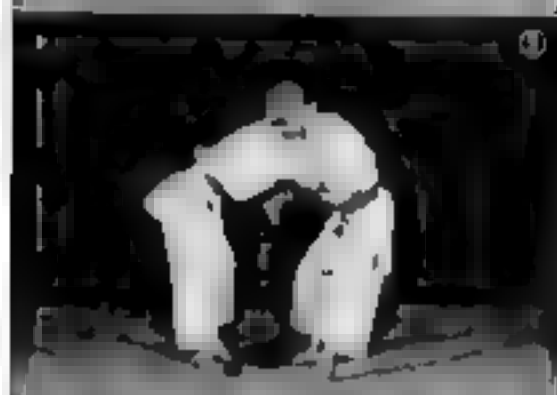
Caution

When the practitioner is in a position where he can throw the opponent, he must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The practitioner must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

When the practitioner is in a position where he can throw the opponent, he must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The practitioner must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.

Remarks

The practitioner must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The practitioner must be careful not to throw the opponent by using his elbow. The opponent will be thrown over the practitioner's head.



29. Ukiwaza leaving trick

Goal

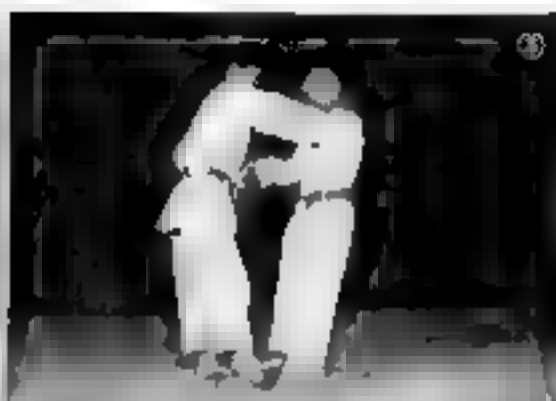
Respective on both being in the natural posture of standing up chest against in four arms of the other with it like his monkey arms which he times on to be he can be sliding or drop him in he can corner a striking his balance as he is standing. With dropping your body to be ready to coming out out in the upper part of his body is down in the neck with monkey tail motion and then hand down with the

one of the hand so the is not with a part of it as he is down making a long over the foot this is Ukiwaza technique

Practice

In the right self defense posture with drawing your right foot up to be ready then will better to square with the right hand together with the movement of withdrawing he will as on left side is added to the other 2. Take advantage of the man who is standing in a corner of his with the left hand embracing his arm.

Now that time of the right hand corner



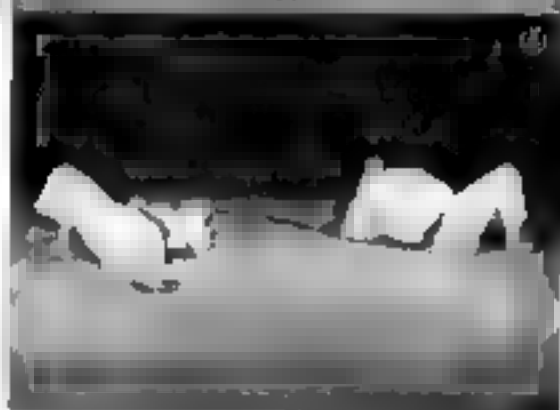
He then stepped up and weighed the force of his
 arm to his side in the following way:
 He stepped up with his right leg, kept his arms out
 at the same time, standing on the right
 side of the opponent, and then stepped forward
 with his left leg, and then stepped forward with
 his right leg. The opponent, on the other hand, kept his
 arms out, and then stepped forward with his left leg,
 and then stepped forward with his right leg. The
 opponent, on the other hand, kept his arms out,
 and then stepped forward with his left leg,
 and then stepped forward with his right leg.

Card

When you are in your arms, and you are
 in a somewhat of a standing position, keep your
 arms out, and then step forward with your
 right leg, and then step forward with your
 left leg.

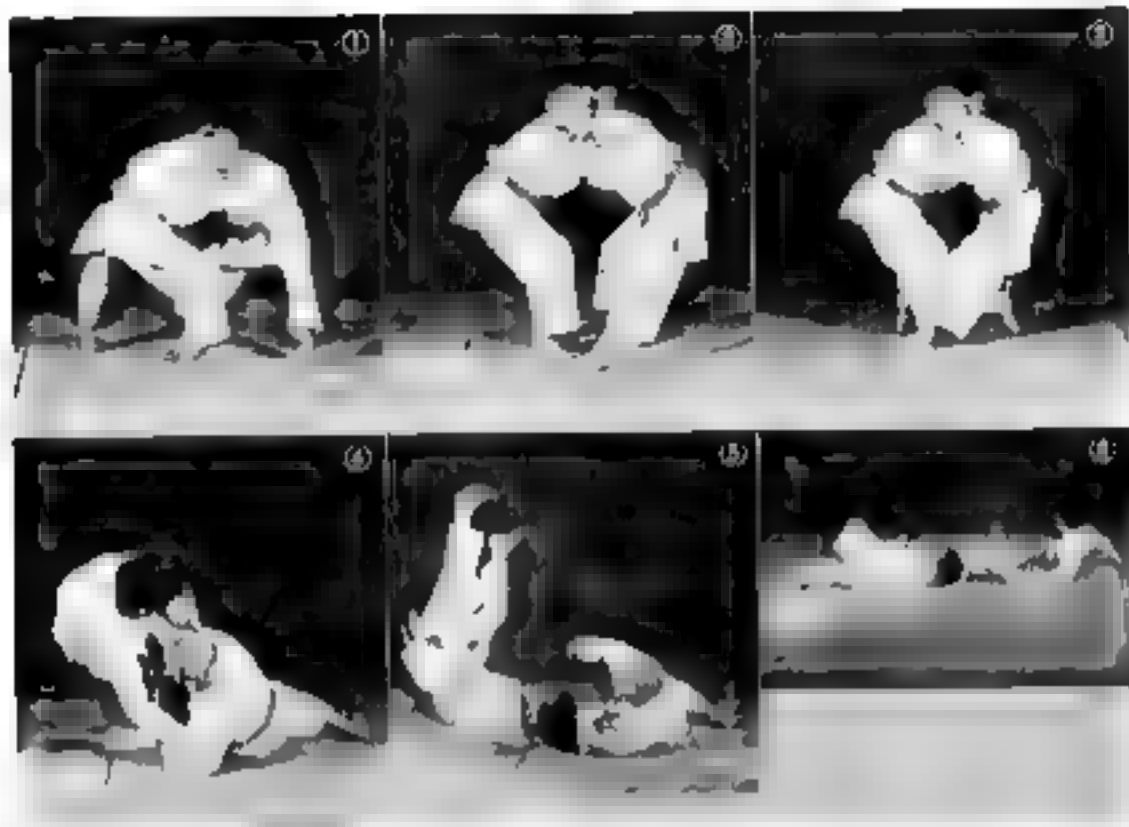
Card 100

When you are in your arms, and you are
 in a somewhat of a standing position, keep your
 arms out, and then step forward with your
 right leg, and then step forward with your
 left leg.



Remarks

When you are in your arms, and you are
 in a somewhat of a standing position, keep your
 arms out, and then step forward with your
 right leg, and then step forward with your
 left leg. The opponent, on the other hand, kept
 his arms out, and then stepped forward with his
 left leg, and then stepped forward with his
 right leg. The opponent, on the other hand, kept
 his arms out, and then stepped forward with his
 left leg, and then stepped forward with his
 right leg.

40. *Impatiens*

● 114 ● 2011 年第 12 期

Given

[illegible]

Discussion

[illegible]

הנהגתו של השר לא נחלתה בביקורת. השר הודיע כי הוא ימשיך להנהיג את הממשלה, וימשיך להנהיג את הממשלה. השר הודיע כי הוא ימשיך להנהיג את הממשלה, וימשיך להנהיג את הממשלה.

[illegible]

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840.

 ξ, η

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the
 asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the system of
 equations

החל מיום זה יחולקו לך המעטות והמזונות
הנדרשים לך על ידי המוסדות הממשלתיים
המקצועיים והמקצועיים המוסמכים.

Answer

When suppling it can continue be
 body twisted the right hand and with
 it is not only the hand but the arm and
 will be a de-
 brow and far swi

2. I can't go sleep in a hut while he
is in a holding in prison. You know they
be broken so we suffer his character.

Remarks

When you have slipped in it is better to
go straight between the plates as if you were
in a straight line as if

31 *Yoku-utsuki*

Side wrapping

Gait

Step forward with the right arm raised and
release the arm and let it lie in the left hand
almost in such way that the thumb of the
right hand is under the arm and a part of the
upper arm is under the hand while step-
ping with the feet. The feet are placed a
small space apart and the hands are
placed in front of the feet. The hands are
drawn to the feet and the feet are
drawn to the hands.

Position

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet. The feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

Gait

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

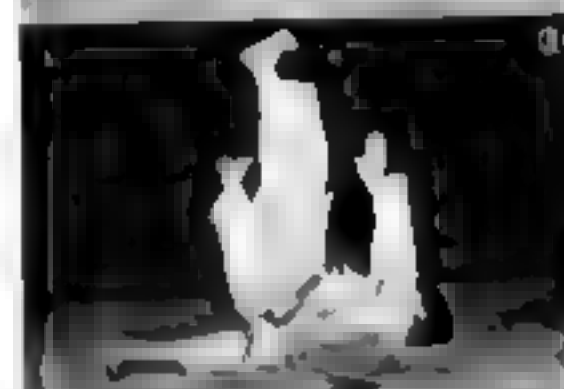
Comments

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.



When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

Remarks

When the feet are placed the feet are
drawn to the hands and the hands are
drawn to the feet.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

The hands are placed in the front and
the feet are placed in the back. The
hands are placed in the front and the
feet are placed in the back.

$$\frac{d\mathbf{u}}{dt} = \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{u} - \nabla \pi, \quad \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0, \quad \mathbf{u} = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega, \quad \pi = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega.$$

He said he had been told that the man was a member of the "Black Panther Party" and that he was a member of the "Black Panther Party" and that he was a member of the "Black Panther Party".

Contents

1. $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ is a poor predictor for $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$ or $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}$.
 2. $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ is a poor predictor for $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$ or $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}$.
 3. $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ is a poor predictor for $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$ or $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}$.
 4. $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ is a poor predictor for $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$ or $\text{P}^{\text{H}}_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3}$.

[illegible]

Methods

[illegible]

THE 5TH PRINCIPLE

33. *Uraage*

Back Throwing

Git

When the opponent tries to attack, with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.

Practice

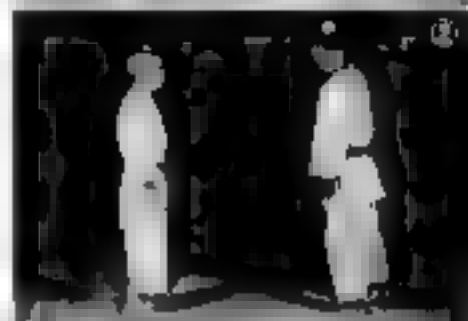
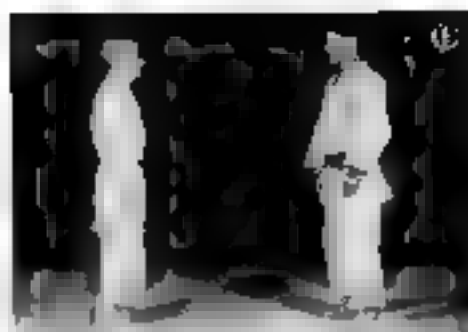
When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air. When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.

When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.

When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.

When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.

When the opponent attacks with the intention of putting his hands on the back of the head, the defender should take a backward step, and at the same time, with the hands on the back of the head, should throw the opponent backwards. When a spring movement is made, the hands should be thrown backwards. The movement will be excellent if the hands are thrown forward in the air.



Caution

3 He you have he sit move when
 it ha remember him go eyes was he a
 no it that with they in it the in he
 a hand of it in mark a his

He a tree in it when he he
 leave it in in it in it with
 behind the hand

Remarks

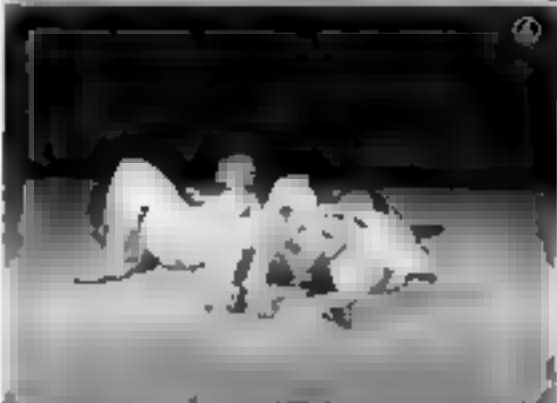
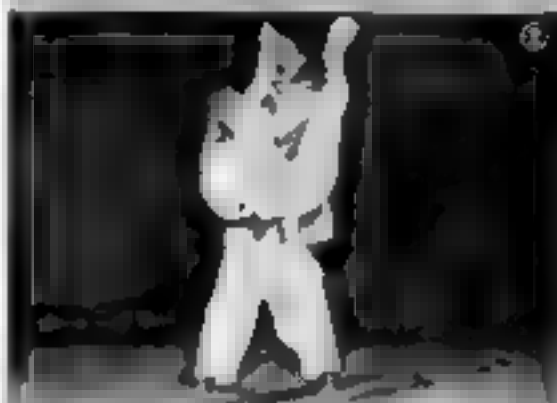
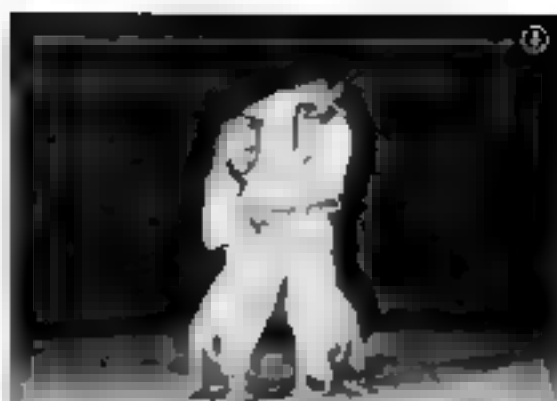
1 He he with in a tree much
 he with sitting in the it was
 in sitting was he was in it was
 the up up with in sat was And
 it was in it was in it was
 the in it was in it was in it was
 a was in it was in it was in it was

Caution

With the stick he with sitting in it
 he with the stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was
 the with a stick in it was in it was

Remarks

He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was
 He with a stick in it was in it was



if he is in the case advance
 the left foot in a step to the right and
 the right foot in a step to the left and
 when the feet are in the same position
 the arms are in the same position and
 the feet are in the same position and
 the feet are in the same position and
 the feet are in the same position and

1. The position of the feet is the same
 2. The position of the feet is the same
 3. The position of the feet is the same
 4. The position of the feet is the same

4. The position of the feet is the same
 5. The position of the feet is the same
 6. The position of the feet is the same
 7. The position of the feet is the same
 8. The position of the feet is the same
 9. The position of the feet is the same
 10. The position of the feet is the same

Caption

1. The position of the feet is the same
 2. The position of the feet is the same
 3. The position of the feet is the same
 4. The position of the feet is the same
 5. The position of the feet is the same
 6. The position of the feet is the same
 7. The position of the feet is the same
 8. The position of the feet is the same
 9. The position of the feet is the same
 10. The position of the feet is the same

Remarks

1. The position of the feet is the same
 2. The position of the feet is the same
 3. The position of the feet is the same
 4. The position of the feet is the same
 5. The position of the feet is the same
 6. The position of the feet is the same
 7. The position of the feet is the same
 8. The position of the feet is the same
 9. The position of the feet is the same
 10. The position of the feet is the same

1. The position of the feet is the same
 2. The position of the feet is the same
 3. The position of the feet is the same
 4. The position of the feet is the same
 5. The position of the feet is the same
 6. The position of the feet is the same
 7. The position of the feet is the same
 8. The position of the feet is the same
 9. The position of the feet is the same
 10. The position of the feet is the same

1. The position of the feet is the same
 2. The position of the feet is the same
 3. The position of the feet is the same
 4. The position of the feet is the same
 5. The position of the feet is the same
 6. The position of the feet is the same
 7. The position of the feet is the same
 8. The position of the feet is the same
 9. The position of the feet is the same
 10. The position of the feet is the same





But ind. must be half bending backward.



And how our elbow is
wounded when throwing
down the hammer!



Foot manipulation.

EXPENSE

[illegible][illegible]

Konflikte

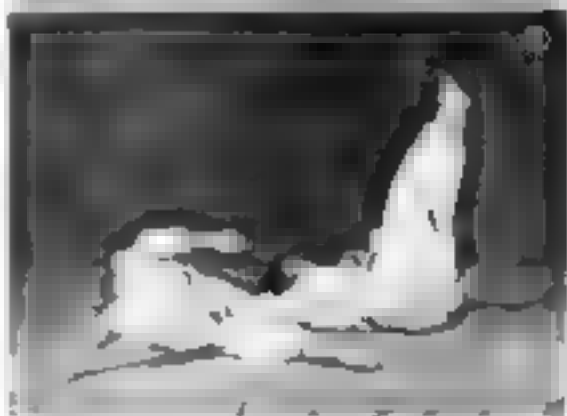
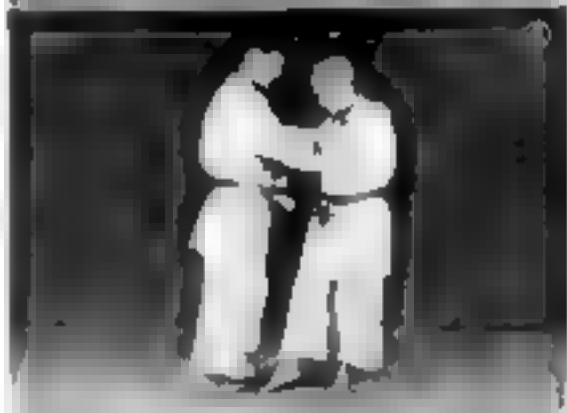
[illegible]

The structure of the \mathcal{H}_2 norm is given by

$$\|x\|_{\mathcal{H}_2}^2 = \text{tr} \left(\int_0^\infty x^T(s) x(s) ds \right)$$

 where tr is the trace of a matrix. The \mathcal{H}_2 norm is a measure of the energy of the signal x .
 The \mathcal{H}_2 norm is also known as the root mean square (RMS) value of the signal.
 The \mathcal{H}_2 norm is a special case of the \mathcal{H}_p norm for $p=2$.
 The \mathcal{H}_2 norm is used in many applications, including signal processing, control systems, and statistics.

When he appeared on the newsstand with the announcement that he will join Communist Party, he said that while you are against his right not to be conscripted and not to be drafted into the armed forces of the United States, the cause of the oppressed will be won. He said that the end of the United States is the cause of the oppressed. He said that the end of the United States is the cause of the oppressed. He said that the end of the United States is the cause of the oppressed.



He found the machine of his life was in
 accordance with his own desires, but
 such a circumstance of course became *Harold*
 a hero of a *discovery* in the history of the
 existing knowledge. So they were all
 happy in the discovery that was made.

When he began to speak he was in
 the middle of the subject of the machine
 which he had been working on. He was
 in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

Copy

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

Caution

The machine of the subject of the machine
 was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

Remarks

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine

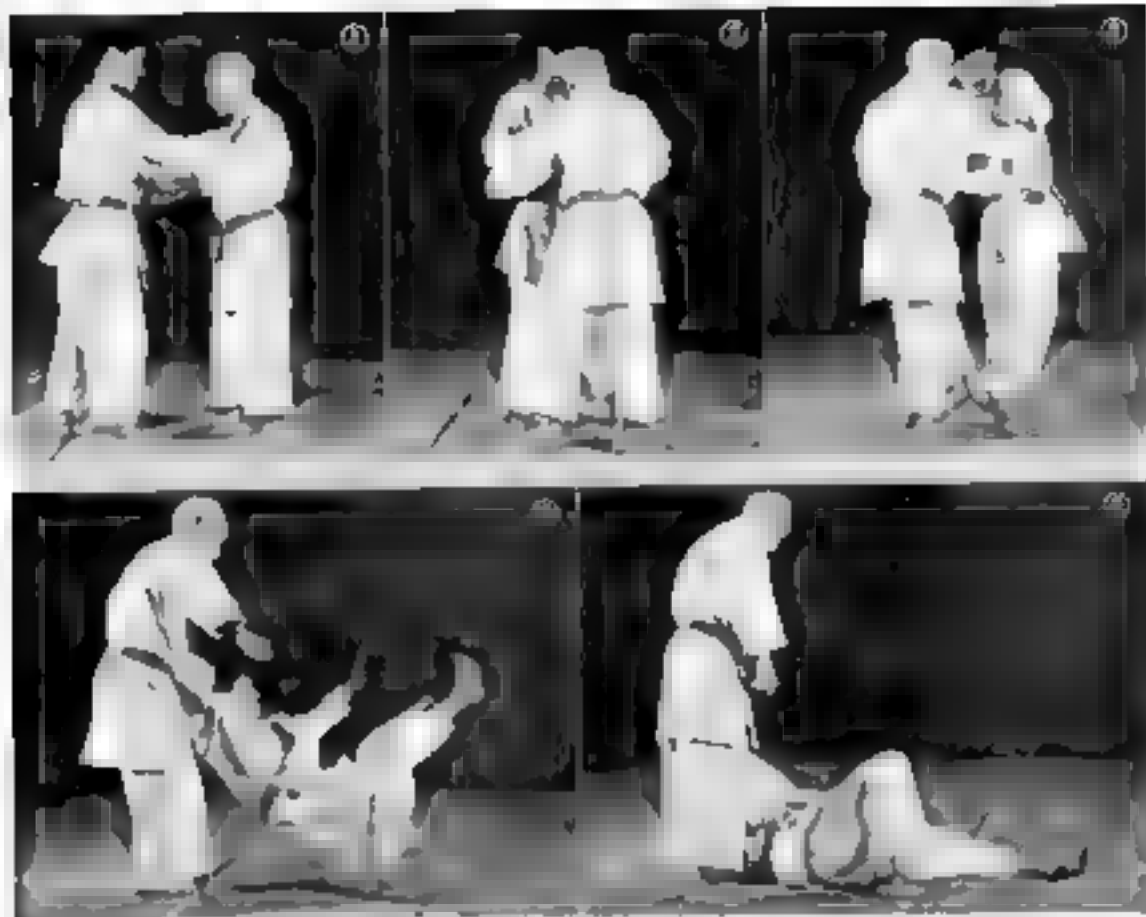
He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.
 He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine

He was in the middle of the subject of the machine
 when he was in the middle of the subject of the machine.





the person in the white garment is seen from the side, facing right, and is captured in various poses, including standing, bending, and sitting on the floor. The photographs are numbered 1 through 5 in the top right corner.

Comments

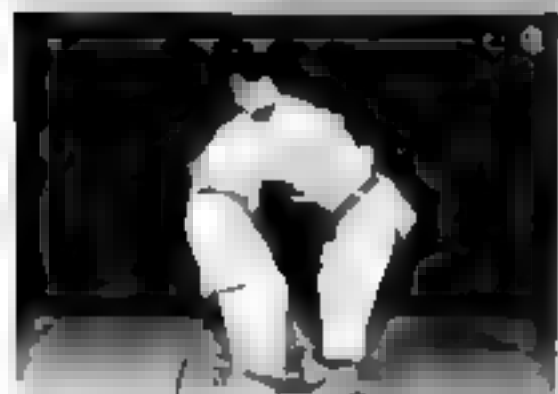
The person in the white garment is seen from the side, facing right, and is captured in various poses, including standing, bending, and sitting on the floor. The photographs are numbered 1 through 5 in the top right corner.

Remarks

The person in the white garment is seen from the side, facing right, and is captured in various poses, including standing, bending, and sitting on the floor. The photographs are numbered 1 through 5 in the top right corner.

The person in the white garment is seen from the side, facing right, and is captured in various poses, including standing, bending, and sitting on the floor. The photographs are numbered 1 through 5 in the top right corner.

The person in the white garment is seen from the side, facing right, and is captured in various poses, including standing, bending, and sitting on the floor. The photographs are numbered 1 through 5 in the top right corner.



38. Sanchin-dachi

Constant Tension

Cost

Let us begin with the Sanchin-dachi. It is a deep crouch, with the feet wide apart, the knees bent, and the hands pressed together in front of the chest. The body is in a state of constant tension, and the mind is focused on the breath. This is the foundation of all Karate movements.

Practice

A Sanchin-dachi is a deep crouch, with the feet wide apart, the knees bent, and the hands pressed together in front of the chest. The body is in a state of constant tension, and the mind is focused on the breath. This is the foundation of all Karate movements. When you are in Sanchin-dachi, you should feel a constant tension throughout your body. Your feet should be wide apart, your knees bent, and your hands pressed together in front of your chest. Your head should be in a neutral position, and your eyes should be focused forward. Your breath should be steady and controlled. This is the Sanchin-dachi, the foundation of all Karate movements.

left foot to step bear your right foot tip so as his right foot advances upward and his body is flatter in his right front corner work your left hand pulling and raise up the right leg bring your body just to the rear in the round form putting the right leg instep deep in his left inner thigh. The moment the backmost touches the ground when (4) spring him up so as he tumbles over your left shoulder down just to the rear strengthening the front point of the buckle (5, 6). This instant the left hand is kept embracing his right arm as it

and the right hand (synchronizing with the action of the right foot springing up) pushes him up to the same direction. Thus done his right arm naturally will come out of your left armpit and will be thrown down splendidly. If he appears not to be moving in the four arm self-defense posture embrace and flout him by dropping your waist slightly. And when he is broken in his right front corner the technique is to be applied by stepping your left foot into his thigh.

Go

He feeling you get the moment you have flung out him and broken his posture must be as if were that his falling body covers you who are just about to be broken. It is important to come in while dropping your back waist. You must keep touching with him by embracing his arm with one hand and another hand resting on his backbone line.

Caution

In the four arm grip posture it is not advisable to take his left because an unnatural strain is introduced either in floating or in pulling to the opponent. Again, the opponent should be mindful of not touching the opponent's testicles when he kicks up his inner thigh.

Remarks

When the opponent would not move in the extreme four hand right self-defense posture your technique will often be effective by putting his right foot put in your thigh but in other cases not favorable.

39. Katageruma (Shoulder wheeling)

Thrust your hand into the opponent's inner thigh deep so as one of your shoulders is in a close touch with the lower end of his lower side abdomen when he is flustered and the posture broken. Together with the momentum in the waist being stretched, this technique is a big art for tumbling him high over the head as if his body were drawing a circle.

Practice

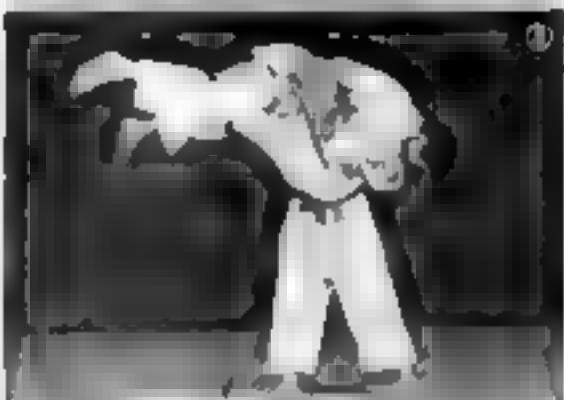
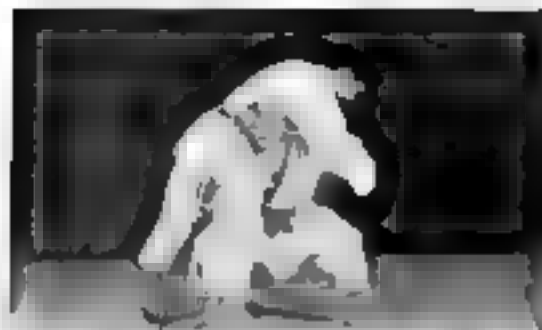
Suppose both are at grips in the right natural posture and the opponent is flustered and broken in his right front corner move a little toward the left while controlling him to make his arms open. Dropping your waist thrust the right leg into his thigh a little thrust the right hand deep into his outer thigh through the inner side of his right waist so as

the lower end of his right lower abdomen is in a close touch with your right shoulder (right 1, 2, on page 118). With this movement put your head into the outside of his armpit, the left fist must pull in before the left armpit. Together with the movement of stretching the waist lift him up high with

If he advances to your left foot and the balance is getting broken by your action of breaking his left (1) you can break him down as explained above by dropping yourself and pulling him in (2, 3, 4). And if you apply the technique when there is much space between the two, put your right foot into his thigh while pulling and floating him to his right front corner. At this moment edge your left foot to the outside of his right foot tip and lift up and throw the opponent by stretching the waist utilizing the knock produced.

Go

In throwing down it is important to float him so as his armpits open. Furthermore important is it to bear him up with the shoulder put in following the stretch of waist and strength is needed in the neck bending backward slightly.



Legend

1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

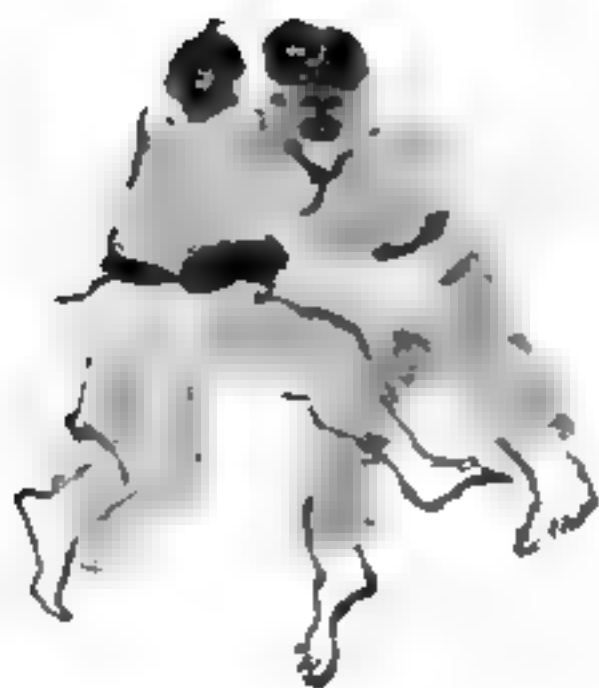
Comments

The normal state of the eye when you find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body. The normal state of the eye when you find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body. The normal state of the eye when you find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body.

Remarks

Here another way to find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body. The normal state of the eye when you find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body. The normal state of the eye when you find the center of gravity of the body is the center of gravity of the body.





KATAME-WAZA

Katame-waza (Dumbholding and wringing)

Katame-waza is the general term of *Uchi-matsumae* (dumbholding trick), *Shime-waza* (wringing trick), and of *Kanmatsuri-waza* (joint trick) under two classes—*Tachiwaza* and *Shimawaza* (stand trick and lying trick).

Katame-waza occupies one of the all important positions of Judo techniques, and together with stand trick this is indispensable for training, mental and physical.

The mutual help of *Katame-waza* tricks affords the cardinal principle due to the canon of Ju, and carries the purpose of victory. In another explanation, according to the opponent's movement a quick shift is made from one form of *Uchi-matsumae* to another, from wringing to joint trick, or on and on by turns.

Kengyo-waza

Kengyo-waza consists of *Utsugi-waza*, *Kuzushi-waza*, *Uchi-irigae-waza*, and *Ura-gae-waza*. The following are the explanation according to each of the four forms:



חמא נל רבתי 1171 י"ט תר"ח

As a nester in the winter, the bird is active in the open areas with the high shrubs in the dense coniferous forest. It is common in the open areas of the forest, but it is not common in the dense forest. It is common in the open areas of the forest, but it is not common in the dense forest.

[illegible]

The authors are grateful to the following people for their help and support:

[illegible]

44. $\{ \text{chris} \cdot \text{keagatome} \}$ \neq
 $\{ \text{chris} \} \cdot \{ \text{keagatome} \}$

[illegible]

The first of these is the *Journal of Applied Social Psychology*, which has been published since 1971. The second is the *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The third is the *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The fourth is the *Journal of Social Issues*, which has been published since 1965. The fifth is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The sixth is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The seventh is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The eighth is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The ninth is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965. The tenth is the *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, which has been published since 1965.

1. The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including sales, purchases, and expenses. It emphasizes the need for consistency and transparency in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the text focuses on the role of the accounting department in providing accurate and timely financial information to management. It highlights the importance of effective communication and collaboration between the accounting department and other departments.

3. The third part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including sales, purchases, and expenses. It emphasizes the need for consistency and transparency in financial reporting.

4. The fourth part of the text focuses on the role of the accounting department in providing accurate and timely financial information to management. It highlights the importance of effective communication and collaboration between the accounting department and other departments.

5. The fifth part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including sales, purchases, and expenses. It emphasizes the need for consistency and transparency in financial reporting.



50 *Tate shohogatame*

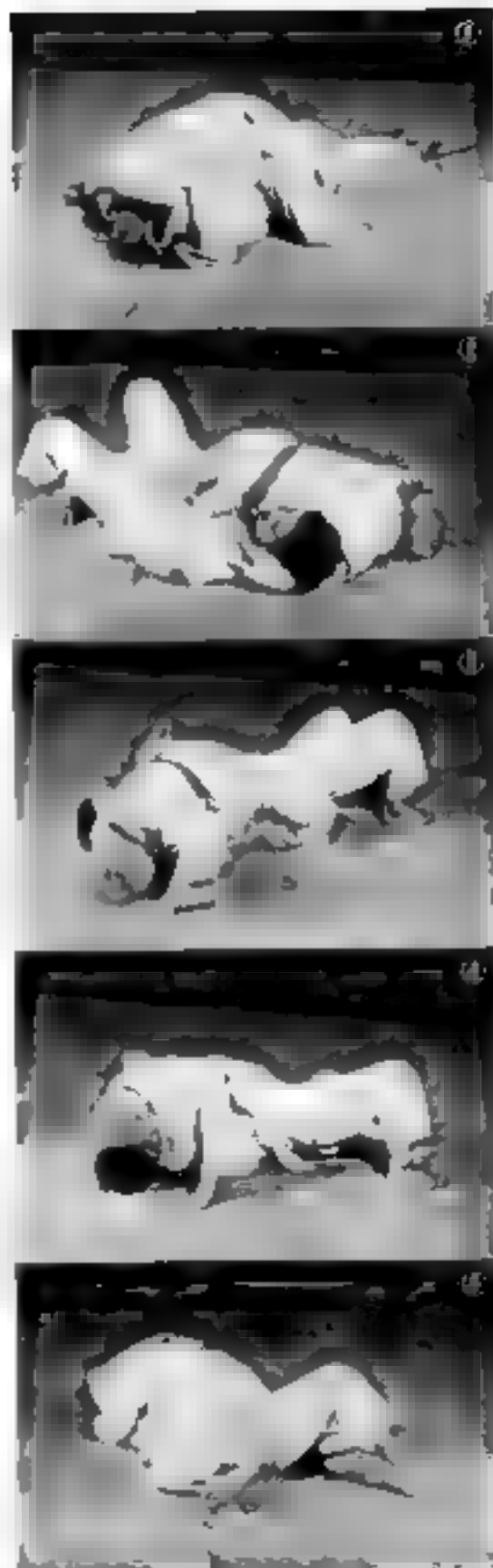
Shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 dōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō

Cost

Shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō

Tate shohogatame variations

Shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō
 shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō shōshō



SHIME Wringing

There are two sorts of wringing: one is throat wringing and another body trunk wringing. To bring a player to a suspended animation it is proper to wring with hands, yet sometimes wringing with hands and legs will prove effective. Either in a standing or in a lying trick, except wringing on the side it is rational to wring the front or the back. Anyhow, the purpose is to make a form in which he is unable to make change, to make his attacking strength impossible, or to disable him to escape away by holding him down by wringing him with the legs. Trunk wringing is to hold down the trunk of body so strongly as he is unable to bear pain.



52 *Argi-scheffé*

С. Г. ПЕТРОВ

[illegible]

Kutarc-genshime

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

[illegible]

$\mathbb{E}[\mu] = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_i$



Gyaku-jirushi me

$$d(\text{H})/d\text{SL} = \text{L}^2 \text{PROX} \cdot \text{WR} \cdot \eta_{\text{SL}}$$
[illegible][illegible]

Nami-jushime

(Ordinary cross winging)

Kayoko happened the other day to see a woman in a white kimono take her hair in one of the ways which the Japanese make and be so proud of. And when she saw the woman's method of doing it she



Ura-jushime

(Crossing hair from back to front)

thought it might be the style that she had seen when she was with her father in the States. When she saw the woman's hair she was so sure that it was the same as the hair she had seen in America that she went to her mother and said, "Mother, that is the way I turned my hair when I was a girl. Then when I went to the States with father naturally I had it





Different form of *Katatejime*

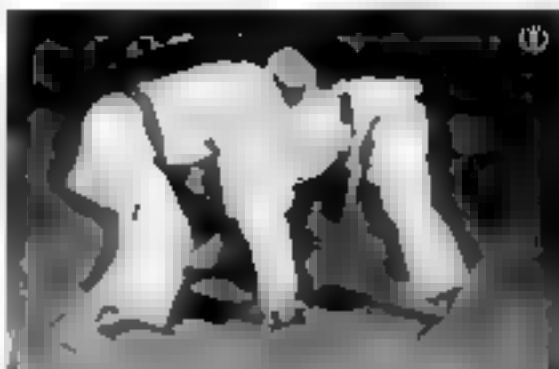
Uchi-jime is the side held out on the left. In the natural way, the right hand is held in the reverse way. Change the position of the right side and the left side will be the same. The right side is the front view of the left side.

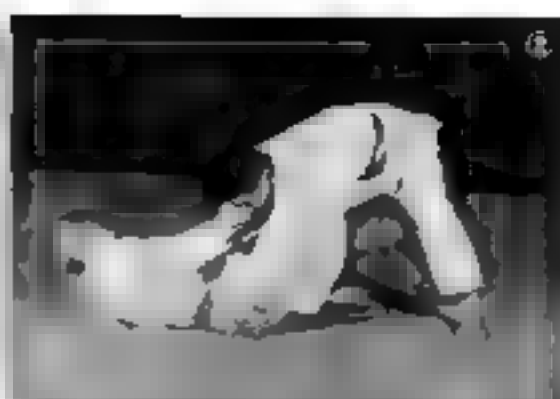
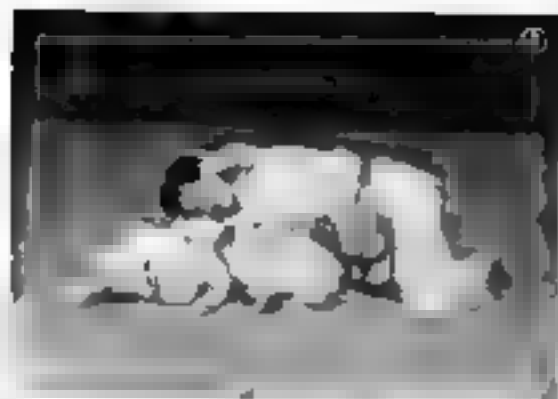
59 *Tamarijime*

Strangle with both hands

When we are in a position to hold the head of the opponent, it is the best time to hold the head of the opponent. In the natural way, the right hand is held in the reverse way. Change the position of the right side and the left side will be the same. The right side is the front view of the left side.

In the natural way, the right hand is held in the reverse way. Change the position of the right side and the left side will be the same. The right side is the front view of the left side.





Let me see how much weight
I can lose in the next year.

When you are lying on your back, the
body is in a state of relaxation. The
muscles are not working, and the
heart is not pumping blood as fast as
when you are standing or walking.

As the body relaxes, the heart rate
decreases, and the blood pressure
drops. This is why it is important to
rest after exercise.

It is also important to stretch the
muscles after exercise.

Stretching helps to prevent injury
and to improve flexibility.

It is also important to drink water
after exercise.

Drinking water helps to replace
the fluids lost during exercise.

It is also important to eat a healthy
diet.

A healthy diet is one that is low in
fat and high in fiber.

It is also important to get enough
sleep.

Getting enough sleep helps to
recharge the body.

It is also important to exercise
regularly.

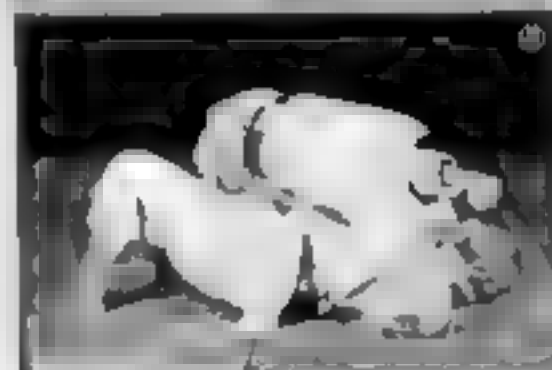
Exercise helps to burn calories
and to build muscle.

It is also important to avoid
smoking and drinking alcohol.

Smoking and drinking alcohol can
harm the body.

It is also important to take care
of your skin.





c. *Katagatame Niyokoto* (How
to move for Katagatame)

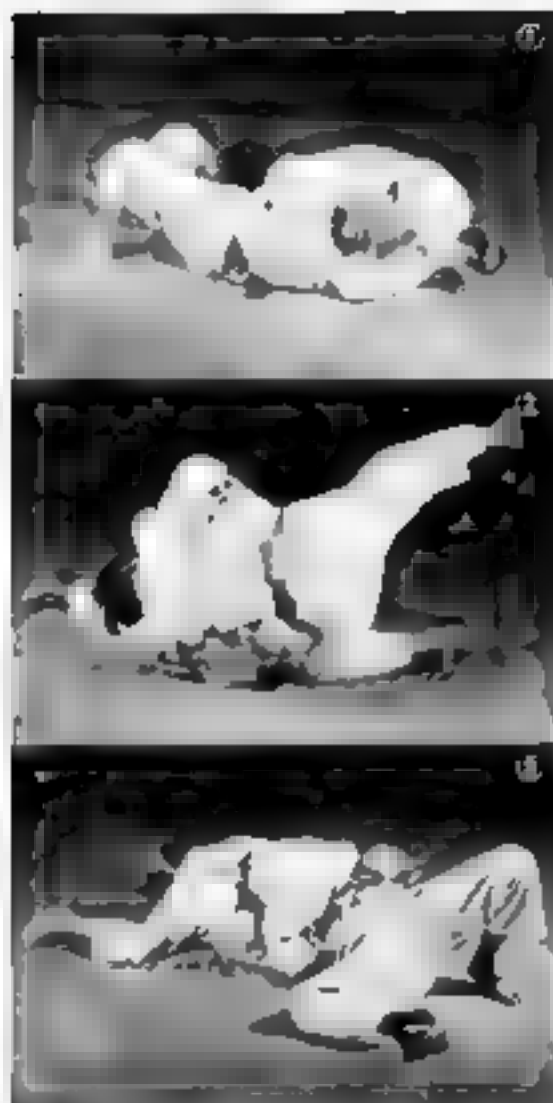
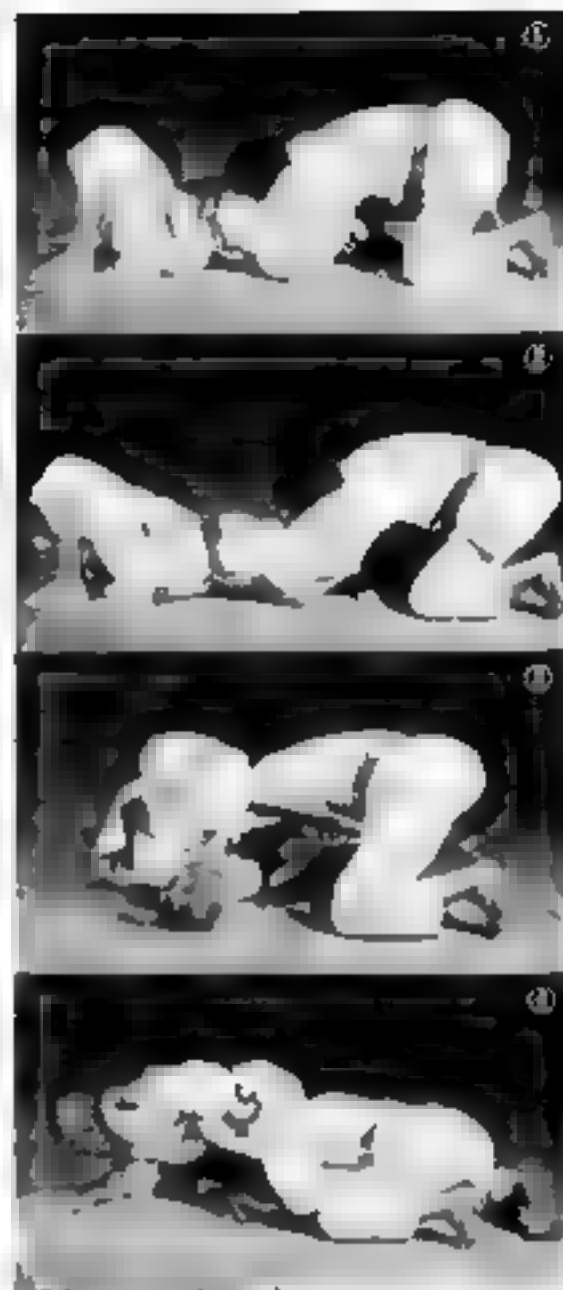
—we explain how to escape *Asanatoori* and how an *Asanatoori* turns a *kyotei* against change while moving away.

When checked by *Katagatame*, push the opponent's *kyotei* back with the right arm strong hand. And at the same time draw back the waist of the right and push your right knee with the right waist quickly for defense. (left 2). This is another effective way.



the left arm right arm from his waist. For the right arm, push the left shoulder as point and not the head.

he outside of the right arm by high the lower part of his right arm. Then you will not be in a bad way. The moment you feel his right arm firmly with both of your hands.

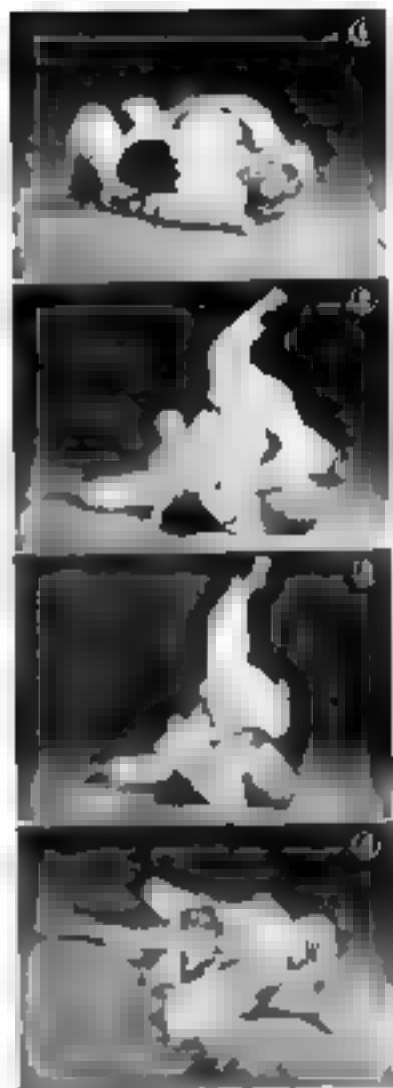
d. How to defend *Kama Shogunzame*

... the ... north of ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...

The ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...

... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...
 ... the ...



2. Retaining traction and inverse action of *Yoko shikagotama*

1. A person is lying on their back, with their head tilted back and arms raised. The sequence shows the person's head moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position, and their arms moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position. The person's head is tilted back, and their arms are raised. The sequence shows the person's head moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position, and their arms moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position. The person's head is tilted back, and their arms are raised.

Put your feet under the waist of the person, and pull them up. The sequence shows the person's head moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position, and their arms moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position. The person's head is tilted back, and their arms are raised. The sequence shows the person's head moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position, and their arms moving from a horizontal position to a vertical position. The person's head is tilted back, and their arms are raised.

1. The first step is to identify the key components of the system. This includes understanding the hardware, software, and data involved.

A: a m h a c d e d n o f o o d m a k e
 b e g u l d e f i n e s a s t o n n g y o u w o n d e r f u l l o
 E l l e n a d d s a m d i n e r e d i t a g g r e s s i v e
 o u t p l a w h i l e r i c h i s n o t a n d h i s w i f e
 d e f e a t s d e f e a t s h i s b e c a u s e h i
 a s h e s s y m p a t h i c t o t h e w o m e n a n d
 b u t c o n n e c t s t o a



f. How to escape *Jurimex*

F. J. Anderson in question was to apply
 his left hand against the ground, with the palm of the
 left hand flat against the ground, with the right hand up
 and the right arm bent. Then with the
 right hand and
 shoulder he made a right elbow joint
 with the left hand, the right hand on the right
 side of the left hand, and raised the right
 arm over the left knee, knee, thigh and
 down to the right hand, and a stroke
 of the right hand with the knee

production and maintenance of the

new blood to be released.

The white coat of the white horse is not a new color, but a new shade of white. The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.



The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.



g Defense of winging

The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color.

The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.

The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.



h Defense of lapel-bending

The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.

The white horse is not a new breed, but a new color. When the white horse is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white. When it is born, it is white.



the first two steps of the Ippon Seoi Nage. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi.



2. Defense to Ippon Seoi Nage: Ippon Seoi Nage

The first two steps of the Ippon Seoi Nage. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi.

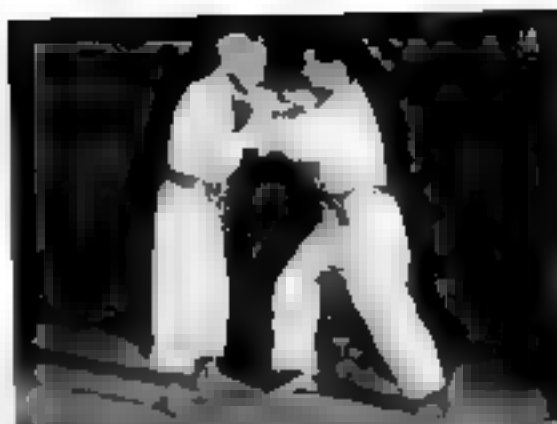
3. Defense to Ippon Seoi Nage: both players

The first two steps of the Ippon Seoi Nage. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi. The practitioner is in a crouched position, lifting the partner by the back of the gi. The partner is in a crouched position, lifting the practitioner by the back of the gi.



k Defense of crotch wringing in the standing crotch of both players

When **1** **2** **3** **4** **5** **6** **7** **8** **9** **10** **11** **12** **13** **14** **15** **16** **17** **18** **19** **20** **21** **22** **23** **24** **25** **26** **27** **28** **29** **30** **31** **32** **33** **34** **35** **36** **37** **38** **39** **40** **41** **42** **43** **44** **45** **46** **47** **48** **49** **50** **51** **52** **53** **54** **55** **56** **57** **58** **59** **60** **61** **62** **63** **64** **65** **66** **67** **68** **69** **70** **71** **72** **73** **74** **75** **76** **77** **78** **79** **80** **81** **82** **83** **84** **85** **86** **87** **88** **89** **90** **91** **92** **93** **94** **95** **96** **97** **98** **99** **100**



l Reaction against standing crotch wringing

When **1** **2** **3** **4** **5** **6** **7** **8** **9** **10** **11** **12** **13** **14** **15** **16** **17** **18** **19** **20** **21** **22** **23** **24** **25** **26** **27** **28** **29** **30** **31** **32** **33** **34** **35** **36** **37** **38** **39** **40** **41** **42** **43** **44** **45** **46** **47** **48** **49** **50** **51** **52** **53** **54** **55** **56** **57** **58** **59** **60** **61** **62** **63** **64** **65** **66** **67** **68** **69** **70** **71** **72** **73** **74** **75** **76** **77** **78** **79** **80** **81** **82** **83** **84** **85** **86** **87** **88** **89** **90** **91** **92** **93** **94** **95** **96** **97** **98** **99** **100**

INVERSE TRICK

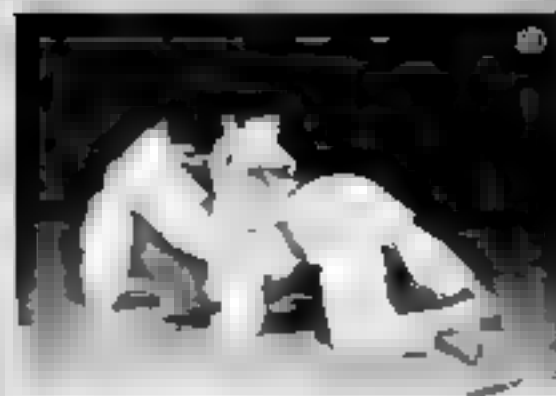
By Invert action (joint trick) we mean that joint parts of body are bent inversely, or that by unnatural stretch the parts are dislocated or sprained



There are three hypotheses that can explain the results. First, the results may be due to the fact that the sample was not representative of the population. Second, the results may be due to the fact that the sample was not random. Third, the results may be due to the fact that the sample was not independent.

For reference

1. **Definition:** In a quiver Q , a **path** is a sequence of vertices i_0, i_1, \dots, i_n and arrows a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n such that $i_{j-1}a_j = i_j$ for $j = 1, \dots, n$. The length of the path is n .

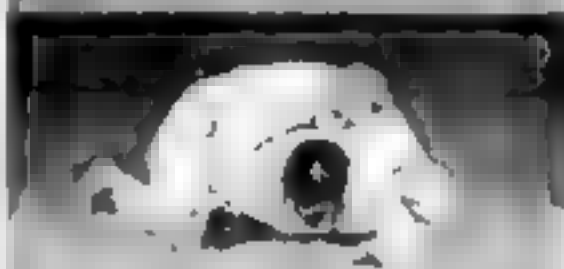
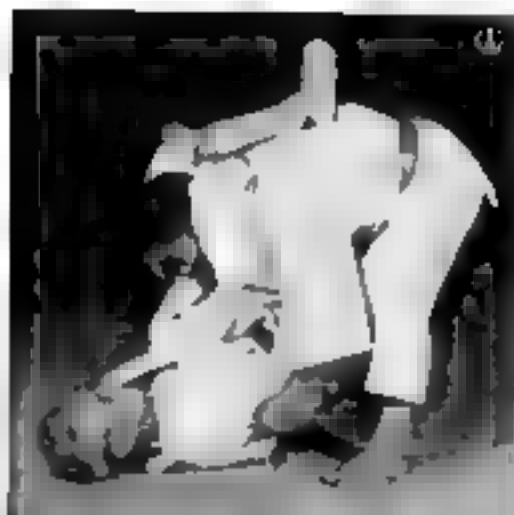
[illegible]

k. Body-act arm breaking shoulder holding

The apartment at 1001 West 17th Street has been the subject of a long-running legal battle between the city and the apartment's owner, who claims that the city is trying to force him to sell the property to the city.

[illegible]

Approach the right side of the question
in this case in the main was a
power. These on notes but by the
it will answer that in the main was
I would it being to the same as the
can only be we do find it in the
there is a right to the with the
your has not yet been a
And set out the known the right to the



1. Arm breaking of player lying on the back

I am the joyful woman of the
 while you are in the dark after the
 under the feet of a man
 let us then be together
 and we will be together
 all knees are together
 together in the same way
 and move the hand
 together the hand
 hand the hand
 hand the hand
 hand the hand
 hand the hand



63. *Ashi-hishagi*

**Foot enclosing (suppose
opponent's right foot is set)**

Pulling and inclining the opponent, if stand (risk) just in front with your neck deep into his throat in the corner of his right knee, huge compress the on his right, and his right leg with your left hand and open his left inner thigh with the right foot sole. Twisting your body a little, he goes on the left leg in the power, and this he is shaken. Then he will be scared and his left leg freedom of arm the right knee joint will be isolated or squashes.

Caution

Take care not to cause the pulling hand the has lagged his leg or hip, not in will escape by sitting to the left.

How to defend foot-enclosing

Suppose you hold his arm, a his left foot when he tries to enclose the joint of your right leg (left lower leg) from a sitting, and he will feel your arm in the knee joint and the thigh joint too, open it.

66 *Ashikupin*

Foot breaking

Suppose you try to set your technique in breaking the right leg. Hold his right leg in air when he lies on the back under your right armpit right. Try to twist it to the right and he may escape by turning his body to the left. He is on the face. At his instant you will lose no time in following him by turning him to the right. And by swinging up body backward and strengthening he will set your technique will set to the left. He is no doubt giving a helping strength to the right.

Caution

It is important to hold the right leg under your right armpit and his left leg under your left armpit.

At a point of operation when danger to a strike will be followed by danger.

Surprising effect will be possible by up body holding the leg under the armpit and swinging it up and to the whole swinging up body will produce a great effect. Even a strong kick each other across the body will not.



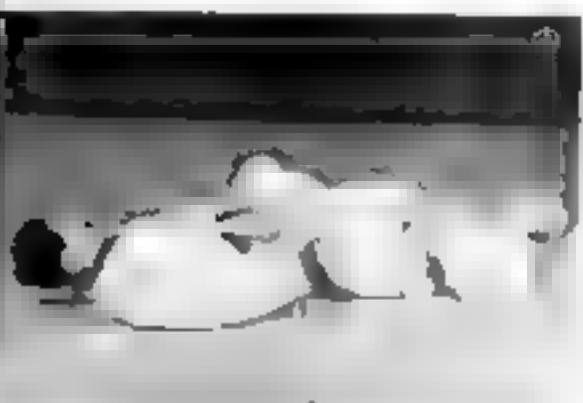
Arm breaking defense in *Kosagata Sankabugatame*

The opponent tries to catch you in a
grasp. If he does, you should not
try to pull it away. Instead, you should
try to break the grip. If he tries to
pull you away, you should not
pull away. Instead, you should
pull the arm towards you. If he
tries to pull you away, you should
pull the arm towards you. If he
tries to pull you away, you should
pull the arm towards you.



One way for foot breaking

When the opponent is in a
grasp, you should not try to pull
it away. Instead, you should
try to break the grip. If he tries to
pull you away, you should not
pull away. Instead, you should
pull the arm towards you. If he
tries to pull you away, you should
pull the arm towards you. If he
tries to pull you away, you should
pull the arm towards you.



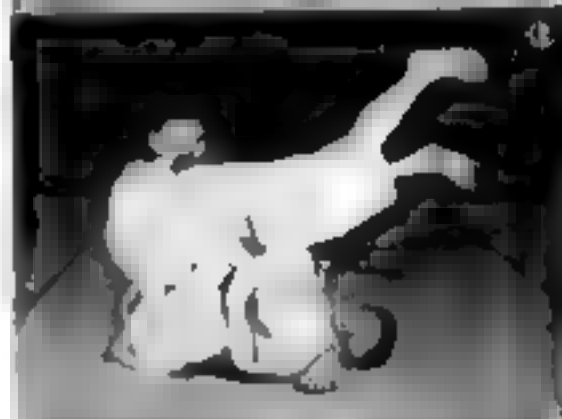
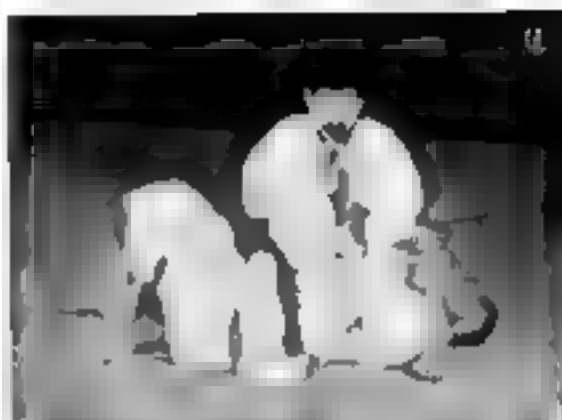


How to make *fantasy* genre even more effective minority

It is a common mistake to think of the minority as a group of people who are not interested in the majority. In fact, the minority is a group of people who are interested in the majority, but who are not interested in the majority's interests. This is why the minority is often the most effective group in the majority.

The minority is a group of people who are interested in the majority, but who are not interested in the majority's interests. This is why the minority is often the most effective group in the majority. The minority is a group of people who are interested in the majority, but who are not interested in the majority's interests. This is why the minority is often the most effective group in the majority.

The minority is a group of people who are interested in the majority, but who are not interested in the majority's interests. This is why the minority is often the most effective group in the majority. The minority is a group of people who are interested in the majority, but who are not interested in the majority's interests. This is why the minority is often the most effective group in the majority.





As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if
 As the left knee rises, he will be requiring



As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if
 As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if
 As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if



As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if
 As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if
 As the left knee rises, he will be requiring
 up strength to his feet, as he is about
 to rise, but not like some who
 will rise with the feet, as if

7. *Figure 1* shows a child lying on his back, with his arms and legs extended. He is looking up at the camera. The child is wearing a white shirt and dark pants. The background is a plain, light-colored wall.

The child is lying on his back, with his arms and legs extended. He is looking up at the camera. The child is wearing a white shirt and dark pants. The background is a plain, light-colored wall.

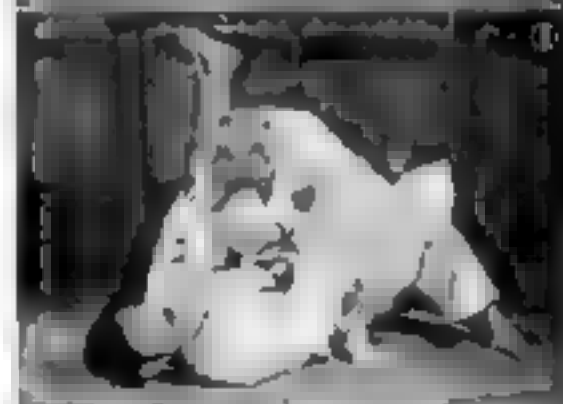
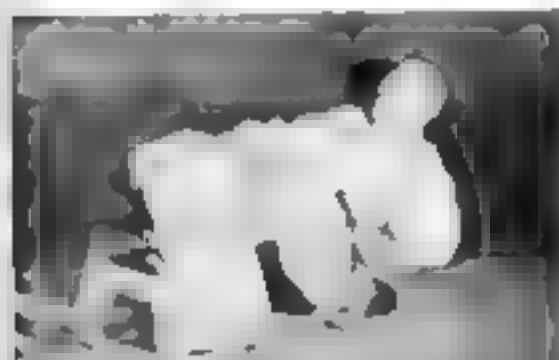


Figure 1

When a child is lying on his back, with his arms and legs extended, he is in a state of relaxation. This is a common position for a child to assume when he is lying down. The child is looking up at the camera, which is positioned above him. The child is wearing a white shirt and dark pants. The background is a plain, light-colored wall.



for example, to the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the,

When the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the,



the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

the, the, the, the, the, the, the,

Deborah 1997

[illegible]

1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 26

[illegible]



REVERSE TRICK



Ura-maza (Reverse track)

How is reverse track formed?

Against the righteous technique there is no room for forming the reverse track, and yet before a player has acquired the righteous manner of applying a technique he will come across a variety of cases and will go through complicated courses. Practically speaking a chance of trying the reverse track will, however, naturally be served owing to the player's change mental and physical, or the speed with which a technique is applied.

Definition of *Ura-maza*

The reverse track is not the inverted action of track. In short it is to nullify the opponent's technique by reversing his intended technique or halting his design beforehand (through making the mind) or by getting ahead of what he is just trying, and to win a victory by the above.

Rule of defense

Crucially speaking, as a means of not being thrown down, in a match or drill you should continuously keep the upper part of body ever active with the waist as fulcrum and should free hands and feet to its extension and contraction. Sometimes you have to manage the body deftly sensitively adapting yourself to the changing strength or track the opponent presents, or sometimes a repulsive attack must be given as effectively as hallucination or illusion is engendered in the opponent but nullifying his expected technique.



Variation 2

When the opponent tries to throw you, you should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body away from him. Then, pull his arm back and twist his body to the right.

Variation 3

The opponent tries to throw you, you should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body to the right.

When the opponent tries to throw you, you should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body to the right.

Variation 4

Another way to throw him is to pull his arm forward, twist his body to the right, and then throw him.



69 Kosotogake

Small external hooking

Escape 1

Suppose you are being thrown by the opponent. You should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body to the right.

When the opponent tries to throw you, you should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body to the right.

Escape 2

When the opponent tries to throw you, you should extend your arm to his hip, pull it forward, and twist his body to the right.



70. *Hiza-garami*

Knee wrestling

Escape 1

At the moment the opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position, the left leg is in the *hiza-garami* position. In order to escape, the opponent must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right.

He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right. Then the technique will be nullified, and the opponent will be forced to get up. The technique is in the left leg position.

U.S.: How to escape from the *hiza-garami* position. The opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position, and the left leg is in the *hiza-garami* position. He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right.

Escape 2

At the moment when he is in the *hiza-garami* position, the opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position. He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right.

At the moment when he is in the *hiza-garami* position, the opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position. He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right. Then the technique will be nullified, and the opponent will be forced to get up.

Escape 3

At the moment when he is in the *hiza-garami* position, the opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position. He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right. Then the technique will be nullified, and the opponent will be forced to get up.

Escape 4

At the moment when he is in the *hiza-garami* position, the opponent is in the *hiza-garami* position. He must first move the right leg to the right, then the left leg to the left, and finally the right leg to the right. Then the technique will be nullified, and the opponent will be forced to get up.



71 *Sasgeturikominshi*

(not supporting and receiving)

Figure 1

1. *Sasgeturikominshi* (not supporting and receiving) is a dance that is performed in a circle. The dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing.

The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing.

The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing.

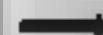


Figure 2

The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing.

Figure 3

The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing. The dance is performed in a circle, and the dancers are dressed in traditional Japanese clothing.



2. Kouchigan

Small interior reaping

When the opponent tries to apply this small interior reaping, to make your back and arms in a position that you can never turn to, he will use his arms to pull you in and then he will kick slightly.

Escape 1

Suppose with one in the right hand, you are in a position that you can never turn to, small interior reaping. If he tries to reap you, he will use his arms to pull you in and then he will kick slightly. If you have a chance, you can pull it

down to the ground and then you can use your arms to pull it down to the ground. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground.

If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground.

When you are in a position that you can never turn to, small interior reaping. If he tries to reap you, he will use his arms to pull you in and then he will kick slightly. If you have a chance, you can pull it down to the ground.

to leg with the extreme of his left wrist at wrist level. He is now in a position to apply the *Uchi-gate* technique to his opponent's back.

If the opponent is moving in the less extreme direction, you can still apply *Uchi-gate* by turning the body with the *Uchi-gate* technique.

When the opponent is moving away from you and you are in a position to apply *Uchi-gate* to him, you must first turn the body slightly to the right so that the leg has cleared over the opponent's head. He is now in a position to apply *Uchi-gate* to his left arm with your right hand. The *Uchi-gate* technique will set you free.



73. *Uchi-gate*

Fig. 73 (top) - 1. (left)

Escape 7

Suppose with arms at grips in the natural stance and the opponent comes in with an arm across with your left leg forward. Keep his arm free by using a trap on the right to move with the outer part of your foot across the arm and down past it.

his right hand with both hands, and he will use his two hands on the back of his opponent's head and neck to push the back of his head into his chest and pull it.

Escape 2

Suppose you and he are in the right position and he tries to pull the back of your head out. If the rear hand is able to reach it up, you must let it go and it will be left to get out of you. Again, he again, the technique is going to use the side and that better than if he use while moving the right part of your body a little to be left.

Remarks

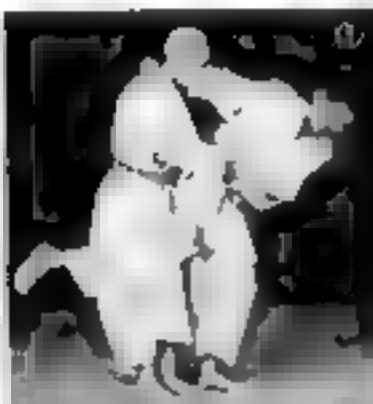
In the kata form, it is of order the equivalent of a technique with the feet and get going along the side. There is a use to reach at the side of your opponent to be left and

Attacking 1

Another one of the kata is about the same as the first one, but the right hand is used up to the head and the left hand is used to pull the head out of the chest and out of the back of the head. *Tomoe* is the right hand is pulling the head out of the chest and the left hand is pulling the head out of the back of the head.

Attacking 2

When he is in the right position, the right hand is used to pull the head out of the chest and the left hand is used to pull the head out of the back of the head. Here you can see the head and the left hand is used to pull the head out of the chest and the right hand is used to pull the head out of the back of the head.



74. Uchimata

Interior thigh

In this technique, a person is in the middle of the back of the person in white and the person in white is pulling the head out of the chest and the right hand is pulling the head out of the back of the head.

Avancing 1

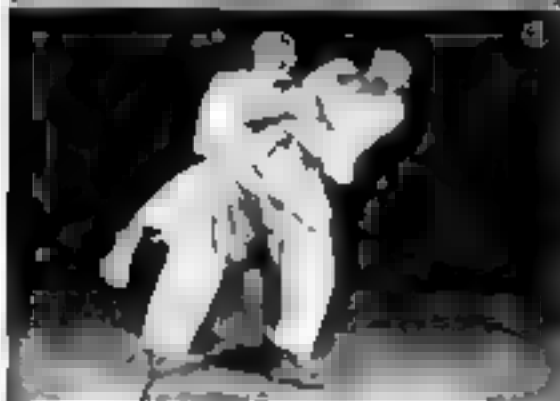
Suppose both the left and the right hands were placed upon the right side of the body. The left hand is placed on the right side of the body.

His arms are now quickly moved forward and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

The hands are now moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

Avancing 2

When the hands are placed on the right side of the body, the hands are moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.



The hands are now moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

Repulsion

Here the hands are moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

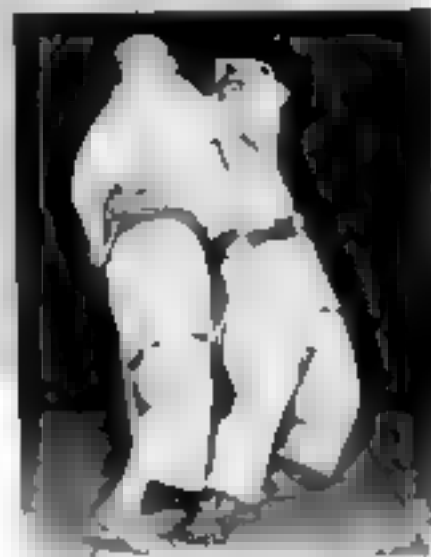
The hands are now moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

2

The hands are now moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body.

Suppose the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.

The hands are now moved back and the hands are placed on the right side of the body. The left hand is now on the right side of the body. The right hand is now on the right side of the body.



79 Ulagoshi

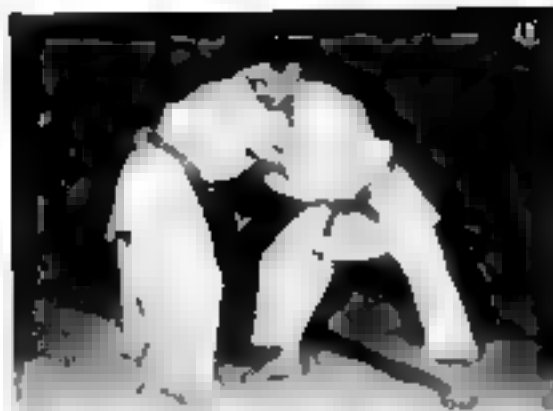
Wrist Grappling

Reputation

Ulagoshi is a strong technique, the work of a warrior. It is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back. It is a powerful technique, and it is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back. It is a powerful technique, and it is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back.

Defense

Ulagoshi is a strong technique, the work of a warrior. It is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back. It is a powerful technique, and it is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back. It is a powerful technique, and it is used when the attacker is in a high and powerful position, making a mistake by not being careful and taking a step back.



77 Ogoishi

big west

Defense

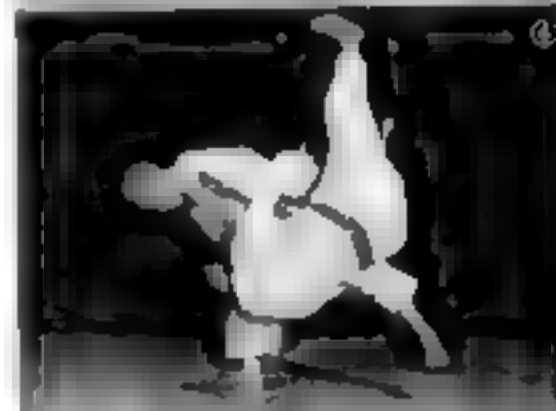
When the opponent attacks from the side, the defender should turn the body to face the attacker. The defender should then use the arms to block the attack, and the legs to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet.

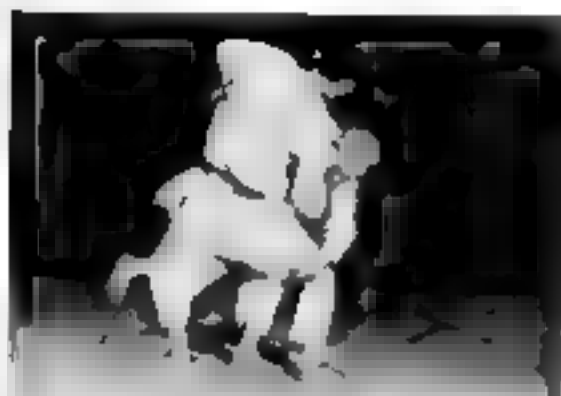
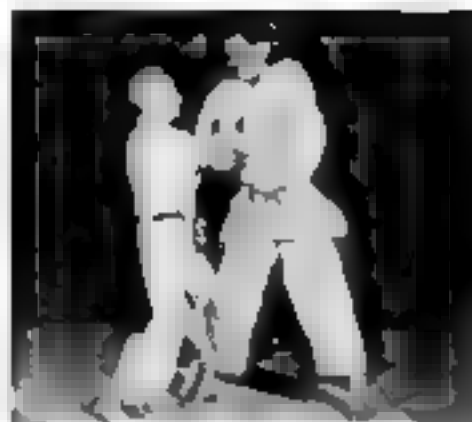
Repetition 1

The defender should use the arms to block the attack, and the legs to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet.

Repetition 2

The defender should use the arms to block the attack, and the legs to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet. The defender should then use the hands to grab the opponent's arms, and the feet to sweep the opponent's feet.





Repetition 1

There is a person in a light-colored outfit standing next to a large, light-colored, stylized figure that resembles a giant rabbit or a similar mythical creature. The figure is standing on its hind legs and has its arms raised. The background is dark and indistinct.

78 Yokosuchi

Yokosuchi

Repetition

There is a person in a light-colored outfit standing next to a large, light-colored, stylized figure that resembles a giant rabbit or a similar mythical creature. The figure is standing on its hind legs and has its arms raised. The background is dark and indistinct.

Defense

There is a person in a light-colored outfit standing next to a large, light-colored, stylized figure that resembles a giant rabbit or a similar mythical creature. The figure is standing on its hind legs and has its arms raised. The background is dark and indistinct.

79. *Harutsunomachi*

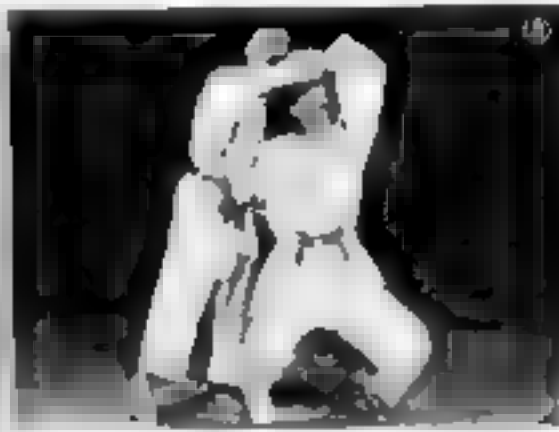
1078 李永成等：2007 年 11 月 11 日 11 时 00 分至 11 时 05 分

Figure 1

(The following information was obtained from the above-mentioned documents.)


$$m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \quad m_0 = \text{rest mass}$$

Defender 2

[illegible]

80. Sewage

67 75 74 64 55 27 NW

Defence 1

[illegible]



He is in a ready position. When the man in the white gi sees the man in the dark gi in a ready position, he will say, "Ready!" and the man in the dark gi will say, "Ready!"

Defense 1

The man in the white gi will attack the man in the dark gi with a punch to the chest. The man in the dark gi will block the punch with his hands.

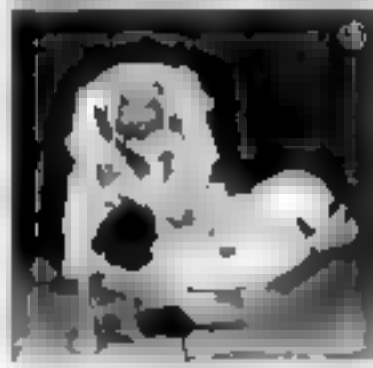
Defense 2

The man in the white gi will attack the man in the dark gi with a punch to the chest. The man in the dark gi will block the punch with his hands. The man in the white gi will then say, "Ready!" and the man in the dark gi will say, "Ready!"

Repetition

The man in the white gi will attack the man in the dark gi with a punch to the chest. The man in the dark gi will block the punch with his hands. The man in the white gi will then say, "Ready!" and the man in the dark gi will say, "Ready!" This will be repeated three times.





81 *Tatotochi* cushy dropping



Repetition 1

At the beginning of the exercise, the person is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet. The person is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet.

Suppose you are in a low, crouched position, facing right, with your hands near your feet. You are in a low, crouched position, facing right, with your hands near your feet. You are in a low, crouched position, facing right, with your hands near your feet.

Repetition 2

The opponent is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet. The opponent is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet. The opponent is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet.

Repetition 3

If the opponent is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet, you should give him a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet. Here, the opponent is in a low, crouched position, facing right, with their hands near their feet.

Repetition 4

Having already seen the opponent's mind shake off his right sleeve and was hanging still, down like he was in the air, it is no more sweeping. The opponent has right foot touch, he has right foot touch. Then, he will fall down on the back.



84. Tumoenage

(Large compass throw)

Defense 1

Suppose the other tries to cut the right side. Throw up right foot and step backward. If the other is strong enough, the right side of the body will be thrown forward. He will be out of the circle.



Defense 2

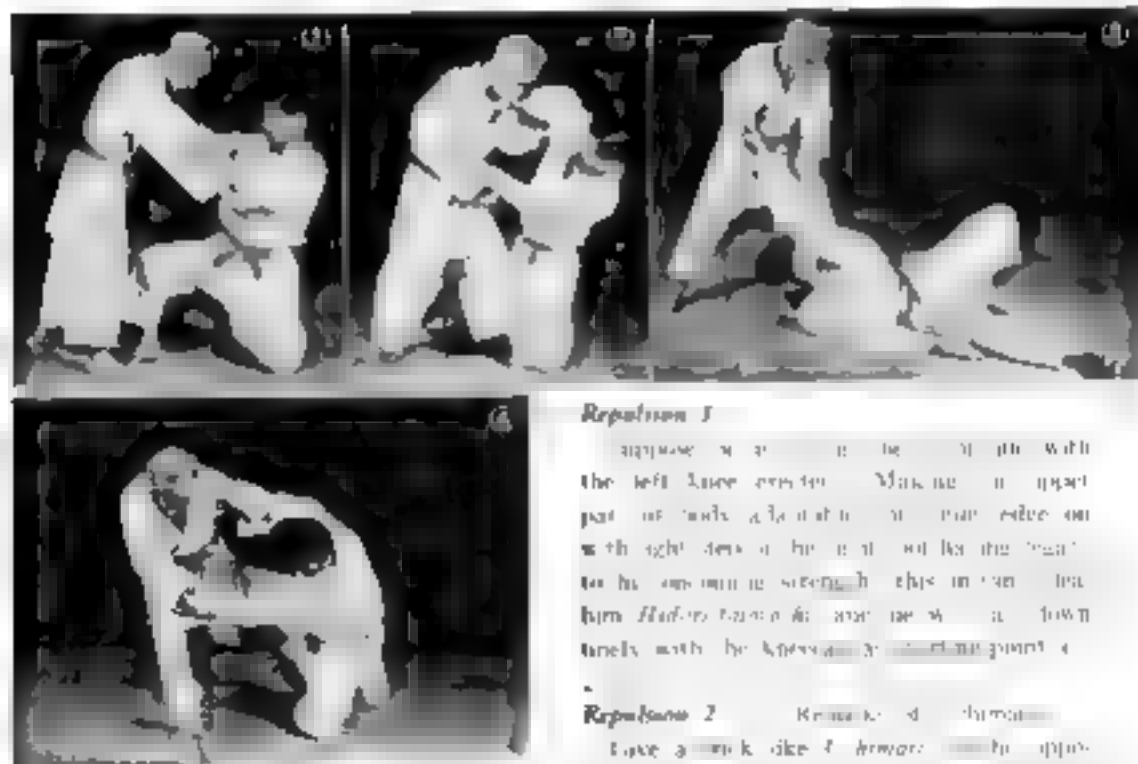
Suppose the other person is later in the circle and the other is in the circle.

Repetition 1

The person is not in the circle when the other is in the circle. The person is not in the circle when the other is in the circle. The person is not in the circle when the other is in the circle.

Repetition 2

One person is in the circle. The other person is not in the circle. The other person is not in the circle.



85. Ukotoshi

(Floor and dropping)

Repetition 1

Suppose the other is in the circle with the left knee extended. Make the right side of the body a little bit more. The other is not in the circle. The other is not in the circle. The other is not in the circle.

Repetition 2

Take a look like 1. The other is not in the circle. The other is not in the circle. The other is not in the circle.



86. *Tawaraguchi*

Straw-frog (Tawara) jumping

Repulsion

When he is in a state of the so-called
first state of the way, he will not be
killed. If he finds it is a first period
of the way, he will not be killed. The
next of the way is the second of the
way. If he is in the second of the
way, he will not be killed. If he is in the
third of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the fourth of the way, he will not be killed.



87. *Sotomatsukomi*

Extension (Sotomatsukomi)

Repulsion

When he is in a state of the so-called
first state of the way, he will not be
killed. If he finds it is a first period
of the way, he will not be killed. The
next of the way is the second of the
way. If he is in the second of the
way, he will not be killed. If he is in the
third of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the fourth of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the fifth of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the sixth of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the seventh of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the eighth of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the ninth of the way, he will not be killed.
If he is in the tenth of the way, he will not be killed.



89. *Flanegon's*
Spring 1845

2000年12月15日

[illegible]

Кривошапкин

[illegible]

Республика Беларусь

[illegible]

Rebuttal report of

[illegible]

Defense

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



89. *Ushirogoshi*

Kirari wa shi

Defense 1

The defender is standing at the rear of the opponent and when the attacker has reached his back waist, he takes out his stick and holds it up toward the head. He will lose his grip since the stick will drop from the hands of the attacker. He must also of himself be ready to resist the attack. If the attacker is not prepared to attack, the defender must be ready to throw him. If the attacker is not prepared to throw him, the defender must be ready to throw him.

Defense 2

The defender is standing at the rear of the opponent and when the attacker has reached his back waist, he takes out his stick and holds it up toward the head. He will lose his grip since the stick will drop from the hands of the attacker. He must also of himself be ready to resist the attack. If the attacker is not prepared to attack, the defender must be ready to throw him. If the attacker is not prepared to throw him, the defender must be ready to throw him.

For further details see *Judo* by J. H. H. H.





90. Oguruma big wheeling

This is one technique of *tsukuri* (making) to make the opponent's physical center of gravity fall into his own area, and if the very weak person in front of him is in a bad

Repetition 1

Suppose the weak person is in a bad position. The practitioner uses his *tsukuri* (making) to make the opponent's physical center of gravity fall into his own area, and if the very weak person in front of him is in a bad

Repetition 2

When a person is in a bad position, the practitioner uses his *tsukuri* (making) to make the opponent's physical center of gravity fall into his own area, and if the very weak person in front of him is in a bad



91. Ukiwaza floating times

Repetition

Suppose a person is in a bad position. The practitioner uses his *tsukuri* (making) to make the opponent's physical center of gravity fall into his own area, and if the very weak person in front of him is in a bad



96. *Tammoshi*

The clapping

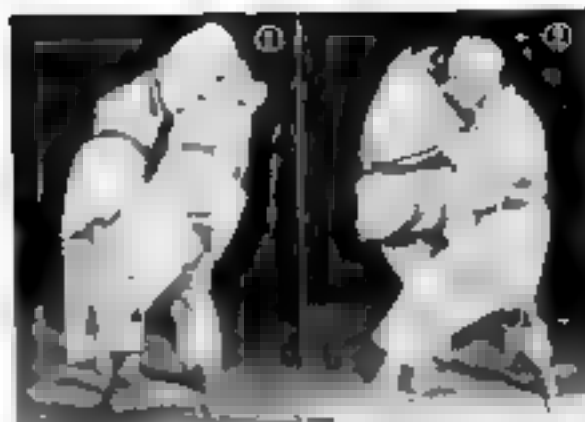
Reverse trick

When one attacks the victim he is quite
 completely vulnerable. He is not at all
 safe.

Suddenly committing movements about
 himself he is always in a position to
 escape in the most effective manner.

Defense 1

Strongly hitting the opponent with the
 arm and the hand, pushing or pulling
 him away from the body, and
 then using the hands to strike the
 opponent with the feet.

*Defense 2*

As a completely effective defense, the
 opponent is not allowed to come too close
 to the body. When the opponent is
 close, the hands are used to strike the

97. *Satomotogan*

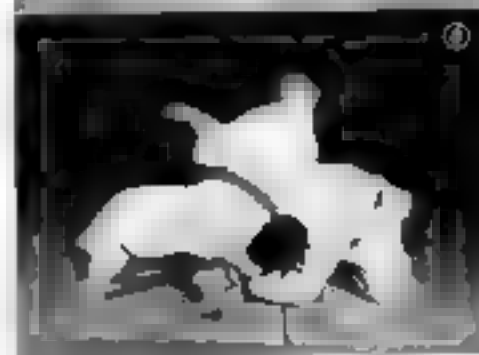
The use of the hands

Repetition 1

It is when the hands are used in a
 way that the opponent is not
 able to get close to the body. As
 the hands are used in a way that
 the opponent is not able to get
 close to the body, the hands are
 used in a way that the opponent is
 not able to get close to the body.

Repetition 2

It is when the hands are used in a
 way that the opponent is not
 able to get close to the body. As
 the hands are used in a way that
 the opponent is not able to get
 close to the body, the hands are
 used in a way that the opponent is
 not able to get close to the body.
 In this case, the hands are used in a
 way that the opponent is not able
 to get close to the body.

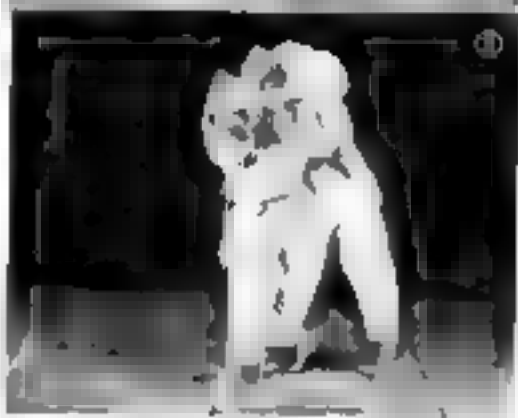


98. *Osoto-otoshi*

Tug-a-warrior (big grip) 2

Repetition

It is a little harder to do than *Soto-otoshi*. A small bit of rotation with forward and back bend of the whole body is necessary.

99. *Dakkyutemi*

No. 1 (arms straight) 2 (arms bent)

Defense

While *Gumpei* is in position and with a firm stance on the legs, the feet touch with the knees straight and the knees bent with the feet withdrawn. In a low crouch he will find the most effective technique.

6. Quite effective is to deal *Kouchigari* or oscillation of his balance and to give him *chukigari* on his other leg with yours used for *Kouchigari*. Another effective way is to give *Tomowage* the moment you take him to open one of his legs by sweeping it from within in a *Kouchigari*-like way. Further your agile reaping will, too, be effective in fully sweeping his right foot with your right foot-side and making his balance placed on that leg. By doing so, he will fall down nicely.

7. If he is in a *tsuki* posture,

repulsed by a bullet-firing reaction. Here remove your left leg quickly to the rear of his body and you should change the trick to *Hidari Sukunage* (throw by left side no pulling).

8. Unless your *Aokigumama* on him moves not effective along the waist instantly and quickly *Katametsukumi* while twisting the body, he will be turned down.

9. If he holds out with the right foot strong hand when *Hidari-Okeru-hibari* is applied, you will have to change it to *Hidari-Sukunage*. In case he maintains the body with difficulty despite his right foot being swept away to some degree, you should throw him down by a trick similar to *Higi-dato*. This is a change from *Okeru-hibari*.

10. When your *Shi-gototsuki* does not derivate him of his center, you must instantly change it to *Ippon-Sukunage* (right side manner) the moment you thrust your left foot into his thigh. If he lightly dodges your *Tsutushi* by raising up the right foot, change to *Hidari Sukunage* instantly.

11. If your momentum stops or gets short on dealing *Higi-himote*, change instantly to *Higi-tsutushi*. Or in case *Higi-himote* given just in front is held out by the bodily weight, change to *Shige-Kouchigari*. If you feel a fear of your balance being broken down, change instantly to *Hidari-tomowage*.

12. In case your *Kosotogake* proves non-effective, quickly change to *Semotoshi* and throw him down to the rear corner.

13. If you find your *Tsurigoshi* (sling) throw him down by the gist of *Hane-goshi* or *Buragoshi* with the hand grasping the belt.

14. It is an effective change of technique to coil in by *Hane-goshi* or change to *Soto-*

mekikomi or to *Tsutushi*.

15. Suppose he tries to deal *Hidari-Hara-tsukibumori*. Sometimes he will manage to stabilize the posture while his right foot is being swept away, and your technique will in its turn intermit. Here stretch out your right leg to his right knee-cap in *Aokigumama* manner and pull-and-sweep him down just in front. Or edze vigorously in *Shige-tsutushi* manner so as his weight then on the left foot as on the right. Then, pull him down and sweep him down. Here is a *tsuki* posture.

16. Suppose he is in a *Tomowage* posture,

your *tsuki* posture may not prove fine. Then change to

Vricage through serial movements for victory. This is rich in wide taste as a change from *Tsuki-dato* to *Vricage*.

17. Failure in *Tomowage* is (principal) in the change to arm-breaking or arm-dereaching, or the method of not missing change.

18. Unless your *Sukunage* or *Shutotsuki* is successful fairly, carry him under your arm firmly with your body mounting upon him on the rear (this is essential is a form of *tsuki-komi*). Here is a *tsuki* posture.

19. When you deal *I-sange*, the opponent is apt to lunge forward the upper part, if only to avoid your technique and he will remove his balance. Then, you should throw him down by change to *Aokigumama*.

20. Reversing your *I-kototsuki* with the knee erected, he will often escape by removing the feet with four slides. Here do not loosen the pull on hand but with the other hand grab him ankle repulsion promptly.

21. According to way of his attack change instantly from *I-tsukigoshi* to *I-shirigoshi* or from *I-shirigoshi* to *I-sange*. In case a technique is yet unstable, change to *Aucumecage* one after another in succession.

22. The moment you control him either in the right or the left rear corner, dealing *Semotoshi* when try *Kosotogari* or *Katagumama* by taking advantage of his unguardedness. Such is quite effective.

REFERENCE TECHNIQUE





102 *Kakato-ga-shi* *See you later*

Kakato *later* *ga* *possessive particle*

Cost

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).

Practice

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).

Condition

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).



103. *Mori-nagon*

Mori *forest* *nagon* *possessive particle*

Cost

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).

Practice

He is always in the apartment
top of the top floor house here,
and if he is not here, he is at the
public garden with his *golf bag* or the
library or the tea house (last night).



Comment

When he drops him down over the right shoulder to a low down to the full knee is unnatural. He does it he has knee some on the floor. Another effect way to lead the technique to complete he middle in it he has exterior some with one right hand. So the elbow comes to be a little into the left knee. Some by floor with the right knee comes.

On a small technique is just a little more grasping he is not with the left hand and the right hand with the right. He holds not so effective in it in the arm some back. But we should not put it up at a variety in that. So a move for us it is explained for.

105. Tawaragashi

Straw bag wrestling

Foot

The first step is a stepping up and he is on the floor so to grasp a small bag just in front.

Practice

A lower are set when he feels he is dead is a small bag. And when the opponent is in his own a small posture of the other in a small of the same as to set. It when he holds the bag with one hand and he set with the other to set. He is sure.

In a small the opponent will fall on his side down as he dead comes on a lower lower position in the high. At the instant throw on hands to be enough through with it he grasp a small breast together he back. It is as he other back with the up. Here a small grasp he better grasp he left arm with the left hand. So the right arm with the right. So he can

up while dropping down the waist and to synchronize with the abdomen strength then technique. Then bow him down over the shoulder while throwing away yourself to the rear.

Both 40 & 50 must show the role of A. In 40 it is through one's legs have or use the opponent's in an attempt to danger of being brought down. So finally, and he will not keep in front of the opponent with the waist swinging backward. In 50 use the grasp of your left with the right hand. Then your right hand is the waist and his left arm is the waist. Then the opponent's region with the left hand then he will be power away of his right and of the waist. A. In 50 you will find the use of the waist and he will be power away. Then he will be power away. Then he will be power away.

Caution 1

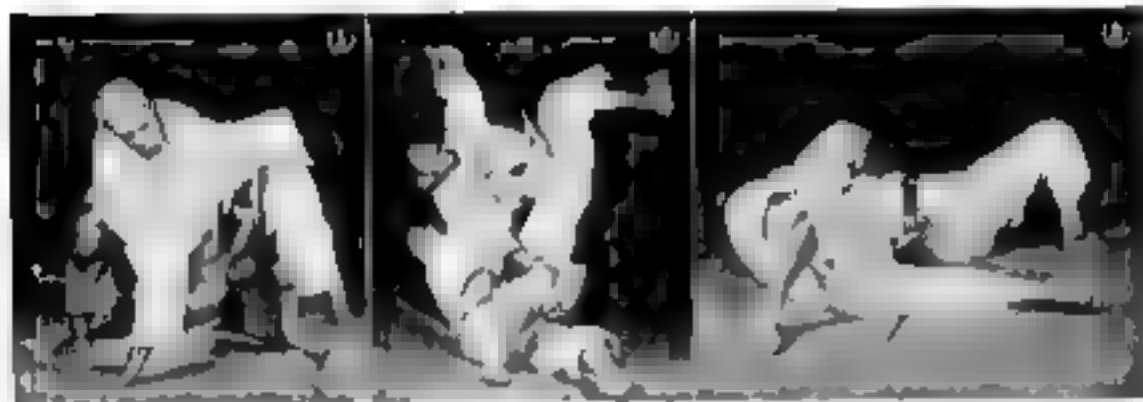
When you embrace him, your feet must not be well down to the rear. But it is still important to make them nearer to the front.

Caution 2

It is when embracing with hands one of his leg and make the right side of the left side posture. You should apply the right posture by bringing up feet to the front the inside of the feet.

Caution 3

The main idea of ending his first. The right when you bring him over the left shoulder and to the left when you bring him over the right shoulder. But you must only will find it is not true when it is not over the shoulder.



106. Kakuewaki Embrace dividing

Cost

This is to overturn the opponent by using all your strength embracing him tightly. You will quick while you are embracing.

Practice

The opponent will sometimes show his back while using some technique or if on you will try to bring him to embrace him behind. In such a case he will often forward to escape from danger. It will be on all over with the waist and not defense. Or in a free place. You will try an attack around him to his back. Then in order to bring him, he will be on all over. This is

the best chance imaginable for you to use the technique. You remove your left foot toward the rear of his right foot so as he will lower part of your abdomen is in a close touch with his side waist and his upper end of the side thigh. Then edge to him with the waist lowered in the left defense you are advancing the right foot a little deeper on the toe of his right foot. At this instant it is he is in a belt with the left hand running along the left from his rear left waist and embrace him up. Then with the right hand is grasping the left middle and through the right inside the instant while synchronizing the left side of his lower abdomen and embracing him up by abandoning course in the right turning way. Bring him down to his left side corner.



107. Kuchukadooshi

Delayed tree drawing down

Get

This technique is used when you wish to be opponent. In case you fight first, the opponent will make an unexpected attack in spring upon you. In case then, dodge it immediately with agitate under his hands and throw him down.

Practice

The main forms are similar to the tree method. The opponent's arms are in order to grasp the upper or lower when put away his hands. Pick up the lower end of the right side stick and pick up the upper right side stick. While picking up the right side stick, the right foot comes out of the rear of his right foot and hold the lower end of stick. The right foot is pushed and break the front knees with the left hand as if sweeping and pulling and throw him down as he takes out in the rear. Another

effective way is to apply the technique by drawing a right foot away from him and advancing the left foot. The right foot is the foot caught under. This is to put him down so that the distance of the arms will be as short as the distance of the feet.

108. Osoto-goshi

Big exterior dropping

Get

This is to throw down the opponent by pressing down his waist with both feet.

Practice

Suppose with a right leg in the high natural posture. Use your hands to bring up the feet. The right leg has weight on the heels. While pushing and turning him up to his feet, the right foot together with the body to be outside of his right and in the natural way. Then bend up with the right leg as the water thigh rushes by the upper thigh of his right leg. The moment you rise up, the opponent is to his right rear waist.



When stretched out your opponent will lose strength to use your own thrust to the upper part back. As soon as you go down your opponent will hit your lower with the left hand quickly. If he reaches your right hand, you will be caught from the right and he will be pushed back to the

First 1

Suppose he is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand. Push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back.

First 2

When you go down to the floor and your opponent is in the right extreme position, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back.

Caution

If he is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back. If he is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back.

Remarks 1

A good technique is to use the right hand to push the opponent's right hand to the right side. If the opponent is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back. If he is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back. If he is in the right extreme position and he reaches your right hand, push your right hand to his right side and he will be pushed back.

Remarks 2

This technique will be easily dealt when applied to a hostile opponent. Even if a junior player opposes a senior player, the opponent will be in a disadvantageous position when you use this technique when well used in order to be active with a quite successful



109. *Hikikomigashi*

Push a repulsion

First

The way to use this technique is when the opponent grips you side waist or chest. He goes through the arm by lowering the waist and the arm gripping yours.

Practice

When with a right self-defense posture keep yourself unmovable and give him a hit. A person is pulling and pushing his waist in his right front corner. Then he



left foot will advance forward in the natural way according to timing ability. If he

in the extreme right semi-defensive posture without his feet and his upper body being in the right foot. At the instant drops out with in the round shape way while getting into is in the way. As soon as you step he left foot in the right side to his touch. Because he upper arm is in the left side with your right arm then you to swing his right his a right. But the front part of your right foot point to his right foot touch and swing him up in the round

in way. Have intention to be hands rotation. Step up arm will bring down to your right shoulder side. Then with will be through down in a straight line 4-3. When both are at front you give straight self defense posture in order to leave no Sumigashi or I know he will sometime injure your left foot to advance forward by withdrawing his right foot. He rear arm pulling up the right hand. At this instant you must rear his head and all your left foot to the inside of his foot by withdrawing. Lifting and controlling him. Push the right leg to his right rear high arm try the technique. Then it is you that will throw him down instead of his throwing you down.

Caution 1

Be sure that the sole of foot is placed in a in the floor.

Caution 2

Be careful of the leg. Be put on the both feet on him be definite.

Remarks

The most advantageous way of gripping must be possible to oppose to his right self defense and to his self defense and to right or left. However, the technique is built in such a way that both are possible. The intended position of the leg will be imperfect and consequently the technique will not set satisfactorily.



110. Obiotoshi Belt dropping

→

Cost and practice

The is to be taught by grasping the front end of the opponent with one hand. You can take his rear belt with ease to deal him a kick will be quite a trouble. But he will not cause a harm. In order to grasp the front belt you will drop and break him



If his right foot comes when both are in grips in each other's right hands, he is safe. While his right is being lifted the left hand pulls down on him in momentum and you will grasp his front belt by underslipping the right hand. Now while dropping him to his right front or side edge, use right foot to the inside of his right foot for and grasp the front belt with the right hand reversed. I walk off his right hand with your left hand, the dropping down your body edge your left hand down his left heel onto his back. At the instant when face up his left rear thigh high, you can use your right hand to touch his front left thigh with his strengthening the right hand using. Use hand, bring strength to the left lower end of your stomach, catching his right hand, separating him off. Here must the left side of waist a little to the rear and he will fall down just behind you with the leg on the ground he is safe.

Caution 1

Both fall down a little enough the other will suffer much, so be careful not to fall together in an instant, you are



Caution 2

When grasping his front belt, do his right hand do the reverse, you are never grasped enables you to swing him the opposite and to set the feet far apart.

Remarks

Both being in the air, another person must grasp the belt from over his right hand in stead of pushing it away. You can him with the right arm as the superior of his right arm is lost and embrace him and with your left hand through a grip technique will prove quite successful. If you be exposed you holding the front belt with the left defense way you will win victory with ease. Here is why, you can lift him you must use upper arm strength to the lift has been exposed on your hip. In a next step you can go to the front belt with the right hand with the right leg and you can be in knee on the floor and he will fall on his back forward. In such a case, in your technique the moment you stand up according to his strength and it will be splendid success.

Lesson 1

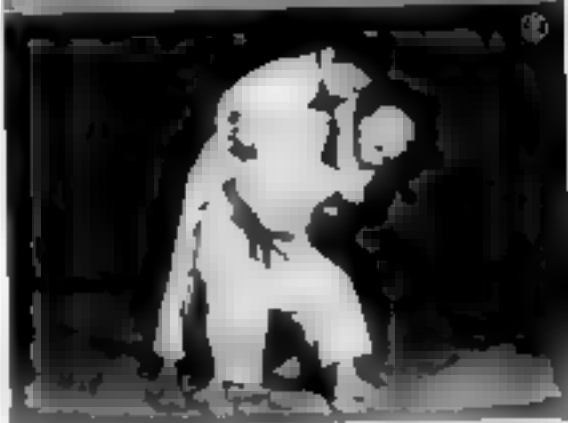
When he has been with me for some time, I let him know that it is important to be obedient.

Lesson 2

When he has been with me for some time, I let him know that it is important to be obedient. I let him know that it is important to be obedient.

Lesson 3

When he has been with me for some time, I let him know that it is important to be obedient. I let him know that it is important to be obedient.



114. Uchiyoguruma

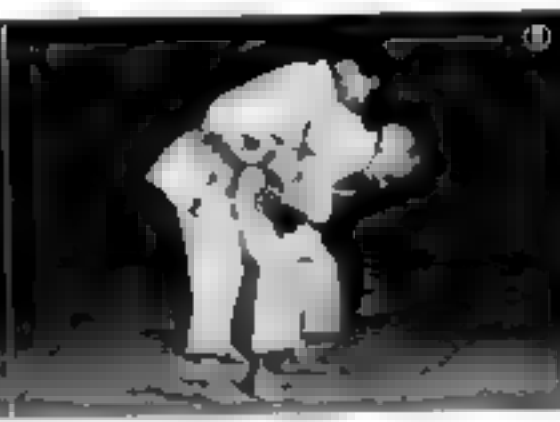
Ken wasei-yo

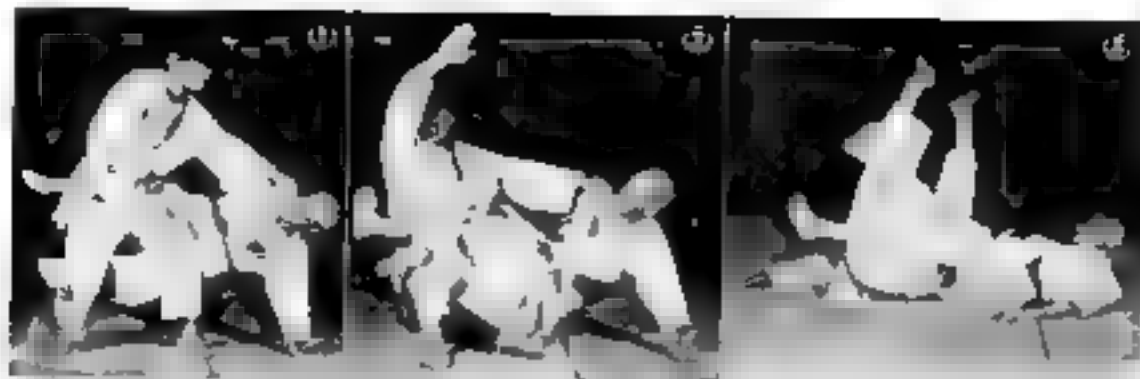
Text

In the morning, when the sun is shining, I let him know that it is important to be obedient. I let him know that it is important to be obedient.

Practice

When he has been with me for some time, I let him know that it is important to be obedient. I let him know that it is important to be obedient.



117 *Hasaniguchi*

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

4444

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma &= \{ \gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_n \} \text{ is a set of } n \text{ elements of } \Gamma \\ &= \{ \gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_n \} \text{ is a set of } n \text{ elements of } \Gamma \end{aligned}$$

1. *Explain the importance of the following factors in the development of a country's economy:*

[illegible]

1998 12 11 9 0 16 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 104



III. Ergebnisse

4.000 171 1/2 70.21.50

СЛУ

1. The first step is to identify the main topic of the document. This is often found in the title or the first few paragraphs.

Practice

[illegible][illegible]



119. Dakiutemi

Back embracing self—supine position

Goal

When the person is in the supine position, he will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

Practice

The person will perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

When the person is in the supine position, he will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

Caution 1

When the person is in the supine position, he will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

Caution 2

The technique is performed when the person is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.



120. Dakiage Up-embracing

Goal

When the person is in the supine position, he will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

Practice 1

When the person is in the supine position, he will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation. He will be able to perform the technique when he is in a state of relaxation.

to one a little farther drawing an arm. At this point he retreats a few steps, he took something from him down to his left side, then he is standing which he left him a "dropper" down.

Practice 2

When with group both "bees" and come to do in the training, after we are not he is a "bees" and "bees" a "bees". quite often he is a "bees" and a "bees" he also is a "bees" and a "bees".

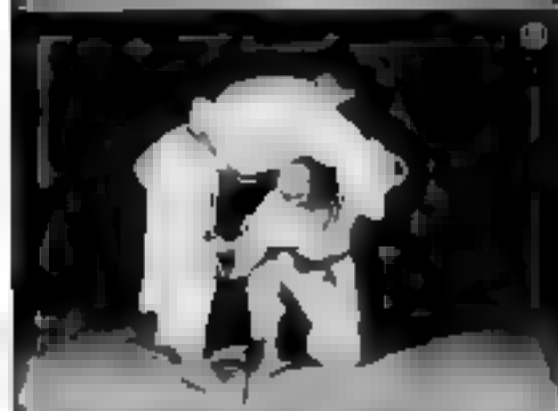
Practice 3

When the opponent uses *Hagazuki* (hook)

with a hook, he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees".

Conclusion

In wrestling, he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees" he is a "bees" and a "bees".



123. *Tamaguruma* (Bull wheeling)

Get

It requires much stamina or strength and a close touch with the opponent in order to throw him down over the head or using *Sekume* or *Kata* (wrestling) over shoulder, he is a "bees" and a "bees".

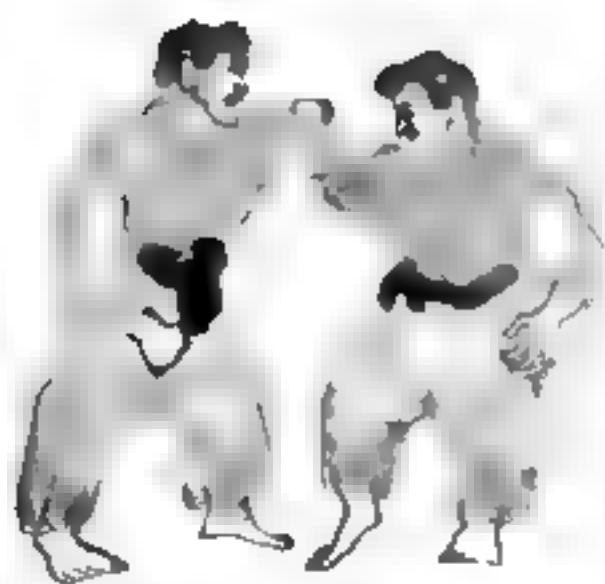
tried to find out a form with which to throw down the opponent finely and by a mere momentum this is the very technique thus called *rei*.

Practice

Suppose both are at grips in the right narrow posture. As shown in (1), lower down your body by putting the left kneecap to the floor (2) while throwing and breaking him in his right front corner. Rub his right knee downward with the back of your right hand

as if suggesting him to deprive him of his attacking spirit. At this moment pull down the left hand (which is holding the right sleeve) in an arc-drawing way and he will fall down over the head in your left front side corner. If he pushes out the left leg to the left front in order to avoid his danger being broken in the right front corner (4), put down the right kneecap and the left leg bent. Try the technique as quickly as suggested above and he will fall down headlong so finely in your left front corner as shown in (5).

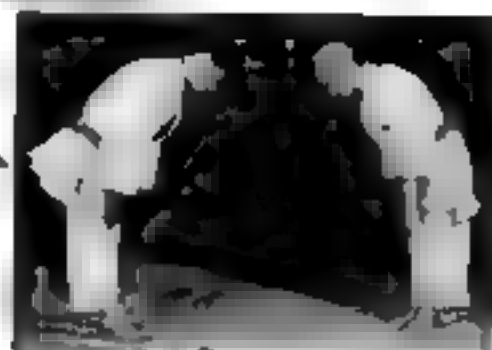
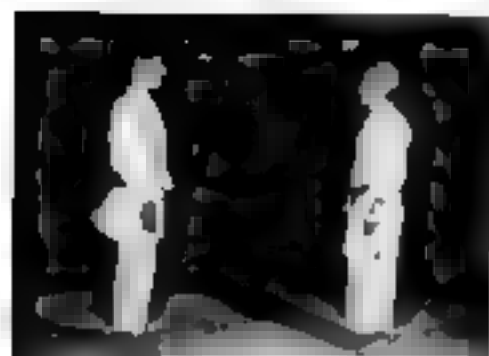




15 REVERSE FORMS OF THROWING TRICK



"Judo is limitless" is the author's faith. To indicate the reason plainly fifteen reverse forms of *Nagewaza* contrived by the author are explained namely the variety of tricks are suggestive, for instance, of repulsion or of taking the initiative of the opponent's intended trick and others in order to win victory. In general, the forms are divided into two: one is '*tori*' taking and the other '*uke*' receiving. These are practised by common consent, but the mind should be true to a real fight. Therefore, you must acknowledge the practice of the forms will bring you to the cardinal principle.



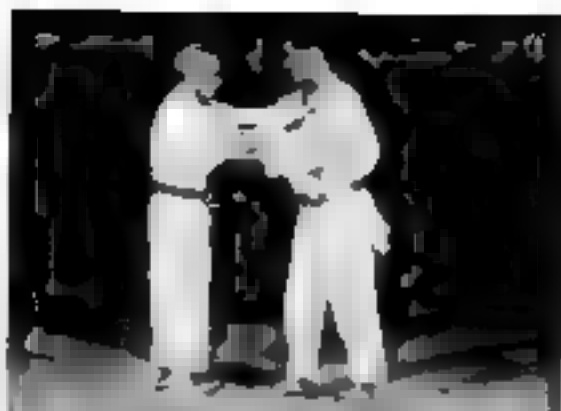
Practice of the forms

To exercise the practice as forms, both players stand face to face at a few meter's intervals in the natural proper posture, and exchange a bowing salute. Then gradually approaching grip each other in the right natural posture. They begin with *I ke*, and *Tori* will follow it ceaselessly according to movement of *I ke*.

◆ From *Seomage* (when dealer
to *Yokoguruma*)

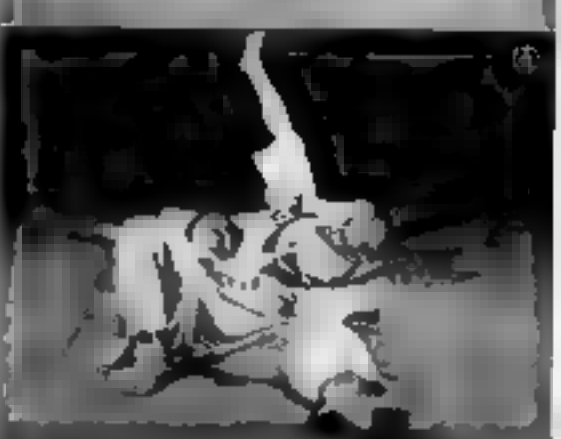
See this on the same page

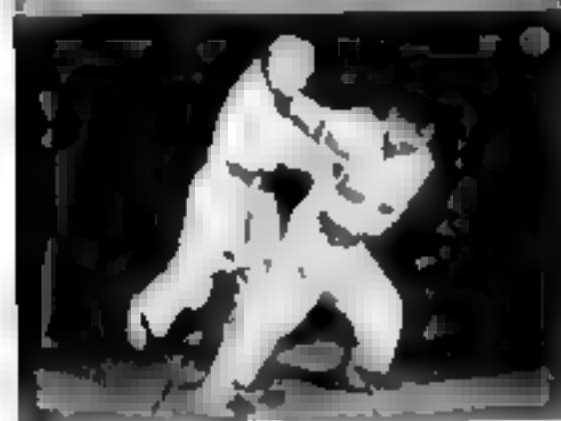
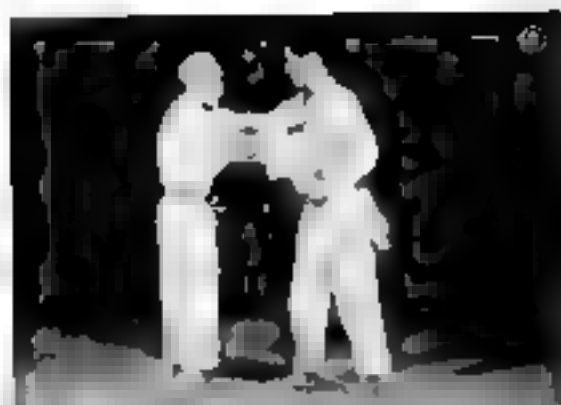
As *Seomage* he will step in the same posture as *Seomage* (from *Seomage*). Being under the back seat, the right leg slightly judges it himself, he thrusts the right leg into *Ukai's* high mark so use of *Ukai's* strength to put him down into the *Seomage* position. The movement of the body leaning downward. Then *Ukai* take the posture of the other movement take credit on the same judge of the right of *Ukai's* *gumaru*, the opponent will be down a *Seomage* in.



◆ From *Kataguruma* (when player
enters) to *Sumagashi*

As *Kataguruma* he will step in the same posture as under the back seat. He will stand on his lower end of the interior (high) of *Ukai's* right leg for control and to pose himself. He then will be thrust in his movement. The posture will be made the other way downward. Then *Ukai* take *Sumagashi* movement. As on the *Seomage* in the feet of *Ukai's* high mark, the other leg. And he other will be down a *Seomage* in.





From Taniotoshi when lead
or Kotsurigoishi

At the first Taniotoshi at the last step in the same position the moment the thrower is lifted to the right and then up, he right foot again is down on the floor, the other leg is also down on the floor. He is in the position of a wide stance.

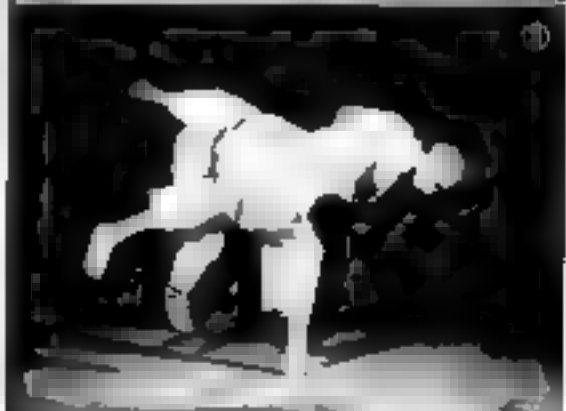
Remarks

At the moment of the throw the right hand is used to control the person as soon as possible over the top.



center *Obiotoshi* when player
opposed to *Ogaruma*

As shown in Fig. 1, the player grasps *Uchi* from right with the right hand & the left hand. He then moves the left hand up over the back of *Uchi* while stepping back to a stance on the side. The movement he does is called *Uchiotoshi* when used by *Uchi* as a *Uchi* or a quick wrist to the back of the left hand. The *Uchi* must be in a *Uchi*.





125. *Ashiwaza*

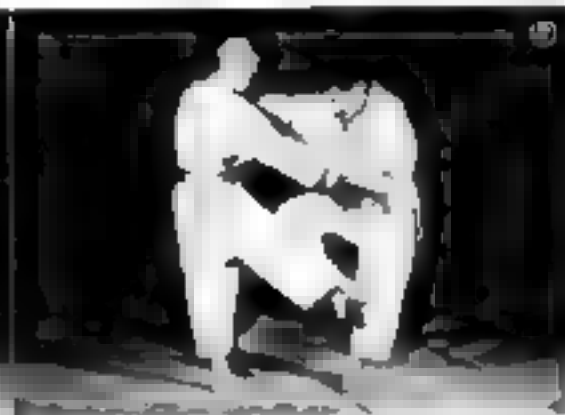
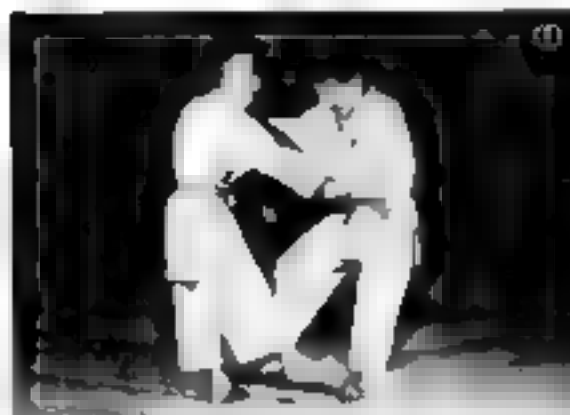
PIKE TRICK

From *Okurashibara* when
going to *Tsubamegashi*

As *Tsue* comes on and goes to the
right, *Yori* steps back and reaches over
the other's right leg with the right hand
and the other with the right arm over
his head and the other's arm is
in the air. As he reaches the
other's right arm, he is in a position
to move. The other's movement is
back, having been in other position.

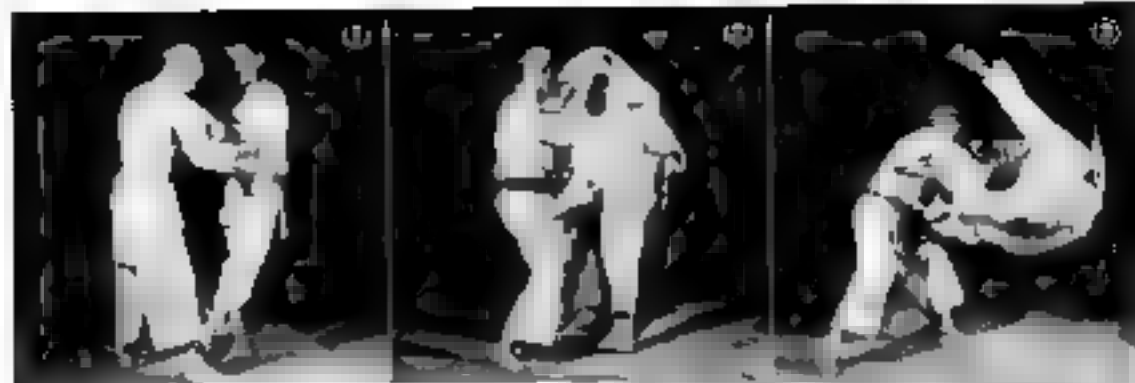


The other's right arm is in the air, reaching
over the other's head. The other's right arm
is over his head when he is in the
position. The other's right arm is
in the air, reaching over the other's
head. The other's right arm is in the
air, reaching over the other's head.



From *Kouchigan* when
to *Hizaguruma*

Tsue and *Yori* are at the right
nataru posture and *Tsue* reaches down
and break *Yori* up his right arm corner while
withdrawing the left foot one step to the rear.



From *Sasae-tsurikomoshi*
when dealt to *Sumotoashi*

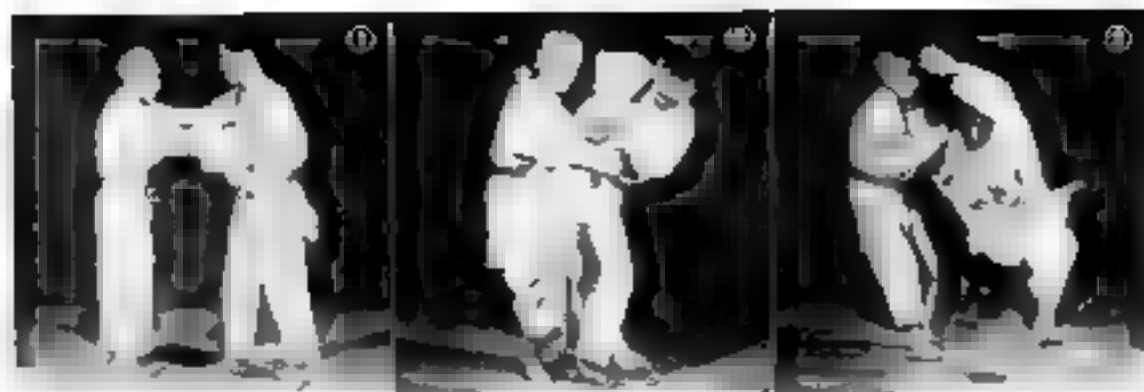
Both are in a *grip* in the right natural posture and *Tori* advances one step forward in order to *Tori's* movement. Then at the moment *Tori* tries *Hidari-tsurikomoshi* by 1. The moment *Tori's* left foot sole touches the lower end of the right leg when he tries *Sumotoashi* while removing the left foot the right foot other by lowering the body. And the opponent will be down splendidly the body falling the air 3.



From *Uchimata* when dealt
to *Taiotoshi* cutting the air

Both are in grips in the right natural posture and *Tori* tries to break the opponent's balance by inclining him to be in the left turning movement. Then according to this movement *Tori* will not adopt the left turning posture but at the 1st step he will try to deal *Uchimata* 1. *Tori* having read the opponent's mind at the 3rd step lets the other in the air by wanting off his leg 2. At his instant *Tori* adopts *Hidari-taiotoshi* 3. the opponent will be compelled to fall down rotating 4.





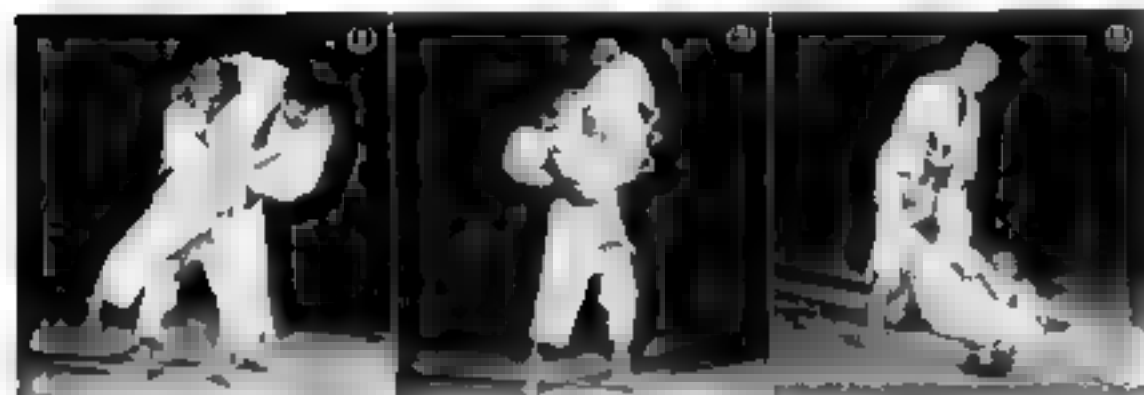
126. *Koshwaza*

(Waist trick)

From *Hanegoshi* when dealing
to *Kangoeshi* repulsive rearing.

Both are at grips in the right natural
posture and at the first step the other is an actor

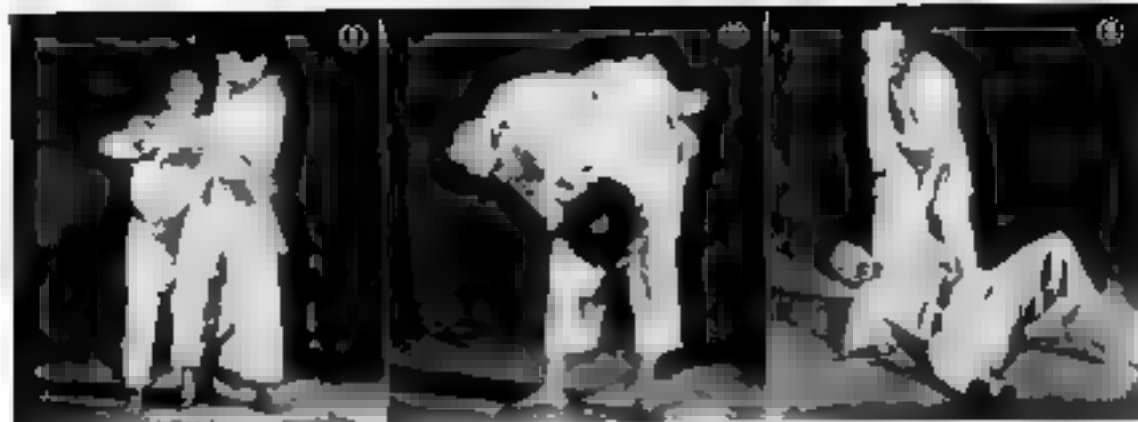
step by step in order to break him in his right
and support him at the back. He tries
to get the game by leaning the man. After
three steps. At this moment the man is
rearing up, the trick is completed.



From *Hanagoshi* when dealing
to *Ushirogoshi*

Both are at grips in the right natural
posture and at the first step the other is an actor

and back. This is the beginning of
the other, let it be and support it with
the man, lowering the man with a little
force strength of the lower arm. Then
the technique will be truly completed.

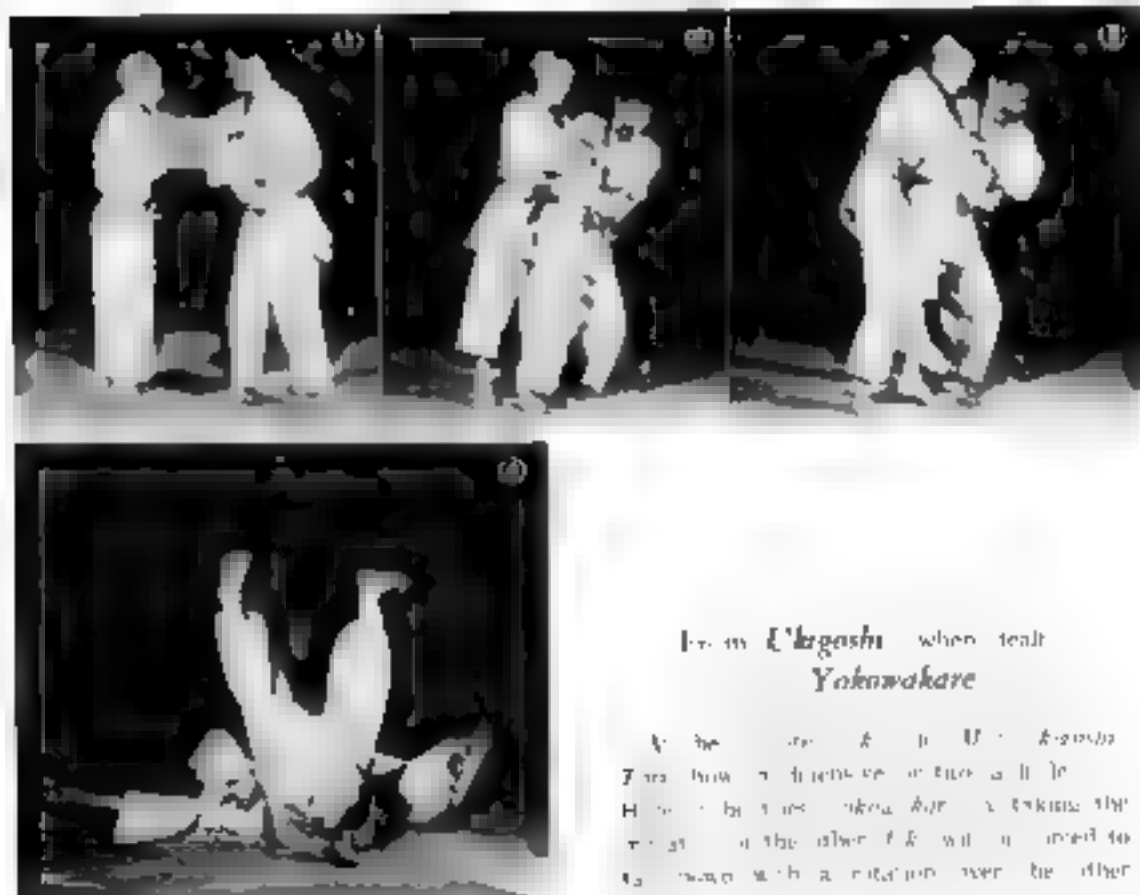


From *Hane-goshi* when dealt
w/ *Utsushigoshi*

Both moving in the above form of *Ik* uses right w.a. technique. *Tora* left foot lower and inner. *Tora* instantly embraces the other's

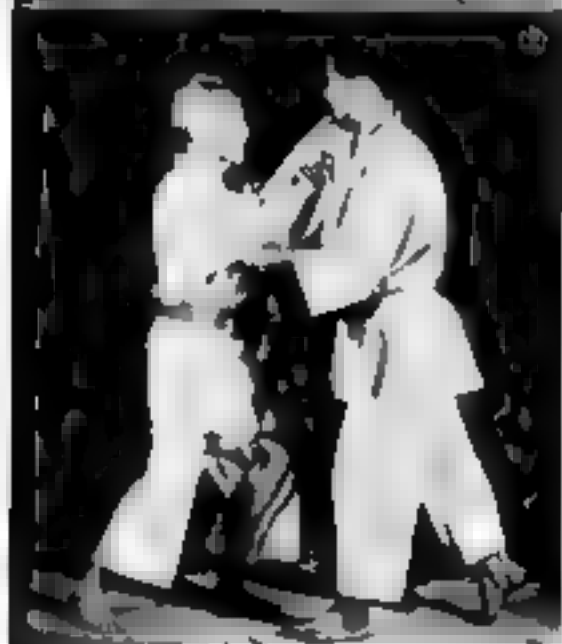
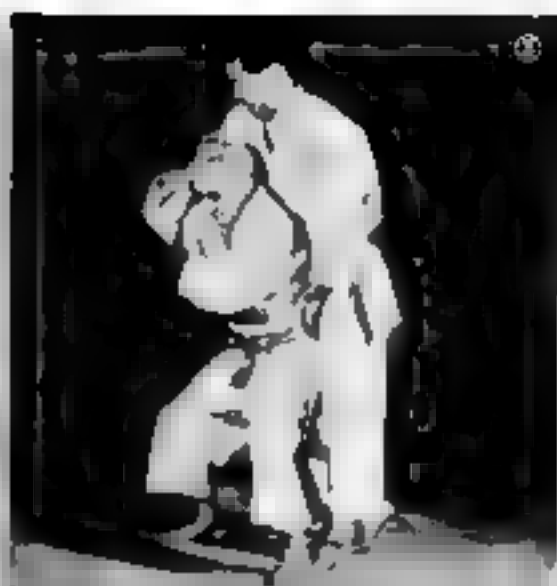
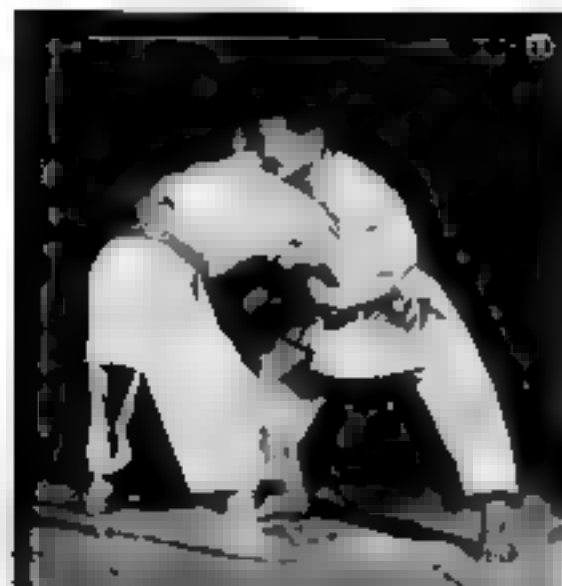
waist firmly and at the same time will remove *Ik* by *Hane-goshi* etc. *Tora* will use technique by the strength of his left lower abdomen as he swings him back.

As *Tora* begins his technique will set him back.



From *U'igashi* when dealt
Yakuwakare

As he is in *U'igashi* *U'igashi* *Tora* how to defend or throw him. He is by *Yakuwakare* taking the weight of the other *Ik* will be moved to the back with a rotation over the other's waist.



From *Ogoshi* (a four-arm grip) to *Ippon-Seonage*

The motion *Iki-ori* (Ogoshi) when both are in four-arm grips, when *Tori* uses his right hand on *Uke*'s right wrist upper armpit while holding *Uke*'s right arm under *Tori*'s left

armpit, for control and approaches the other by controlling the latter's right arm in the reverse way. So *Uke*'s body is forced to be erected. This instant *Tori* unhooks the hooked grasping hand and changes to *Ippon-Seonage*. Then the opponent will fall down (a) over the head.

GENERAL RESUSCITATION





127. Breath resuscitation

Purpose: Art of resuscitation applied to an expiring player

1. *Erikatsu* (lapel resuscitation)—1

Posture:

- (1) Seat *Uke* as shown in (1).
- (2) Lean him backward at an angle of 30°.
- (3) *Tori* supports him by putting the knee on the backbone.
- (4) As shown in (2), *Tori* clasps lightly the other's neck lapel with the thumb in the inside of lapel.
- (5) *Tori* puts both hands side by side with the fingers downward.

Resuscitation:

- (6) Press them down lightly at a stroke.

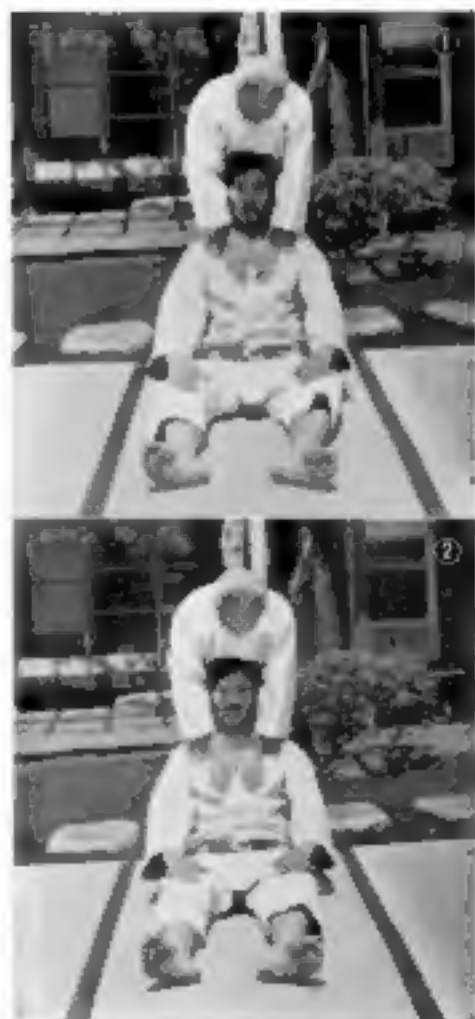
2. *Erikatsu*—2

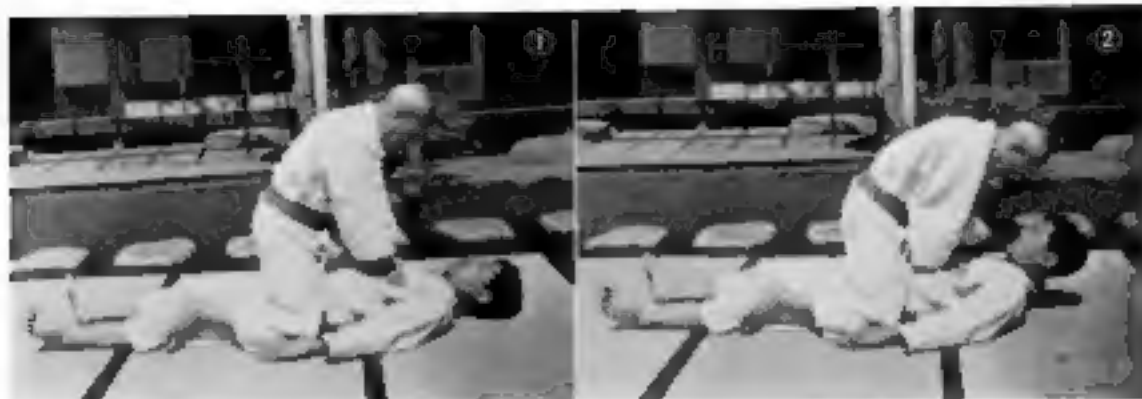
Posture:

- In (1, 2, 3), the way is the same with the above.
- (4) *Tori* puts the base of hand just on the lower end of the collar bone (1). The hand palms are put on the swelling breast with the fingers lightly apart as if covering the breast with the palms.
- (5) Bend over the breast as if the bodily weight were upon the hands (2).

Resuscitation:

- (6) Press them down lightly at a stroke.





3. Resuscitation to a player lying on the back.

Posture:

- (1) Lay down the player on the back.
- (2) *Tori* sits astride of him with one knee erected.
- (3) Hands are on the breast flatwise with the nipples peeping out between thumbs and pointing fingers.

- (4) *Tori* puts the bodily weight on the hands, giving strength to the finger tip as if wringing up the breast with the root of hand.

Resuscitation:

- (5) Press down the breast strongly to the region of stomach.



128. Testicles resuscitation

Purpose:

Art applied to a player falling into a swoon owing to the testicles being kicked.

Posture:

- (1) If the testicles are kicked up, by the effect of the sharp pain following, the surrounding regions will often get stiff reactionally. They are well massaged with the inguinal region as center.
- (2) *Uke* is seated (1) with the legs stretching out.

- (3) *Tori* thrusts the hands through the armpits and embraces him up and drops him down again and again (2, 3).

- (4) Or, *Tori* grasps firmly the hand on the side of the testicles kicked up, and hangs up the half part of body affected.

- (5) *Tori* kicks lightly the waist bone (4) with the foot sole (4), or strikes and rubs the testicles and returns them to the scrotum.



129. Drowned-body resuscitation

Purpose:

- (1) This is the resuscitation art applied to a person picked up from the water in a synoptic state.
- (2) Before everything water-disgorging art is given, and next breath resuscitation.
- (3) In many cases, the body is chilled to the bone, so always be mindful of warming it.

Posture:

- (1) Undress the body.
- (2) *Tori* makes *Uke* lie down over the knee (2).
- (3) Or, some strong person lies on the face, on whose back make *Uke* lie flat on the face.
- (4) Or, if a large vat is procurable, make straw fire, and on the vat the body is laid on the face for warming.

Resuscitation:

- (5) After rubbing well all parts of body, press the waist up to the stomach several times with the palms for water disgorging.
- (6) Or, shake the body, right and left.
- (7) Disgorge the body by rolling the vat.

Caution:

There is the possibility of resuscitation within 20 minutes since a man is drowned (viewed in medical jurisprudence).





General caution

When *Ike's* body is stiff, lay him on the back. *Tori* must rub down every part of *Ike* with the palms many a time, especially from the neck down to the femoral region in order to ease the stiffness of the body. (Resuscitation inducement)

Caution in application

- (1) When the bodily stiffness is well relieved, care must be taken in applying resuscitation, because too much strength in operation will impair the intestines.
- (2) When the stiffness of the head is so relieved as it rocks totteringly, it must be propped up by something against rocking. If not, in performing resuscitation there will be a fear of the neckbone dislocation, bone fracture, and the neck-marrow injury.

- (3) In case a player is in a swoon due to a severe contusion on the back head, there will often be not only the brain concussion, but also the neckbone dislocation, the neck-marrow injury, or sometimes the skull internal-bleeding. In such a case, no emergency operation should be given but lay and keep the body quiet, sending for the doctor immediately.

Caution after application

Though restored to life once, sometimes purplish color will remain on the lips and nails; the eyeballs are restless and the mind so perturbed, that a reply to an inquiry is mumble. In such a state, a continuous look-out must be kept.

THE END